"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Cloudy to-day; fair to-morrow; moderate west and northwest winds.
For full weather report see Page 18

VOL. LXII...NO. 20,220. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 4, 1913.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. | Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

TO HIT TOBACCO TRUST BY TAXING

McReynolds Proposes Graduated Internal Revenue Rates, Based on Production.

MIGHT SAVE INDEPENDENTS

Drastic Action Needed, as Officials Hold Dissolution Decree Legalized Trust's New Status.

MAY ATTACK OIL TRUST, TOO

Special Agents Report on Their Investigations of the Standard's Present Methods.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—In an effort to reach the different concerns which made up the former Tobacco Trust and are charged by independent companies with continuing their system of unfair and ruinous competition, Attorney General McReynolds intends to ask the Finance Committee of the Senate to amend the tariff bill so as to provide a graduated internal revenue tax on the production of the manufacturers, this tax to increase with the increased output of the factories. It is believed that by means of this change the independent tobacco manufacturers will be able to compete with the larger concerns which were formerly part of the combination.

It is stated that Mr. McReynolds holds that as a result of the so-called friendly decree dissolving the Tobacco Trust the trust was legalized in effect, and that the evils which caused the prosecution under the Taft Administration are now being continued in a different way. Mr. McReynolds, who was a special assistant to Attorney General Wickersham in the prosecution, disapproved of the dissolution decree and was not a party to it.

Independents Say Ruin is Near.

Since the new Administration came into power it has been besought by the independent tobacco men, who assert that the tobacco concerns that were formerly part of the American Tobacco Company are driving them out of business. The independents say they can hold out only a short while, unless the Government comes to the rescue. To wait for the courts to act, it is said, would involve too much delay.

The drastic proposition of Mr. McReynolds is designed to save time. It is believed that by asking the aid of members of Congress to give their views on the Underwood schedules.

"Now, don't misunderstand me," said Mr. Campion. "I think Miss Wilson is justified in using her influence in having so desirable an object as the transfer of this property attained. I hope she succeeds—we all do—but to do this she must commit the very offense which her father, the President, attacked recently as 'insidious' when applied to the solicitation of another character. She becomes a lobbyist.

"If this fair and most excellent daughter of the President gets this bill through, we will all praise her efforts and laud her skill, but why is it right to lobby for playgrounds and wrong to lobby for the protection of great industries that give employment to millions and sustain thousands of families?"

REBELS TAKE MATAMORAS.

Capture Mexican Town After a Nine-Hour Battle.

BROWNSVILLE, Texas, June 3.—While a few men still were offering firm resistance to the rebel troops of Gen. Lucio Blanco, Constitutionalist Commander in Chief of the State of Tamaulipas, at 10 o'clock to-night, Matamoras, Mexico, practically was in the hands of the revolutionists after a battle waged without interruption since 10:30 o'clock this morning.

Col. Eschasereta, with 100 volunteers, remnants of the Federal garrison, was making the last stand from the roof of the cathedral and theatre in Hidalga Plaza, but his subjection before morning was regarded as certain.

Early in the night flames in several parts of the city lighted the sky for miles and for a time it was feared the town was doomed. At 10 o'clock, however, the fire zones had decreased.

The toll of death on both sides was heavy. Major Estaban Ramos, Federal commander, was wounded early in the engagement. He was brought to a Brownsville hospital. His condition is reported as critical. Private Davies of the United States Cavalry was wounded by a stray shot when patrolling the border on the American side of the Rio Grande. Rumors were persistent that Miguel Barragan, Mayor of Matamoras, was shot and killed late to-day. That could not be confirmed.

MEXICO CITY, June 3.—President Huerta issued a decree to-day, in conformity with the recent action of Congress, fixing Oct. 26 as the date of the elections.

HUNT STANDARD ATTORNEYS

None Visible at Opening of Texas $99,000,000 Ouster Suit.

CORSICANA, Texas, June 3.—An argument as to whether any associates of Standard Oil attorneys were present opened the hearing, which began here to-day, to take testimony in the State's suit to heavily fine the Standard Oil Companies of New York and New Jersey, and certain stockholders of those companies, and to fine and oust from Texas, the Corsicana Petroleum Company and the Magnolia Petroleum Company, both of Corsicana. The two Texas companies were represented by counsel, but no special counsel appeared to represent the Standard. John D. Rockefeller, John D. Archbold, or other individuals against whom a judgment for almost half of the $99,000,000 penalties was sought. George C. Greer of Beaumont, a defendant, who is also an attorney in the case, said he did not represent the Standard. The State excepted to this statement. S. W. Marshall of Dallas, also denied appearing for the Standard.

Attorneys admitted that the bulk of stock of the Magnolia Petroleum Company was owned by John D. Archbold and H. C. Folger, Jr. of New York, as the State's petition asserted, but they said that Mr. Archbold and Mr. Folger held this stock merely as individuals, and that the defense would try to prove that these and other stockholders had neither violated any anti-trust laws or attempted to monopolize the oil business in Texas.

DUFFY AFRAID OF FRIDAY.

Policeman to be Tried as Graft Collector Watching Trial Date.

District Attorney Whitman announced yesterday that he was ready for the trial of Police Sergeant Peter J. Duffy, one of the alleged graft collectors of ex-Inspector Dennis Sweeney. The trial will be called before Justice Goff in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court this morning.

It developed yesterday, however, that Abraham Levy, counsel for Duffy, was busy with another criminal case in the Court of Special Sessions, and that this case could not be completed yesterday before adjournment of court. Mr. Levy told Mr. Whitman that he would ask for a postponement for at least a day on this account, and it is understood that Mr. Whitman will make no objection.

Duffy, it was learned, has no objection to starting the trial on Thursday, but is very much afraid of having it begun on Friday. The trial of ex-Patrolman John J. Hartigan, it was recalled, began on a Friday and ended in a two-and-a-half-year sentence to Sing Sing.

CARRY WATER 37 FLIGHTS.

Incident of Dispute Over Privilege in the Woolworth Building.

Supreme Court Justice Giegerich yesterday gave the Broadway-Park Place Company, which operates the Woolworth Building, until Monday to make its reply to the charge of giving a monopoly to the Virginia Bear Water Company of the business of supplying water to tenants. The plaintiffs in the suit are the Friesdedt Underpinning Company, which has rooms on the thirty-eighth floor of the Woolworth Building, and the Pine Hill Crystal Spring Company.

The suit began with an application made a week ago by James A. Beha, representing the plaintiffs, to the Supreme Court to enjoin the Broadway-Park Place Company from discriminating against the Pine Hill Crystal Spring Company. This water concern, it was charged, had been forbidden to use the elevators, and the water it has sold to tenants in the building had been carried by employes up the stairs. A daily ascent of the thirty-seven flights to the office of the Friesdedt Underpinning Company has been made by men carrying large bottles of spring water. According to the complaint, more than forty other tenants, who buy water from other concerns than the Virginia Bear Water Company, have their bottles of water carried up every day from two to thirty flights of stairs. The longest trip of these water-bearers is that of thirty-seven stories, and this, according to Mr. Beha, takes more than an hour to make.

The application for an injunction alleges that the Virginia Bear Water Company gives 40 per cent. of its gross sales to the corporation which runs the building in return for the exclusive use of the elevators.

Charles E. F. McCann, counsel for the Broadway-Park Place Company, denied yesterday that there was any 40 per cent. arrangement, but admitted that the company running the building received a share of the sales from the Virginia Bear Water Company. Mr. McCann said, however, that the Pine Hill Crystal Spring Company made a bid for the exclusive use of the elevators, and offered an even larger share of the sales than that now received from the other company. Mr. McCann added that the arrangement was for the benefit of tenants rather than for the profit there was in it, and that a monopoly of the drinking water business existed on similar terms in every large building in the city.

MISS WILSON A LOBBYIST.

Tariff Expert So Classifies Her in Jest Full of Praise.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 3.—When in this city yesterday Miss Margaret Wilson, daughter of the President, promised to use her influence to have the property of the Naval Home on Gray's Ferry Avenue turned over to the city for public playground and park purposes. That was asserted by Richard Campion, tariff expert, to constitute lobbying, the offense assailed by the President as pernicious when many Democrats were seeking the ear of members of Congress to give their views on the Underwood schedules.

"Now, don't misunderstand me," said Mr. Campion. "I think Miss Wilson is justified in using her influence in having so desirable an object as the transfer of this property attained. I hope she succeeds—we all do—but to do this she must commit the very offense which her father, the President, attacked recently as 'insidious' when applied to the solicitation of another character. She becomes a lobbyist.

"If this fair and most excellent daughter of the President gets this bill through, we will all praise her efforts and laud her skill, but why is it right to lobby for playgrounds and wrong to lobby for the protection of great industries that give employment to millions and sustain thousands of families?"

FIND EDITOR GUILTY IN PATERSON TRIAL

"Hostility to Government" Is Proved Against Scott, Who Inflamed Strikers.

CALL 44 TO BAR AT ONCE

Police Accuse Them of Unlawful Assemblage—Girl Picket Included in the Number.

Special to The New York Times.

PATERSON, N. J., June 3.—Alexander Scott, managing editor of The Passaic Weekly Issue, a Socialist publication, who has made many speeches to the Paterson silk mill strikers, was convicted this afternoon of writing and publishing an editorial article in his paper advocating "hostility to government," a crime under the statutes of New Jersey. Scott will be sentenced on Friday and Judge Klenert may fine him $2,000 or send him to prison for a maximum of fifteen years, or both. It is considered certain that Judge Klenert will not impose a maximum sentence, for the jury recommended mercy in the case.

Since the great silk-mill strike, which is conducted by the Industrial Workers of the World, started nearly four months ago Scott has been prominent among the agitators. His paper in every issue has been full from the first to the last page with articles, editorial and otherwise, praising the I. W. W. and its methods, and denouncing the silk-mill owners and the Paterson authorities, particularly the police. The number of The Issue that caused the indictment of Scott and his conviction to-day was a "Strike Special," and was printed and circulated on Friday, Feb. 28 last.

As soon as the Jury in the Scott case retired, which was precisely at noon today, Prosecutor Dunn called the cases of forty-three men and one girl, who were jointly indicted for unlawful assembly. Conviction for this offense may entail a prison sentence of from one to three years. The forty-four decided to be tried together. The result was that the State had to prosecute a single case in which more defendants appeared than ever before in the history of New Jersey. The attorneys for the defense said as soon as the jury was struck that every one of the defendants would take the stand before the defense rested.

Quick Trial for Scott.

The trial of Scott was one of the quickest in the history of Passaic County. The jury was drawn late yesterday afternoon. The taking of testimony began at 10 o'clock this morning. The case was in the hands of the jury at 3:00, and at 4 o'clock this afternoon Scott heard the jury announce that he was guilty of the offense charged in the indictment.

In opening for the State the Assistant Prosecutor, Munson Force, referred to the assassination of President McKinley and of the subsequent enactment because of that tragedy of the law under which Scott had been indicted. Mr. Force said the statute was enacted to prevent just such hostility to the law as the State charged Scott was guilty of in writing the editorial article called "Bimson the Boss Strikebreaker," which was the leading expression of opinion in The Issue of Feb. 28.

As soon as Mr. Force concluded Henry Carless of counsel for Scott arose and said that the defense would admit that Scott had written the article complained of, and that it was Scott who had it published. Mr. Carless said he was willing to save the State the trouble of having to prove the authorship of the article.

The article in question was then read in evidence by Mr. Force, in part as follows:

"The police of Paterson, headed by their brave Chief Bimson, have taken charge of Paterson and are running things to suit themselves. The halls of striking mill workers are raided, their meetings broken up, and helpless men, women, and children are brutally clubbed, cuffed, and manhandled right on the streets.

The mill workers of Paterson struck against the four-loom system which is grinding out their health and lives. They peacefully walked out of the mills and quit work. For doing this terrible thing the police of Paterson, at the behest of the manufacturers, rushed at the defenseless workers like a bunch of drunken Cossacks and savagely attacked them. Outside of barbarous Mexico and Russia there are few places that have witnessed such police brutality and lawlessness.

Called Police Anarchists.

Paterson was one famous as the City of the Reds, the home of anarchists. These anarchists talked a whole lot and made some noise, but they never harmed a hair on any one's head. Now Paterson has become infamous as the City of the Blues, the Utopia of brass-buttoned anarchists. These police anarchists, headed by the boss anarchist, Bimson, not only believe in lawlessness, but they practice it. They don't waste words with workingmen—they simply crack their heads. With them might is right. They swing the mighty club in the right hand, and if you don't like it you can get the hell out of Paterson. This is anarchism of the worst kind.

The police of Paterson are doing themselves proud as strikebreakers. Chief Bimson is priding himself on the fact that he has nipped the strike in the bud by spilling the blood of the mill workers. The Paterson police have become professional strikebreakers. The workers of Paterson pay the salaries of the police, and yet their hired servants turn upon them as strikebreakers. Will the workers of Paterson stand for this?

Suppose the manufacturers locked out the workers and closed their factories until the workers were almost starved to death. Would the police of Paterson rush into the rooms of the Silk Manufacturers' Association, break up their meetings, and crack the fat skulls of the manufacturers? Not so you could notice it. Why? Because money talks. And money owns the City of Paterson, including the police.

The editorial then refers to police affairs in New York, saying that the police in New York in the past had been handy with their clubs during strikes just as the Paterson police were, and continues:

This newspaper is for the working class. It will fight for them and back them up through thick and thin. The strike of the mill workers of Paterson is a matter between them and the manufacturers. Let the Paterson police keep their hands off. This is our final word to them.

Only two witnesses were called, both by the State. The first was James T. Parker, business manager of the company that prints The Issue, under contract. He said the company printed The Issue of Feb. 28. He identified the number in question and it was admitted in evidence.

The second witness was Police Captain John Tracy. He said that he was at a meeting of the strikers on Feb. 28 and that in the course of a speech made at that time Scott read the editorial article

Continued on Page 2.

Great Men Hail Kaiser as Peacemaker

Never before has any newspaper been able to announce such a distinguished list of contributors as those who will write exclusively for The New York Times next Sunday in honor of the twenty-fifth anniversary of the German Emperor's coronation. They include the King of Italy, the Duke of Argyll, Theodore Roosevelt, William H. Taft, Andrew Carnegie, Lord Blyth, Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, Sir Gilbert Parker, Herr Arthur von Gwinner, Alfred H. Fried, and Hugo Münsterberg. Be sure to order early NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

HAMERSLEY ESTATE GOES TO MALE HEIR

Trust of $7,000,000 Created in 1883 Upheld by the Court of Appeals.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 3.—The Court of Appeals handed down a decision to-day sustaining the validity of the trust in the will of Louis C. Hamersley, who died in 1883, leaving an estate which now amounts to $7,000,000. It refused to approve the contention of the executors of the will of Lily Warren Beresford, formerly Duchess of Marlborough, that the trust was void as violating the law against perpetuities in confining the succession to the male issue. The Duchess first was the wife of Hamersley. She afterward was married to the Duke of Marlborough, and then to Lord William Beresford.

Hamersley left a will, which was probated in New York County in 1886, by which he gave a life estate to his wife, who was twenty-five years old at the time of his death. The remainder, on the death of the wife, was to go to any male descendant of Hamersley, and if there was none to his cousin, J. Hooker Hamersley and to his male descendants. In default of such descendants the estate was to go to charity as elected by the widow.

Lady William Beresford died a few years ago without having made any disposition as to the estate's charitable uses. Hamersley left no son, but J. Hooker Hamersley died before the widow, leaving a son, Louis Gordon Hamersley, the defendant in the action, who claimed the principal of the trust. There were two daughters of J. Hooker Hamersley and other collateral relatives of the testator who demanded shares in the estate on the ground that the trust was invalid and that the property should be distributed among the heirs, as if Louis C. Hamersley had died intestate.

The action was for an accounting. It was begun by the executors of the will of the former Duchess. The issue of the validity of the trust was raised. The suit was tried before a referee, James L. Bishop, who held the trust valid and directed that it be turned over to the New York Life Insurance and Trust Company as guardian for Louis Gordon Hamersley. Mr. Bishop's decision was affirmed by the Appellate Division, Second Department, and now has been upheld by the State's highest court.

On Mr. Hamersley's death in 1883 the will originally was attacked by the relatives of his mother, who as Sarah Mason had brought to her husband the old John Mason Chemical Bank fortune. The Masons, however, accepted $110,000 and agreed not to reopen the contest in the life of Mrs. Hamersley, who had then become the Duchess of Marlborough.

Mrs. Hamersley, to whom the life interest in the estate was left, originally was Miss Lillian Warren Price of Troy. It was said after her death that she was a woman who married "a man for his fortune, a Duke for his title, and a hero for love."

Lady William Beresford, as she then was, died on Jan. 11, 1909. The Hamersley estate had increased in value in her hands, and she took every legal precaution before her death to make sure that her son, William Beresford, should inherit from her the addition in value to the estate since her husband's death.

The estate contest was reopened a few months later, when a suit was filed in behalf of young Beresford asking for an accounting from the New York Life Insurance and Trust Company of 52 Wall Street of certain interests which had accrued to him from his mother's clever handling of the property. Louis Gordon Hamersley, who, being the only son of J. Hooker Hamersley, under the will had become the sole heir, was one of the defendants in Beresford's suit. All others who might inherit shares in the estate if the suit were broken also became defendants.

The claimants represented many of the best-known families in New York society, including the Cuttings, Masons, Posts, Iselins, Wissmans, Carneses, Janes, Youngs, Langdons, Blagdens, and Fearings. The legal array was one of the largest and strongest ever seen at a single trial. It was said that only one prominent law firm failed to participate in the case.

The case was given to James L. Bishop as referee, and he adjudged the whole estate to be Louis Gordon Hamersley's. The ground for attacking the validity of the will was that it attempted to suspend the power of alienation beyond two lives, in violation of the New York law. That contention, however, was denied in the courts.

HOTEL EVICTS MRS. GRACE.

Learned She Was Not the Wife of C. H. Oldham.

Special to The New York Times.

DOWNINGTON, Penn., June 3.—Mrs. Daisie Ulrich Opie Grace, who was tried and acquitted on the charge of shooting her husband in Atlanta, Ga., yesterday was evicted from a hotel in Downingtown, Penn., after the proprietor had learned that she was not the wife of Charles H. Oldham, who was also at the hotel. To-day Mrs. Grace denied complicity in a situation wherein she might be criticised, and declared that she intended to be married to Mr. Oldham as soon as she obtained a divorce from Grace.

Oldham is Business Manager of the Chester Valley Electric Company. He arrived at the Swedy Hotel, Downington, about two months ago, and shortly after was joined by a woman who was known as Mrs. Oldham. A week or so ago there arrived at the hotel another woman who declared she was collecting historical data. She became quite friendly with the Oldhams. She was a detective, said to be in the employ of Grace, and was responsible for the fact becoming known that Mrs. Grace was not Oldham's wife.

The pair left the hotel immediately, as requested.

BURIED TO HER NECK IN JAMAICA BAY BOG

Old Mrs. Smith, Weighted with a Little Brown Jug, Had Been There All Night.

Gilbert Baylis, who lives on Three-Mile Creek, an arm of Jamaica Bay, was leaving his home to go to work about 5 o'clock yesterday morning when he heard faint cries coming from the bay. He made his way in the direction whence the cries came and presently, splashing ankle deep in mud and water, found himself on the outskirts of the marshes of the Jamaica Bay meadows. There, sunk almost to her neck in the slime and quicksand, he saw an old woman, feebly splashing about in the dark water with one arm, while with the other she hugged tightly to her a small brown jug. The jug, too, although she held it high, was partly submerged in the dark slime.

"Give me your jug; the weight of it is pulling you down," shouted Baylis.

The old woman turned her face toward him, and her small eyes twinkled with sudden life.

"No, Sir, I will not," she snapped shrilly. "It's been with me all night, and if I'm never going to get out of this place I'm going to take it down with me."

Baylis made his way back to solid ground, and, calling several neighbors, managed, with their help, to stretch a few planks across the quicksand and, after an hour's struggle, to drag the old woman upon them and out of the quagmire. She was too exhausted to walk. They carried her to a small boathouse, near by.

She insisted that she would presently regain her strength and be able to walk home and opposed all talk of calling an ambulance. But, after waiting several hours, Baylis saw she was getting weaker and telephoned to St. Mary's Hospital, five miles away, for an ambulance.

Dr. Charles K. Stark responded, taking with him in the ambulance a heavy pulmotor to help revive the patient. The old woman then was so weak that she could not be carried through the soggy meadows, and it was decided to put her in a rowboat in which the ambulance surgeon and the chauffeur rowed her to within a short distance of the stalled automobile ambulance.

Throughout the laborious trip, however, the old woman clung, with unabating pertinacity, to her small brown jug.

At the hospital she said she was Mrs. Clementine Smith, 69 years old, and that she lived with her son, Herman, at Springfield, L. I. On Monday evening, she said, she went out for a walk to a friend's house, carrying the little brown jug with her. The jug did not contain grape-juice.

The old woman remembered wandering off the road and presently finding herself splashing about in mud ankle-deep. She called for help, but only the croaking of frogs answered her, and the nasty, slimy water washed higher and higher over her. It became harder and harder for her to pull her feet out of the bog, yet she feared to stand long in one place lest the marsh engulf her utterly.

In the desperate floundering about in the chilling bog all through that night the little jug and its contents came in good stead, and it was for that reason that the old woman hugged the precious little burden so tightly when finally, toward daybreak, her rescuers found her.

The police tried last night to find the old woman's relatives, but at a late hour they had not succeeded. At the hospital it was said that she and her earthenware friend might be out in a day or two, and as well as ever, unless pneumonia sets in in one of them.

FIND STUDENT GIBSON DEAD.

His Body Floating in the East River —No Money in Pockets.

The body of Benjamin Chatham Gibson, a student of Teachers College of Columbia University who disappeared on May 24, was found floating in the East River yesterday, and was identified last night in the Harlem Morgue. The police know nothing which will help in any way in clearing up the mystery of Gibson's disappearance. Coroner's Physician Curtin of the Bronx, who examined the body, said that he found no marks of violence. Gibson, according to his friends, had about $10 in money and a little jewelry when he disappeared. Neither the money nor the jewelry was found on the body.

Gibson was 42 years old, and lived with his wife at the Bryn Mawr Apartments at 123d Street and Amsterdam Avenue. They had come from Owensboro, Ky., and Gibson was taking a course at Teachers College. He was a hard worker. The week before his disappearance he had been taking his final examinations for the year, and had been melancholy because he thought he had failed to pass in some important subjects.

He left his wife in their home on the morning of Saturday, May 24, saying he was going to the university to see about his studies for next year. He was last seen at 120th Street and Broadway by a student at about 10 o'clock on that morning. From that time his whereabouts had been a mystery.

BISHOP AIDS INJURED BOY.

Carries Indoors Child Struck by Miss Kneeland's Auto.

Special to The New York Times.

LENOX, Mass., June 3.—An automobile owned by Miss Adele Kneeland, of New York, in which she was riding with Bishop Thomas F. Davies of the Episcopal Diocese of Western Massachusetts, her guest, ran over Roland Dupont, 6 years old, son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Dupont, in Lee this morning. The boy's left leg was broken above the knee.

Bishop Davies carried the boy into the house of Mrs. Thomas Duffy, the child's grandmother, and there Miss Kneeland assisted in comforting the child until a surgeon arrived.

The boy was playing beside the road, and at the approach of the automobile tried to cross the highway in front of the car. Miss Kneeland had nurses sent to care for him, and promised every other aid to his recovery.

ANGOSTURA BITTERS, just what you need to tone up the system in the Spring.—Adv.

SAYS SUFFRAGETTES ATTEMPTED MURDER

Wilson Tells of Two Who Tried to Push a Magistrate Over a Cliff.

HE SENTENCED MILITANTS

Oxford Boathouse Burned with Eton College Shell—Row at Royal Academy.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, June 3.—A startling story about the late Sir Henry Curtis Bennett, the Bow Street police magistrate, is related by Harry Wilson, a solicitor practicing in Bow Street. Sir Henry told Mr. Wilson that he was walking along the cliffs at a seaside resort when he was suddenly seized by one of two women, who tried to push him over the edge. Fortunately he fell the other way; otherwise he would have been killed. When he regained his feet the women had gone.

After that occurrence, says Mr. Wilson, Sir Henry was very nervous, and on more than one occasion expressed fear and wonderment whether anything would happen to him at the hands of the suffragettes. In consequence of this adventure the magistrate was constantly guarded by detectives. In his official capacity Sir Henry had sentenced Mrs. Pankhurst and many other suffragettes.

Rough's boathouse at Oxford and its contents, including an eight-oar boat just completed for the use of Eton College at the Henley races, were completely destroyed by fire today. Two women were seen leaving the spot just before the fire broke out, and a notice fastened to an adjoining bridge read "Votes for Women! No Peace Till We Get the Vote!"

Several members of the Women's Social and Political Union created a scene at the Royal Academy this afternoon.

They obtained admission in the usual way, and assembled in one of the rooms which was crowded with visitors. There one of them mounted a chair and began an address on the suffrage question, while a banner was produced and small flags were waved. The address, however, was cut short by the arrival of the police, who escorted the women from the building.

PROTEST TO CUBA.

English, French, and German Envoys Demand Action on Claims.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, June 3.—Owing to reports that the new Cuban Administration was adverse to arbitrating the claims of England, France, and Germany against Cuba for damages done by insurgents during the uprising against Spain, the Ministers of these nations called on the Secretary of State this afternoon to learn the purpose of the Government's attitude and to insist on an early settlement.

The House tabled the Arbitration bill on Monday, owing to President Menocal's opposition. Menocal, it is said, is not opposed to the principle, but to the terms of the bill, which places all the responsibility on him.

FIRST EUGENIC WEDDING.

The Rev. Mr. Jackson, Who Made the New Rule, Officiates.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., June 3.—Miss Ethel Daniels Phillips, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Gorham Phillips of 171 Cooper Avenue, and Aubrey Luther Whittemore, son of Mr. and Mrs. Luther A. Whittemore of Rogers Park, Chicago, were married in the Christian Union Congregational Church to-night. The officiating clergyman was the pastor of the church, the Rev. Henry E. Jackson. Mr. Jackson recently announced that he would require the bridegroom in all marriage ceremonies that he performed to furnish a medical certificate, and the wedding was the first at which he has officiated under the new rule.

The maid of honor was Miss Margaret Cook Atwell of Sewickley, Penn.; Mrs. Royal Wilbur France of Port Washington, L. I., and Mrs. William H. Lee of Shamokin, Penn., were the matrons of honor. The bridesmaids were Miss Anna Paisley Shane of Cleveland, Ohio, and Miss Glenna Cunningham of Montclair. Miss Helen Blatchford of Toronto, Canada, a cousin of the bridegroom, was flower girl. The best man was Dr. Lawrence Whittemore of New York, brother of the bridegroom. The ushers were Charles Swayne Phillips and Stanley G. Phillips, brothers of the bride; William Hooper of Toronto, Canada, and Charles Hathaway of Chicago. Spencer Phillips and Haviland Mekeel of Montclair were ribbon boys. Miss Phillips was given in marriage by her father.

Following the ceremony there was a large reception at the Phillips home, which is opposite the church on Cooper Avenue. Nearly 400 attended the reception.

DEFECTS BAR FOUR MIDDIES.

Cannot Get Commissions as Ensigns —May Be Re-examined.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., June 3.—Four Midshipmen of the graduating class who are satisfactory in their studies will not be commissioned as Ensigns upon graduation because of physical defects, it was announced to-day, but will have a re-examination later if they desire it. They are Charles L. Austin of Pennsylvania, Charles L. Foutz of Ohio, Arvid Pendleton of New York, and Paul de V. Sleeper of New Jersey.

Two other members of the class may not graduate, their cases being in the hands of the Secretary of the Navy, but the names of these have not been given out.

WOODFORD AUTO KILLS MAN.

Ex-Ambassador's Widow Arrested After Fatal Accident.

BRIDGEPORT, June 3.—Charged with homicide, Mrs. S. L. Woodford, widow of the former United States Ambassador to Spain, was arrested to-day and placed under $2,500 bonds, because an automobile she was learning to drive ran down and killed William Stanhouser, a laborer, in Fairfield, near here.

The accident occurred at a dangerous curve. Mrs. Woodford lost control of the car and it struck Stanhouser, dragging him fifty feet, partly under the wheels. Mrs. Woodford's chauffeur also was arrested. They will have a hearing on June 9.

HAS A VACCINE FOR CANCER.

Dr. Schmidt Says He Has Proved Its Curative Value.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, June 3.—Far-reaching claims in connection with the treatment of cancer were put forward by Dr. Otto Schmidt at a session of the General Medical Society at Cologne.

He professed to have proved that cancer was an infectious disease, caused by a parasite which he had discovered, and for which he had prepared a curative protective vaccine. Dr. Schmidt closed his address with a demand that a commission be appointed to test his investigations and experiments.

STEAL $25,000 JEWEL BOX.

Thieves Take It Away on Presenting a Deposit Receipt.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 3.—Another daring jewel robbery has been added to the long list reported in the last few weeks.

A firm of London jewelers deposited at the King's Cross Railway station a heavy box of jewelry valued at $25,000.

By the employment of a messenger boy, who was a perfectly innocent agent, thieves got possession of the deposit receipt for the box. In the early hours of the morning a cab drove up to the station. The driver presented the receipt, and obtained the box, which has not since been traced.

FELL INTO BARREL OF TAR.

Scaffold Breaks and a Carpenter Tumbles Into Hot Mass—May Die.

Archibald Simpson, a carpenter, of 777 Elton Avenue, the Bronx, was working on a scaffold at the new High School Building in Lawrence, L. I., yesterday, when he stumbled and fell headlong. The scaffold was fifteen feet above a barrel filled with hot tar. Simpson turned in the air, striking the tar feet first, and sinking into the hot liquid up to his shoulders. The tar spattered over his head.

Other workmen ran to Simpson's assistance and, after pulling him from the tar, stretched him out upon the ground and poured over him two gallons of lubricating oil. An ambulance was summoned meantime from St. Joseph's Hospital at Far Rockaway. At the hospital it was two hours before Drs. Pepper, Hensel, Rausch, and Lakin, working with shear and forceps, could remove the tar. Simpson was so badly burned, according to the physicians, that recovery is doubtful.

WESTON JADED, BUT GAME.

Veteran Walker Makes Suffern—Resumes Chicago Hike To-day.

Special to The New York Times.

MOUNTAIN HOUSE, SUFFERN, N. Y., June 3.—Edward Payson Weston, the famous long-distance walker of America, who started from the plaza in front of the City College on Monday at noon to walk to Chicago over the Erie Railroad, a distance of 909 miles, arrived here this afternoon at 2 o'clock, having covered 40 miles. On account of the hot weather Mr. Weston decided it would not be advisable to go further to-day. He felt somewhat jaded, as he explained always had been the case on the second day after beginning his foot journeys, because of the reaction from the exertion.

Mr. Weston will start to-morrow morning at 3 o'clock for Goshen, a distance of 28 miles, and he expects to reach there by the middle of the afternoon. He is attempting to beat his former record walk to Chicago, which he made over the long route, 1,236 miles, in the Summer of 1909, in 36 days on his journey to the Pacific Coast.

750 THEATRES IN CHICAGO.

900,000 Persons See Moving Pictures There Every Day.

CHICAGO, June 3.—There are 750 theatres in Chicago and seventy-six others in construction, according to figures made public to-day by the Building Commissioner. Half of the amusement houses are used exclusively for moving pictures, and have seating capacities of 300 each or less, but the average capacity is 400, or a total of 300,000. There will be an added seating capacity of 300,000 when the new theatres are completed in the Fall.

It is estimated the daily attendance is 900,000.

ACCUSED OF $500,000 FRAUD

Cruchet, Indicted with Small in Mining Case, Arrested in Boston.

BOSTON, June 3.—A. Calvin Cruchet, Treasurer of the American Securities Corporation, was arrested to-day on an indictment charging him with using the mails to defraud in the sale of the stock of the Brooklyn-Arizona Mining Company. Frederick E. Small, jointly indicted with Cruchet, is under arrest at Prescott, Ariz.

It is alleged that the defendants disposed of $500,000 stock and used the proceeds for their personal benefit. Cruchet pleaded not guilty and was held in $15,000 bonds for trial.

WHEN YOU WANT DRINKING CUPS write to the Public Service Cup Co., Bush Terminal, Bklyn., makers of the "Lily" Cup, a sound, rigid, sanitary and economical cup. Samples sent free.—Adv.

TO STOP SELFISH TARIFF VOTES

Plan to Use Lobby Inquiry Record of Personal Holdings Against Senators.

AN ADMINISTRATION MOVE

No Senate Rule to Enforce Exclusion, but La Follette Precedent Will Be Urged.

SUBPOENA 50 WITNESSES

Supposed Members of Subar Lobby —Dinner-and-Theatre Lobby "Insidious," Says Kenyon.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—A high official of the Administration is authority for the statement that what has been considered an incidental feature of the lobby investigation by the Senate subcommittee may be used as a weapon for silencing the votes of particular Senators against items in the Tariff bill which the President particularly desires to pass.

According to this plan, when the vote is about to be taken on a closely contested rate the stenographic notes of the investigating committee will be read, showing some Senator's personal interest in the item at issue. The point will then be raised that the Senator has no right to vote for his personal interests.

If this plan be carried out, it would mean probably a negative gain of several votes on some of the most closely contested items of the Tariff bill. Senator Fall of New Mexico has told of his extensive sheep interests and Senator Warrenn will tell a similar story. Under the plan as outlined by the official, an effort will be made to prevent both these Senators from voting against free raw wool.

Senator Lippitt of Rhode Island this afternoon described his large holdings in cotton mills, Senator Catron of New Mexico owns a small lead mine, Senator Stephenson of Wisconsin has enormous holdings of lumber, Senator Jackson of Maryland, besides his lumber interest, has 1,000 shares of Steel stock. Many Senators have farms affected by the agricultural schedule, and their votes might be decisive on meats, cattle, flour, wheat, and the like.

When the plan was first mentioned it was thought that the rules of the Senate would forbid a Senator to vote where his personal interests were involved. It was found, however, that the rule referred to was in the manual o fthe House, and at that time was of very doubtful application to cases of this kind. Speakers have prevented a Representative from voting where he has been directly interested, for instance, on a motion affecting his right to a seat, but Speakers have disclaimed any authority to curtail the constitutional right of a Representative to vote. Most Speakers have left the question to the conscience of the member.

If the plan be put to the test in the Senate, it is believed that it will be done by trying simply to make the situation so unpleasant that the interested Senators will ask to be excused from voting. Unless excused the Senate truism will compel him to vote one way or the other. Senator La Follette, in the tariff struggle of 1909, asked to be excused from voting on the lead paragraph because he held a few shares in a lead mine. Mr. La Follette's example will undoubtedly be quoted as a precedent.

The first direct outcome of the secret information given by President Wilson to Senators Overman and Reed was the issuance to-night of subpoenas for more than fifty persons supposed to have been named by Mr. Wilson as composing the alleged sugar lobby. These subpoenas were placed in the hands of deputies of the Sergeant at Arms of the Senate, and the deputies were scurrying around Washington this evening in the effort to serve them.

Among those subpoenaed are Henry G. Oxnard, identified with the beet sugar interests; Frank C. Lowry of New York, Secretary of the Wholesale Grocers' Committee which has been charged with working for free sugar in the interest of the Federal Sugar Refining Company and other refining concerns; Truman G. Palmer of Washington, sugar statistician, and others known to be connected with the Domestic Sugar Producers, the name under which all the interests opposed to free sugar have conducted a publicity campaign against the proposed changes in the sugar schedule.

Buford Lynch, who came into notice recently in connection with the effort of Frederick H. Allen of Westchester County, New York, to be appointed Ambassador to France, was subpoenaed also.

All these witnesses are summoned to appear before the committee after next Friday, when the committee expects to conclude its examination of Senators.

SCORES "SOCIAL LOBBYING."

Bears Out Wilson Charges, Says Kenyon—Inquiry Uncloaks No Offenders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—The search for members of the "numerous and insidious lobby" denounced by President Wilson proved as fruitless to-day as yesterday. Senator Cummins of Iowa, author of the resolution directing the investigation and a member of the Senate sub-committee making the inquiry, openly expressed annoyance at the little headway made, and intimated strongly that he thought it time that some substantial evidence in support of the President's charges should be forthcoming.

Interest in the investigation had declined, and only a few loungers about the Capitol listened to-day while Senators told how much they had invested in industries mentioned in the Tariff bill, denied that they had made special pleas to protect those industries, and swore that they knew of no lobby in the offensive sense.

"Social lobbying" in Washington justified every word that President Wilson uttered in regard to the presence of an "insidious" lobby at the capital, Senator Kenyon of Iowa declared. It was the first unequivocal statement in support of the President's attitude since the inquiry began.

The Iowa Senator explained that he believed the most "insidious" and powerful lobbying possible was the practice of flattering Senators by having them out to dinners, to theatres, and on automobile rides, ingratiating the host

with the distinguished guests. Pointing to the sworn testimony of Edward Hines, "a lumber king," at the Lorimer election investigation, that he entertained Senators at a local hotel at dinners at a time when the lumber schedule in the Payne-Aldrich bill was before the Senate, Senator Kenyon declared that it was his belief that Senators were being entertained in this "insidious" way at present.

He also denounced ex-Senators for capitalizing their privilege of the floor by using it to lobby. Referring to one ex-Senator representing many railroads in Washington and often seen on the floor of the Senate, he advocated the enactment of legislation to prohibit an ex-Senator from being a lobbyist.

Mr. Hughes and the "Lobby."

The testimony of Senator Hughes of New Jersey, a close friend of the President's, who has been referred to repeatedly as the President's spokesman in the Senate, had been awaited with interest. Mr. Hughes denied that he knew what the President meant by a lobby. In fact, he had not read the President's statment. He knew nothing of an improper lobby, and said that standards of legislative propriety were much higher in Washington than in legislative assemblies elsewhere.

"These people," said Senator Nelson of Minnesota, a Republican member of the committee, "presented you with arguments. Did they present anything else?"

"I must confess they did," replied Mr. Hughes, while the committee laughed. "One man left with me a cake of scented soap. Another was rash enough to leave a sample hat that fitted me, and another left a razor. But I'll not vouch for the razor, because when I tried to shave it would not cut."

Mr. Hughes was the first Senator to express the belief that more representatives of affected interests were in Washington now than came here when the Payne-Aldrich bill was under consideration. But he explained that he was then in the minority of the House and not a member of the Ways and Means Committee in control of the bill.

"I made one short speech," said Mr. Hughes, "and spent the rest of my time at the horse"—he checked himself, then added with a laugh "at baseball. But for the last six weeks while I have been working on the Tariff bill as a member of the Finance Committee, my position has been most unfortunate. I haven't had time to open my mail; I've even stopped reading telegrams, and I haven't been outside my office. But I am convinced there is a great number of persons here interested in legislation."

If the President gave Chairman Overman a list of lobbyists, or supposed lobbyists, Mr. Overman has made little use of it in examining Senators. To-day for the first time he asked if a particular man had approached a Senator. The question was put to Mr. Hughes and referred to H. Yt. Alexander of Trenton, in the President's State of New Jersey. Mr. Hughes replied that Mr. Alexander had been a newspaperman in Trenton and lately had been interested in opposing the investigation of the West Virginia coal strike. Mr. Hughes thought he was a candidate for some office.

Mr. Cummins Impatient.

"What I want to know," said Senator Cummins, "is: "Where is this lobby to which the President referred? We have Senators here, and they say they have seen these gentlemen and those gentlemen and that they were properly interested in the subjects they discussed. But where are these the President described? What persons who have seen you fit the description of the President's statement?"

"You can see," said Mr. Hughes, "what an awkward position that question puts me in."

Mr. Hughes's reply encouraged Mr. Cummins to hope he was at last on the trail of iniquitous lobbyists, and when Mr. Hughes remarked that he would recite an incident if the committee would not insist upon the name of his caller, Mr. Cummins said that Mr. Hughes's nameless caller evidently was just the man the committee was looking for.

"Well," said Mr. Hughes, "when I was asleep in my hotel a man by some mistake was shown up, and when I awoke he was sitting on my bed. He said that Representative Mitchell Palmer had made a mathematical error in the Tariff bill. I wanted him out of the room and assured him that correcting mathematical errors was the easiest thing I did. But I tell you, Senators, he oughtn't to have sat on my bed."

Mr. Hughes said the Finance Committee would make greater progress with the Tariff bill if 85 per cent. of the callers were excluded. Some of his most insistent visitors he added, had been labor men.

The most sweeping denial of the existence of a lobby came from Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania. On the floor of the Senate last week he said that he could tell a lobbyist as far as he could see one, but to-day he told the committee that lobbyists were things of the past. There had not been a lobby here, he said, in twenty years. The steel and coal interests of Pennsylvania, he said, had drifted away more than ten years ago from the custom of keeping representatives regularly in Washington. He knew of no regular representative of the wool manufacturers, he said, unless it was Winthrop L. Marvin of Boston, but his work was perfectly legitimate.

"It is well known that certain interests have agents here," said the Senator, "and I suppose they are paid salaries. They evidently get information for their organizations. Their work is perfectly legitimate. I have seen Mr. Burgess for the pottery interests here for years, and Mr. Brown for the cotton people. Their work is perfectly legitimate as far as I know."

Mr. Penrose thought that only 40 per cent. of the number of persons who wanted to be heard on the Payne-Aldrich bill were in Washington now in regard to the Underwood bill.

Some Interests of Senators.

Senator Penrose said he had some shares in the United States Sugar and Land Company at Garden City, Kan., but he did not paint a flattering picture of it. Senator Fall of New Mexico said he was a large owner of cattle, horses, sheep and coal. Senator Gronna of North Dakota said he had a farm of 9,000 acres, was interested in the tariff on farm products to that extent, and had opposed Canadian reciprocity. He was also interested in banks and supposed the income tax would reach him.

Senator Lippitt of Rhode Island testified readily as to his large cotton interests and the effect of the tariff on them. Mr. Reed of Missouri, a Democratic member of the committee, tried to draw from him damaging admissions as to the part he had played in the passage of the Payne-Aldrich bill, but Mr. Lippitt answered that he had come to Washington first, before he was a Senator, as a member of a delegation of cotton men, and later, at Senator Aldrich's request, to serve as an expert in interpreting certain features of the Payne-Aldrich measure. Mr. Lippitt denied that he had given advice in framing the bill and said he simply had been consulted as an expert.

Common stock of the Manville Cotton Company, of which he was manager, had gone down probably 50 per cent. as a result of the present threatened tariff reduction, Senator Lippitt said.

Senator La Follette testified that he was interested in the publication of a weekly paper, owning most of the stock, but said he did not believe it would be affected by any item in the tariff bill. He said he owned a farm and an interest in some zinc bearing lands in Wisconsin, which, since the Payne-Aldrich law, had been producing a small royalty. In response to letters from zinc land owners in his State, the Senator said, he asked Senator Stone recently if it would be advisable for them to come to Washington to present their views against a reduction in zinc tariff rates. As a result he wrote them not to come, as it probably would do no good.

Four years ago, Senator La Follette said, he was interviewed in regard to hides, the interviewer informing him that he already had engaged a page or two of advertisement in his magazine.

"I told him if he didn't hurry to the telegraph office it would beat him in ordering a cancellation of his advertisement," declared the Senator.

Replying to questions about persons being maintained in Washington to look after legislation, Senator La Follette said the American Federation of Labor and the Seamen's Union kept men here.

"Under my definition of the term, that is lobbying," he declared. Indian interests, he said, kept others here, his understanding being that there was an organization of lawyers in Washington that worked up claims. He said he had felt the influence of that organization in Wisconsin Indian matters.

Lobbying "Coarser" Once.

"Years ago lobbying was of a 'coarser kind' than at present," the Senator told the committee. "The old bargain-and-sale method is out of date. Later the interests elected men to look out for them from the inside. In the last six or seven years the representatives of the special interests have fast disappeared.

"A legislator should stand in the same attitude as a Judge. I would make it an offense to speak privately to a Member or Senator about public business."

Several Senators let it be known that they had received by registered mail what purported to be a reproduction of a letter from the American Cane Growers' Association of the United States sent to members asking for contributions to a fund for the use of "a large committee in Washington." The letter did not appear in the lobby investigation to-day, but probably it will be read before the hearing is concluded.

RAW FOOD MATERIALS FREE.

Sub-Committee Votes Against Duty on Cattle, Wheat, and Oats.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—President Wilson is showing a lively interest in a tangle over differentials in duties on certain agricultural products. The President's attitude is that there must be no tax on the breakfast table, and to that extent he favors the provision of the House bill leaving meat, flour, and oatmeal on the free list. The trouble comes from the fact that the House bill puts a duty on the raw materials from which these products are made—cattle, wheat, and oats.

Senator John Sharp Williams's subcommittee, which has charge of the agricultural schedule, is determined that the finished product shall not have a lower duty than the raw material. The report went out last night that the subcommittee had decided to equalize the differences by imposing levies on the finished products. That report alarmed the President, and this morning he made his position clear to Chairman Simmons of the Finance Committee. As a result the sub-committee voted late to-day to place livestock, wheat, and oats on the free list.

"The matter is settled now," said Senator Simmons, "and that is the way the schedule will go to the Senate."

The inquisitorial clause of the Underwood bill, which aroused foreign protest, has been giving the Williams subcommittee considerable trouble, and, in trying to work out a modification of its provisions, they have had the aid of Secretary McAdoo, Secretary Bryan, and John Bassett Moore, Counsellor of the State Department. It is now proposed to give the Secretary of the Treasury the right to proclaim values and, if foreign manufacturers protest against a valuation, require them to submit their books, showing cost of production and foreign value of the goods in dispute. This would remove the objection to the inquisitorial clause.

The proposal to place for the first time in the country's history a tariff on raw or undressed furs has aroused loud protests from furriers, and the sub-committee, headed by Senator Johnson, which has the sundries schedule under consideration, is studying the situation. The Underwood bill proposes a rate of 10 per cent. on raw furs. One brief filed with the committee by Joseph Ullman of New York stated that a duty, no matter how small, on raw furs, would completely destroy an international trade which United States fur merchants have built up. Fur skins are free in all foreign countries, except Russia, which has a very small specific duty by weight.

The brief set forth that under the most favorable circumstances the estimated amount of revenue from such a duty, which the Ways and Means Committee put at $1,400,000, would fall decidedly below one-half of this amount and insisted that the tariff would result in a loss to American merchants of $6,000,000 annually.

It was reported to-night that the subcommittee considering the income tax has about decided to amend the bill so as to give genuine mutual life insurance companies exemption.

Automobiles costing not more than $2,000, it was learned to-night, will be taxed 30 per cent. ad valorem, instead of 45 per cent., as in the Underwood bill. This will be in the report of Senator Stone's sub-committee. All automobiles costing more than $2,000 the sub-committee graded as luxuries, and on them the 45 per cent. rate will be retained. Cars worth $2,000 or less the sub-committee classed as necessities.

COHALAN CHARGES TO-DAY.

Understood Bar Association Will Consider Them at Meeting.

In spite of the secrecy which envelops the proceedings of the Committee on Grievances of the Bar Association, it is understood that at its meeting this afternoon the charges which have been publicly made by John A. Connolly against Justice Cohalan, and the reply which he has made to them, will be considered.

Several leading members of the Bar Association had hoped that Gov. Sulzer would see his way clear to give them a lead. But so far the Governor has refused to act, and his friends at Albany represent him as watching the case closely, but not yet convinced that he is called upon to intervene.

Those who have been considering the Connolly charges from the political point of view have wondered that the Justice seems to have had no assistance from Charles F. Murphy and Tammany Hall. As in his explanation the Justice made the statement that he, a man of admittedly moderate means, had felt himself impelled during the political campaign of 1910 to return to Connolly nearly $4,000, which he had legitimately earned, to prevent a personal attack confusing the issues of the election, it has been thought significant that the leader of his party has not come forward to back up this tale of sacrifice.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 3.—Gov. Sulzer signified again to-day his entire willingness to take up the charges against Justice Cohalan when they should properly come before him. Until such time he does not care to discuss the matter. He still believes that the preliminary action should be taken by the State Bar Association or the District Attorney of New York.

Frederick E. Wadhams, Secretary of the State Bar Association, is absent in Montreal arranging for the meeting of the National Bar Association. At his office it was said that the State Bar Association acted independently of the New York Bar Association, and that it was not likely that the city association would make any recommendations to the State association. Therefore the only way in which the charges would come before the State association would be through its Grievance Committee, to which complaint must be made. This committee consists of twenty-seven members. John H. Burke of Ballston Spa is its Chairman.

"BIG TIM" MUCH IMPROVED.

Sheriff Harburger Says His Old Friend Is on Way to Recovery.

"Big Tim" Sullivan is rapidly regaining his full health on his brother's farm in Westchester County, and within two or three months should be able to resume the complete conduct of all his affairs, according to Sheriff Harburger. Sheriff Harburger discussed yesterday a visit he had made to Mr. Sullivan on Monday.

On Monday Mr. Sullivan expressed an earnest desire to see his old friend and sent a motor car down to the Sheriff's office, 299 Broadway, to bring Sheriff Harburger to see him. The Sheriff responded at once. He said he talked with Mr. Sullivan for two hours. They discussed matters going back as far as 1886, the Sheriff said. He found Mr. Sullivan in surprisingly good health and keenly interested in all sorts of subjects. He said that Mr. Sullivan is now a regular reader of the newspapers and discussed all the leading topics of the day.

Mr. Sullivan was elected to Congress from his old Bowery district last Fall, but his ill health and the appointment of a committee of his person and property prevented his taking his seat. Sheriff Harburger said that he would take up his Congress duties without fail within two or three months.

DEPARTMENTS HIT BY SULZER VETOES

Officials Who Oppose Governor's Primary Bill Feel Sting of Lost Appropriations.

EMERSON ROAD BILL SIGNED

Reported That Adirondack Senator Will Change His Vote—Direct Tax Is Vetoed.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 3.—Gov. Sulzer to-day announced the concluding action taken by him on thirty-day bills. He vetoed items in the Appropriation bills amounting to $3,149,511. These vetoes affected the State Conservation Commission, and the departments presided over by Attorney General Carmody, Secretary of State May, Fire Marshal Ahearn, and Controller Sohmer, all of whom oppose the Governor's Direct Primary bill. As a result of the vetoes numerous offices under the Conservation Commission are practically wiped out, the Governor abolishing the salaries.

As a sort of off-set to this severity, the Governor signed the Emerson-Prime appropriation for expedited highways in the Adirondacks. Senator Emerson, the sponsor of the measure, voted against the Governor's Direct Primary bill, but is said to have experienced a change of heart.

The Governor vetoed the bill for a direct State tax to meet the sinking fund requirements. He signed the bill for the organization of a colored battalion of the National Guard in New York City. He vetoed four Tammany bills affecting the Department of Education of New York City. He halted the work of eliminating grade crossings by striking out appropriations for that purpose totaling $600,000. He vetoed the Automobile License bill.

Gov. Sulzer gave out a statement showing the total appropriations for the general expenses of the State Government to be $48,168,890. Last year the total was $45,558,598, the increase this year being $2,610,292.

Conservation Commission Hit.

By the vetoing of the items in the annual Appropriation and Supply bills to the amount of $3,149,511, the department most serious affected is the State Conservation Commission, created by an act passed in 1911 by the Democrats, and regarded by Gov. Dix as the most important constructive measure of his Administration.

The Conservation Commission loses its three deputies—Charles H. Jackson, Thomas H. Guy, and Joseph J. Fox. They had been paid $3,500 a year; the Legislature raised the salary to $5,000. The Governor vetoed the entire allowance for salaries, thus practically wiping out the office of deputy.

Another official of the Conservation Department to feel the effect of the veto is ex-Senator Edwin Bailey, Jr., of Patchogue, whose salary as supervisor of marine fisheries also was raised to $5,000. The Governor vetoed the item, and if Mr. Bailey continues in the service he must do so without pay. Mr. Bailey is in sympathy with Tammany. Deputy Supervisor Fogarty of Brooklyn also is left without salary, the item of $3,000 for his benefit being vetoed.

The Conservation Department asked for total appropriations of $600,000. This was cut down, on the recommendation of the Governor's Commission of Inquiry, to about $250,000. The Legislature restored $200,000 of the amount cut out, and the Governor cut off the amount added.

The bill for a direct State tax of eight-tenths of a mill, which the Governor vetoed, was intended to raise about $9,000,000 to meet the sinking fund installment, and a portion of the necessary general fund for the year beginning Oct. 1. The Governor also vetoed the separate bills providing for installments for the various sinking funds. By doing this the Governor leaves no provision in law for this year's share of the sinking funds which secure the State bonds. As a reason he declares that there is an excess now in the sinking funds of more than $17,000,000, and that it is unnecessary to increase these funds at the present time. He urged the Legislature to permit the withdrawal of about $17,000,000 from the sinking funds to pay sinking fund installments and general expenses. The bill embodying this scheme was passed by the Senate, but not by the Assembly. The Governor's action to-day will make it necessary for the Legislature to again consider the sinking fund problem at the extra session to meet this month.

Money for Mountain Roads.

The Emerson-Prime bill, which the Governor signed, gives more money for expedited State highway routes in Warren and Essex Counties. This measure was opposed by counties which had not had a State route allowance, although Warren and Essex had had their full quota. When Senator Emerson came to Albany three weeks ago he had an interview with the Governor, and at its close he said the Governor had told him that he need not expect favors from the Executive Chamber unless he was prepared to vote for the Governor's Direct Primary bill. A week later the Senator saw the Governor again in relation to the road bill, and the Executive said he would be guided by the judgment of Highway Commissioner Carlisle. The plan was approved by Mr. Carlisle, and the Governor signed the bill. So far as known here, Senator Emerson has not announced what his course will be when the Governor's primary bill comes before the Legislature again, but it is stated on authority from the Warren County Republican headquarters that he will change from the negative to the affirmative.

One of the bills signed on the last day allowed by law was Senator Boylan's, providing that in cases where shares of stock are issued without designated money value the stock transfer tax shall be two cents for each share transferred. The bill also requires the filing with the Controller of certificates of all shares transferred, with the names and addresses of the persons engaging in the trade. Officials of the Controller's office estimate that the new law will increase the stock transfer tax at least $1,000,000 a year.

The signing of the bill which directs the organization of a colored battalion of the National Guard in New York City was not influenced by the officials of the guard. In fact, they were opposed to the plan. The Governor listened to the negroes who urged the enactment of the bill, and said he believed that justice to the negro demanded the action. He said that for twenty years the negroes had tried to obtain this legislation. The Governor was convinced of the availability of colored troops by their conduct in the Spanish war.

Tammany School Bills Vetoed.

Four bills introduced by Assemblyman McKee providing for New York charter amendments affecting the Department of Education, were vetoed, presumably on the ground that the General Home Rule bill passed at the recent session gives the city the power to deal with this situation. The bills were urged by Tammany, and were intended to curtail the power of the Superintendent and to give the Board of Education and its President more power over the department.

The Governor vetoed an item of $2,000 for personal expenses and counsel fees for Henry Salant of New York, Progressive, who was unseated as Senator by the Senate in favor of George W. Simpson, a Democrat. The Governor says Salant "has already received a large amount of salary for an office to which he was not elected."

WON'T DISTURB GOETHALS.

Metcalfe Appointment a Surprise—Curious Political Story.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—No other piece of recent political news has attracted so much interest in Washington as the statement contained in a Washington dispatch printed in THE NEW YORK TIMES to-day that Richard L. Metcalfe of Lincoln, Neb., editor of Bryan's Commoner, would be appointed Governor of the Panama Canal Zone with a salary of $14,000 a year. The statement was confirmed officially at the White House. Mr. Metcalfe is to succeed Maurice H. Thatcher of Kentucky as the sole civilian member of the Canal Commission, who by virtue of his duties as civil administrator of the zone receives the complimentary title of Governor.

Much of the interest in THE TIMES story arose from the understanding that it was through the influence of Secretary Bryan that President Wilson decided to appoint Mr. Metcalfe to this lucrative and important position, which is regarded as one of the choicest bits of patronage at the disposal of the President. But the interest was greater in the effect Mr. Metcalfe's appointment would have on the fortunes of Col. George W. Goethal's, chief engineer of the canal.

It was explained officially to-day that President Wilson had determined not to take advantage of the law authorizing him to reorganize the Canal Zone administration until after the canal had been completed, so that the engineer officers of the present Canal Commission might have opportunity to enjoy the fruition of their service. Nothing came to light to-day to indicate what the Administration's plans were for Col. Goethals after he had concluded his great engineering feat.

Denials were made authoritatively to-day that there was any politics in the selection of Mr. Metcalfe. His selection was a surprise, as it was not known that Mr. Thatcher was to be displaced. For several weeks there had been rumors that Mr. Metcalfe would be made Governor-General of the Philippines, a place which has a salary of $20,000 and is the greatest office the President has in his power to bestow, so far as compensation, powers, and honors are concerned.

The story came out to-night that Mr. Metcalfe was offered, but declined, the nomination for Vice-President on the Progressive Party's National ticket last Summer, as running mate for Theodore Roosevelt. When the Progressives were meeting at Chicago last June a committee, consisting of two New Yorkers and a Pennsylvanian, was delegated to go from that city to Lincoln to offer this nomination to Mr. Metcalfe. But when the proposition was broached to Mr. Metcalfe he declined to heed it. He had already declared strongly for Woodrow Wilson.

Col. and Mrs. Goethals Start Home.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PANAMA, June 3.—Col. George W. Goethals and Mrs. Goethals sailed this afternoon on the United Fruit steamer Pastores for New York.

RACE BET TEST SUBMITTED.

Court of Appeals to Pass on Legality of Oral Wagers.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 3.—The question of the legality of oral betting at racetracks was submitted to the Court of Appeals to-day without argument. The case was that of Paul Shane in a habeas corpus proceeding against Charles F. Gittens, Justice of the Peace of Hempstead.

Shane was arrested on information laid before the Justice charging him with bookmaking in Belmont Park on June 6 last. He was heard by a Deputy Sheriff to make an oral bet on the races, and the person with whom the wager was placed was seen to make a memorandum.

The Court of Appeals in the Lichtenstein case held:

"One who bets privately and is not soliciting bets in prearranged scheme of odds is not a bookmaker."

Later decision held that it did not constitute bookmaking for the opposing bettor to record the wager. The amendment of 1910 was made to meet those decisions. It provides:

"Any person who engages in bookmaking, with or without writing, at any time or place, is guilty of a misdemeanor."

Those supporting the law assert that the definition of a bookmaker is "one who engages in gambling as a business," and that the memorandum is only an aid and does not alter the offense.

DENY HUMPHREY'S CHARGE.

Northern Pacific Makes Answer and Forest Service Is Defended.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. PAUL, Minn., June 3.—President Howard Elliott of the Northern Pacific Railway issued this statement to-day in regard to the allegation made by Congressman Humphrey that the Government Forestry Service had permitted the Northern Pacific to exchange 450,000 acres of barren land for Government timber land worth $10,000,000:

"Until we receive a copy of Congressman Humphrey's speech in Congress and know exactly what he said we cannot make a specific reply. We can say, however, that all exchanges of land with the United States were made under authority of acts of Congress.

"The act apparently referred to by Mr. Humphrey was that of 1899, authorizing an exchange for Northern Pacific lands within the territory Congress desired to set aside as Mount Rainier National Park. To create this park it was necessary to purchase privately owned lands therein, and this the act provided for in the form of an exchange.

"It may be that Mr. Humphrey in speaking of barren land had in mind the glacier area in this park, and that he overlooked entirely that the Interior Department decided that the glacier area was not a part of the Northern Pacific land grant, and the Northern Pacific Road received absolutely not a single acre in exchange for the glacier area.

"In passing the various acts Congress was prompted by the belief that they were in the public interest and no influence whatever was brought to bear on Congress by the Northern Pacific Railway Company to secure their passage, nor has the company profited in any way by the various exchanges made."

WASHINGTON, June 3.—Representative Murdock, leader of the Progressive Party, replied to-day in the House to the speech made yesterday by Representative Humphrey of Washington attacking the Forest Service. Mr. Murdock defended the service, and declared it had done great work in preserving the forests of the country, particularly in Alaska. Mr. Murdock was followed by Representative Bryan of Washington, who also lauded the work of the service.

MAY SPLIT ON WHITMAN.

Fusion Movement Not Harmonious in Its Attitude Toward Candidate.

The work of picking a Fusion candidate for Mayor will get under way today, when the Executive Committee of the Citizens Committee of 107 will meet at the Fifth Avenue Building to select its Committee on Nominations. This committee will find the men to lead the anti-Tammany fight in the municipal campaign this Fall.

The committee is composed of men of various party creeds. There are Republicans who are strong in their advocacy of Charles S. Whitman. There are independent Democrats who favor a man of that type. There are former Independence Leaguers who are favoring a man of radical type. And there are also Progressives who, conscious of the fact that their party ran second in the city in the last Gubernatorial contest, believe that they are entitled to the biggest say in the Fusion conferences against Tammany. The Progressives favor the nomination of an independent Democrat.

There are fears in many quarters that the strength of Mr. Whitman may be the weakness of the Fusion movement, if not actually the rock on which it will shatter. Many of the Republican leaders in this city who have not taken active part in the Fusion conferences have more than intimated that they would be very pleased to have the Fusion movement break up so that they might be in a position to go it alone with Mr. Whitman.

$7.00 TO BALTIMORE AND RETURN
Pennsylvania Railroad. Tickets sold from New York, June 6, 7, and 8, good returning to reach New York before midnight June 19. Ticket Agents.

HATFIELD CLEARED OF MINE TYRANNY

Debs, Berger, and Germer, Socialist Committee, Lay Evils to Glasscock.

TELL OF ATTACKS IN DARK

West Virginia's Present Governor, Investigators Say, Recognizes Labor's Right to Organize.

CHICAGO, June 3.—Gov. Hatfield of West Virginia is exonerated on several charges circulated against him in connection with the West Virginia coal mine strike in a report to the National Committee of the Socialist Party, made to-day by Victor L. Berger, Adolph Germer, and Eugene V. Debs. The burden of resentment in the report is directed against Gov. Hatfield's predecessor, ex-Gov. Glasscock. It was Mr. Glasscock, says the report, who was responsible for martial law and many atrocities.

Mr. Hatfield is censured for suppressing two Socialist papers and imprisoning their editors, but the report quotes him as admitting that action was unjust and announcing that the papers might continue to issue.

The committeemen say they were shadowed from the moment they arrived in Charleston. It was decided to visit Gov. Hatfield, but he would see only Mr. Debs. The interview was so highly satisfactory that on the following day the entire committee was received. The report says:

Gov. Hatfield had inherited martial law from Gov. Glasscock, and the reason he permitted it to remain effective was because he was requested to do so by the union miners themselves to prevent them and their organizers from being assaulted and beaten up by the Baldwin-Feltz thugs in the employ of the mine owners. This statement of the Governor was subsequently verified by all the officials and organizers of the United Mine Workers.

The committee learned the Governor had two mine guards in jail and that he had refused to liberate them on bail offered by the operators. The day previous to the interview he had released unconditionally all "comrades" then remaining in prison. Mr. Hatfield referred to the fact that not in a single instance had he affirmed the conviction of the Military Commission. The committee continues:

The Governor unhesitatingly asserted that workingmen had the right to organize, and that he would protect them in that right to the extent of his power; that the Socialists had the same right that Republicans and Democrats had; that they were entitled to the right of free speech and free assemblage and to the full protection of the law.

The committee found Gov. Hatfield not opposed to the Senate investigation. It adds:

We have no desire to exculpate Gov. Hatfield for any act he is justly responsible for, but it is undoubtedly true that he has been accused of wrongs which were committed under the Administration of Gov. Glasscock, his predecessor, to whose official spinelessness and subserviency to the mine owners are mainly due the outrages which so long disgraced West Virginia in the eyes of the Nation.

It was under the Administration of Glasscock, and not Hatfield, that martial law was ordered; that the Military Commission was created; that "Mother" Jones and many others were court-martialed and convicted, and it also was under the Glasscock Administration that an armored train, under the name of law and order, shot up the cabins and tents of the miners, dealing out death and destruction under cover of darkness.

Gov. Hatfield is quoted as disavowing a threat that he would banish all miners who refused to accept the settlement. The report also says:

The reports of outrages perpetrated on the defenseless miners and their families in the Glasscock administration have not in the least been exaggerated. Houses and tents were shot up indiscriminately from an armored train in the darkness, men were assaulted and women insulted by the dastardly mine thugs, and even little children were not spared.

The committee asserts that in parts of West Virginia, owing to alien ownership, the feudalism of the Middle Ages still prevails over wide areas owned privately.

AUTOISTS GIVE FALSE NAMES

More Than 100 New York City Licenses Cannot Be Traced.

Col. Edward S. Cornell, head of the National Highway Protective Society, has sent to the Secretary of State a list of over one hundred names in this city to which automobile licenses have been issued, and which the society has discovered to be false.

"This has undoubtedly been done to prevent identification in case of accident, or the car is being used for some other crooked purposes," says Col. Cornell. "The investigations we have started will be continued until we have eliminated all of these fake licenses."

Secretary May said that he intended to prosecute all people he could find who had taken out licenses under fraudulent names and addresses, and also the licenses procured in this manner would be revoked. The offense is a misdemeanor and punishable only by a heavy fine and revocation of the license.

DISCLAIMER AS TO MULFORD

Denial That He Had Been Treated with the Friedmann Serum.

The Friedmann Institute denied yesterday that Richard A. Mulford of Middletown, who died from tuberculosis on last Saturday, had been treated with the Friedmann serum, as was said in a special dispatch to THE NEW YORK TIMES, published in Sunday's issue.

The letter of the Friedmann Institute to THE TIMES says:

"It was stated in THE TIMES of June 1 that Richard Mulford, who died in Middletown on May 29, was one of Dr. Friedmann's patients. At no time had Mr. Mulford been treated by Dr. Friedmann."

FIND EDITOR GUILTY IN PATERSON TRIAL

Continued from Page 1.

mentioned in the indictment and publicly admitted its authorship.

Arguments of the Lawyers.

Mr. Carless summed up for the defense. He argued that criticism of the police did not constitute hostility to government, and that in addition the police were not the government. He concluded with the remark that the conviction of Scott would mean that free speech was a "dead letter" in New Jersey.

County Prosecutor Dunn made the argument for the State. He said that the article in question did constitute the offense of hostility to government, in that it was directed against the police, the arm of the government charged with the enforcement of law. He cited the history of the law under which the indictment was brought, and said that instead of coming under the head of free speech, as guaranteed by the Constitution, the article in question constituted a most flagrant violation of that privilege.

Judge Klenert's charge was brief. He explained the law, and left it for the jury to decide whether the editorial came within the provisions of the statute.

As soon as the members of the jury had been locked in their room Assistant Prosecutor Force called for trial the case of the forty-four strikers charged with unlawful assemblage.

There were so many defendants that it was impossible to find room for them near Adolph Hunziger of counsel for the Industrial Workers of the World, and so they were permitted to sit as it suited them, anywhere in the courtroom. The alleged "unlawful assemblage" occurred April 25 last, in the vicinity of the Harding silk mill. The State says that the strikers refused to disperse, and marched up and down the streets, and at times jeered the police. It is charged that when eleven loyal workers of the Harding company quit work for the afternoon and started from the mill under police protection, a big crowd of strikers followed and refused to disperse when ordered by the police to do so.

The only witnesses called this afternoon were policemen. The names of the forty-four prisoners were called while each policeman was on the stand, and he was asked to identify them as the persons who were the ringleaders on the occasion named. None of the police could identify all of the prisoners, but all of them could identify some.

The calling of the roll produced an unusual court scene. As the clerk of the court would call the names of the defendants they would pop up in all parts of the room. It was a roll in which the names of persons of at least five nationalities figured. The one person not a man among the accused was Anna Silverman, 17 years old, the best known of the I. W. W. pickets. She is the girl who has been selected to lead the army of the I. W. W. into New York on next Saturday. Nearly every one of the policemen remembered seeing Miss Silverman in the crowd of strikers on April 25.

The State will call its civilian witnesses to-morrow, and will then rest its case. The defense expects to begin offering its testimony, which will be a flat denial of the State's charges, some time to-morrow afternoon.

DISLIKES STEFANSSON SHIP.

Capt. Bartlett Says It's Unfit for Arctic Exploration.

Special to The New York Times.

VICTORIA, B. C., June 3.—Although Capt. Robert Bartlett, it is thought, eventually will leave Victoria in the schooner Karluk as sailing master of the vessel bought to convey the Stefansson expedition to the arctic, he is not likely to do so on Tuesday next as expected, and will go only to make the best of the position in which he finds himself. That the vessel cannot be made ready to leave Esquimalt on Tuesday is the opinion of H. Johansen, the Danish naturalist, who is the most recent arrival of the Stefansson party.

Capt. Bartlett's trouble is not the date of sailing, but the ship. His is not impressed with the Karluk as a vessel for exploration. Friends of his say he looked on the schooner with very bad grace on his arrival, and that his opinion has not improved on closer acquaintance. To Dr. Forbes-Mackay, physician of the party, and to others, Capt. Bartlett has said the Karluk is not fit for the trip, and more suited to exhibition in a museum.

A second schooner, the Alaska, was bought in Seattle yesterday for the expedition.

WYNYARD, Sask., June 3.—Vilhjalmar Stefansson, the explorer, who has planned to start from Esquimalt next Tuesday on a five-year expedition to the arctic regions, arrived here to-day on a farewell visit to his mother and brother.

Stefansson had intended to proceed today to Victoria, where his party had gathered, but he found preparations for a public reception and banquet in his honor had been made for to-night. He will delay his trip to the coast until late to-morrow.

BULGAR CABINET OUT.

Report Received in London Augurs Well for Balkan Peace.

LONDON, June 3.—News of the resignation of the Bulgarian Cabinet was received in London late to-night. If true, it is likely to serve the ends of peace.

Dr. Daneff, the Bulgarian peace delegate, on his arrival at Sofia is expected to reconstitute the Cabinet. Probably his hasty summons home yesterday was for that purpose, for the fall of the Guechoff Cabinet was not unexpected.

It is thought that the new Ministry will consist of a coalition representing all parties.

The establishment of a neutral zone between the Greeks and the Bulgars at Salonika removes the tinder which was likely at any moment to cause a conflagration. The neutral line is purely provisional and is not intended to influence the future delimitation of the frontiers.

The Premiers of the four Balkan States expect to meet first at some Balkan town, and if they fail to reach an agreement will adjourn their deliberations to St. Petersburg.

Greece and Turkey are still deadlocked regarding the renewal of ante-bellum treaties, on which Greece insists as a condition of taking up the peace settlement.

An Exchange Telegraph Company's dispatch from Constantinople says the Bulgarian troops began to-day the evacuation of the Turkish seaport of Rodosto, on the Sea of Marmora.

SUES RUSSIA FOR MILLIONS

And Russian Creditors Sue Lake Torpedo Company in Turn.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 3.—The Lake Torpedo Boat Company of Bridgeport, Conn., has filed a claim against the Russian Admiralty for $578,000 and $2,000,000 damages for alleged breach of contract connected with the construction of four submarines for the Russian Government.

As soon as this claim had been entered, Russian creditors of the Lake Torpedo Boat Company intervened in the commercial court here in order to secure the payment of the sums claimed to themselves. The commercial court declared that it had jurisdiction in their behalf, and called upon the Admiralty to produce documents.

The further stages in the legal procedure have not yet been decided upon.

The American attorney for the Lake Torpedo Boat Company declines to be interviewed on the subject because an imperial ukase defining military secrets prevents him from discussing the question of the construction of Russian submarines.

AVIATOR RISES 16,368 FEET.

Perreyon Holds the Aeroplane Record for Pilot with a Passenger.

BUC, France, June 3.—The world's altitude record for an aeroplane carrying a pilot and a passenger was broken to-day by Edmond Perreyon, the French aviator, who rose to a height of 16,368 feet, or 3 1-10 miles.

Perreyon also holds the world's altitude record for an aeroplane carrying a pilot, having risen to a height of 19,650 feet at Buc on March 13 this year.

O'Connell Says Good-by to Rome.

ROME, June 3.—Cardinal William H. O'Connell, Archbishop of Boston, paid a farewell visit to all the Cardinals in Rome to-day. The Papal Secretary of State, Cardinal Merry Del Val, greeted him affectionately and wished him a pleasant journey, expressing the hope that he would see the Cardinal in Rome in 1914. Cardinal O'Connell will leave here Thursday. He will proceed north by automobile for a brief visit and will then go to Germany and later to Holland.

"Rosenkavalier" for New York.

BERLIN, June 3.—Giulio Gatti-Casazza, General Manager of the Metropolitan Opera House, New York, who has been in Berlin for ten days, has completed arrangements with Richard Strauss for the production of "Der Rosenkavalier," the Metropolitan's next season. He has also secured Wolf-Ferrari's opera in two acts, "Amore Medico," founded upon Molière's "L'Amour Médecin," which he has just finished.

Block of Colon Dwellings Burns.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PANAMA, June 3.—Fire this morning destroyed an entire block of frame buildings in Colon. The Panama Fire Department rushed apparatus to the place on a special train and assisted in extinguishing the conflagration.

DREAM CALLS TWO AND ONE MAN DIES

Brothers Have Identical Vision and Apparent Visitation from Dead Father.

WIVES COMPARE EXPERIENCE

Neither Knows of the Other's Experience Until Max Freedman Is on His Death Bed.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., June 3.—One night, about two weeks ago, while Joseph H. Freedman, a produce wholesaler, of 131 Burnet Street, this city, was asleep it seemed to him that his father, who died a year ago, entered the room and laid both hands upon his shoulders, saying:

"Come with me, Joe. Come, and we'll lie down together up there under the grass, where we can sleep and sleep and not know or care what is going on here. Come, be happy in the dank earth and moldering boards, with my lying by your side."

Freedman fought off his father's advances. In his dream he wept and pleaded with the apparition. But the father insisted that his son must accompany him. Freedman remembers vividly his terrified struggles, and how, finally, when he had exhausted every other argument, he pleaded with his father that his wife and children needed him and he could not leave them alone and unprotected in the world. Then, sadly it seemed to him, his father relented. But as the apparition faded away toward the door it seemed to the son that his father's voice cried back to him:

"But I will not stay alone. I will have some one with me. I must not longer stay alone."

In the morning, when Freedman awoke, he remembered his dream with a shudder, and told his wife about it. But neither he nor she had ever been believers in sp

ADVERTISEMENT.

Many Delightful Surprises for the Vacationist in Colorado.

You couldn't fancy without being in Colorado how there could be so much that is big and grand, and so much that is softly lovely in any one region of the world.

You slip away on that de luxe Rocky Mountain Limited—every morning from Chicago to Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo via Rock Island Lines—the kind of train that first makes you glad you're going and then glad you went that way.

"The Colorado Flyer" every morning from St. Louis, and other splendidly equipped, fast daily trains via Rock Island Lines to Colorado.

Low fares daily June 1st to September 30th. "Little Journeys in Colorado" and "Under the Turquoise Sky" are two books which make the way clear. Let me send them to you. K. E. Palmer, Gen'l Eastern Agent, 1238 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

MAGYAR CABINET TO RESIGN.

Deputy Who Accused Premier of Corruption Upheld by the Courts.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

VIENNA, June 3.—The Hungarian Cabinet decided to-night to resign to-morrow. This decision was taken after a verdict was given to-day against Premier Dr. Lukacs in the libel action brought by him against Desy, the Opposition Deputy, who accused the Minister of having misappropriated public moneys for election purposes, thus securing the return of his party by bribing the voters.

The Judges held that the defendant had proved that the Premier, on the conclusion of contracts with the Bank of Hungary, had accepted a sum exceeding $625,000, and that "whereas, from legal and moral points of view, it is not permissible for a Minister to accept any sum of money whatever from any concern doing business with the State, even though, as in the present case, the Minister does not personally derive the slightest financial benefit, but merely promotes the purposes of a political party, the court is bound to regard the offensive expression used by Desy with reference to the Premier as privileged."

The offensive expression used by Desy was that Lukacs was "the greatest Panamist in Europe," the reference being to the notorious Panama Canal bribery scandals in France.

TREASON WAS WIDESPREAD.

Austrian Papers Say That General Staff Officers Are Suspected.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

VIENNA, June 3.—Despite official efforts to minimize the gravity of the espionage scandal, it appears that a widespread system of treachery has been in operation.

The Zeit says that searches have been made of the houses of several high officers of the General Staff. The Tagespost asserts that the conduct of no fewer than twenty officers is subject to judicial investigation. It also says that the police have secretly arrested twenty spies, alleged to be Russians, in several Austrian towns.

DECLINE IN BERLIN MARKET.

Stocks Sag in Sympathy with Canadian Pacific Slump Here.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, June 3.—The heavy slump in Canadian Pacific in New York reacted strongly upon the Berlin market to-day, causing a decline of from 3 to 5 points, although there was a partial recovery before the close. All standard German stocks declined in sympathy, with the Deutsche Bank and the Hamburg-American Line, the leading industrial shares, dropping from 3 to 6 points. German Government securities, especially Imperial 4s, were also weak.

Gold conditions have considerably improved, owing to the constant importations, on behalf of the Imperial Bank, from England. Germany is said to have taken practically all the gold bars that have reached London from South Africa in the last ten days, and importing operations are still in progress.

KROPOTKIN ASKS NO FAVORS

Revolutionist Will Not Petition to Remain in Switzerland.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

GENEVA, June 3.—Prince Kropotkin, the famous Russian writer and revolutionist, who was expelled from Switzerland in 1881 for the "glorification" of the murder of Czar Alexander II., has been permitted by the Federal Government, owing to his failing health, to spend a few months at Locarno.

Several Swiss friends have forwarded a petition to Berne asking that the expulsion order be rescinded. The reply was that the Prince must make application in person. This he refused to do, and, as his time is up, he will return to London within the next few days.

ARMS SEIZED AT BELFAST.

Sending of Rifles to "Loyal Ulster" Thought to be a Joke

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Wednesday, June 4.—The Chronicle's Belfast correspondent says that the customs authorities there have seized twelve cases containing a quantity of rifles, apparently of modern manufacture, landed by steamer from Manchester. The cases did not bear the name of any consignee, being simply directed "to order," and described as containing an electrical plant.

The Chronicle says that the cases seem to have been sent to Belfast for the purpose of being seized, either as a practical joke or a political advertisement.

LIES! MAYOR CRIES AT CURRAN REPORT

Calls Four Aldermen Who Voted for Waldo's Removal Pitiful Little Scamps.

POLICE REFORMED BY HIM

Of 19 Old Inspectors Only 6 Remain on the Force, He Says—Four Are in Prison, Buckner Retorts.

While Police Commissioner Waldo had never a word to say yesterday on the subject of the Curran Committee report recommending his removal from office for unfitness, Mayor Gaynor, who appointed Waldo to office, had a great deal to say, and said it with considerable heat.

The Mayor took occasion to refer to four members of the Curran Committee as "whelps," "scamps," and "pitiful little political fellows," who were mentally and morally so much inferior to the Police Commissioner that Waldo could carry a cartload of them in his breeches pocket without knowing they were there.

The pitiful four are Henry H. Curran, Chairman of the committee, whose recent libel suit against Mayor Gaynor was settled by an apology from the defendant; Ralph Folks, Fusion leader of the Board of Aldermen; O. Grant Esterbrook, and James Hamilton. Alderman Curran spoke for the four when he said:

"Just by way of a little friendly advice I'd suggest that those issuing statements for Mr. Waldo sail a little closer to the wind until the committee's entire report is in. Section 2, dealing with gambling and prostitution, will be ready to-morrow and may contain some eye-openers."

By a mere hair's breadth it appears a fifth Alderman on the Curran Committee escaped the Mayor's ire. This was Alderman Downing, who refused to vote for or against the report in the committee meeting on Monday.

"I had no objection to any part of the report," said Alderman Downing. "I merely objected to the piecemeal procedure and was in favor of voting on all five sections of the report at one time. If the other four sections are as good as the first, I certainly will vote for all of them when the vote is called for next Monday. There is no reason why I should want to stand up for Waldo. In fact, I think he was very discourteous to the Aldermen."

Mayor Gaynor's statement follows:

Calls It a Tissue of Falsehoods.

What have I to say about the report of the four Aldermen? What is the use of saying anything? For three and a half years, in the midst of many distracting things, and while I have been working and brooding over some of the largest things afoot anywhere in the world, I have found time to work out some large reforms in the Police Department, larger than in any other department, as the people of the city are now beginning to see. And during all that time certain little people have been nagging at me and trying to fret me. And these four pitiful little Aldermen now come in at the beginning of the Summer with their tissue of falsehoods.

No wonder the committee would not stand for it. The Board of Aldermen will not stand for it. There are some honorable men in that board who would not stand for such a base thing. And these four pitiful little political fellows think they are doing some great campaign work for next Fall. Let them wait and see.

They want to have Waldo removed. They had better pass a resolution removing themselves and slink out of sight. Poor little fellows. Mentally and morally Waldo could carry a whole cartload of them in his breeches pocket without knowing that they were there.

Just look at this statement in this report which says that when written complaints come in from citizens accusing Inspectors and Captains of wrongdoing the course is to refer the complaint to the officer accused to investigate himself. Just think of an infamous falsehood like that being put in an official document. There never was any such thing in the Police Department, even in its worst days.

I receive here weekly a bushel of letters concerning police government, and the Commissioner receives a like number. Practically all of them are anonymous. Most of them are false, and even malicious. They mention houses and places where they say some violation of law is going on. Of course those complaints are sent to the Captain and Inspector to investigate and report on. What else could be done with them?

But the investigation does not end there. Many of these complaints were read in evidence before the Aldermanic Committee, together with the fact that they were referred to the Inspector or the Captain, but this lying report is that they were complaints charging the Inspector or Captain with wrongdoing, and that they were referred to the accused officer to investigate himself.

It is hardly credible that four men would be got to utter such a falsehood, especially in writing and in an official document.

And look at this, which says that Waldo refused to allow them to see the records and letters of the Police Department. By law these records and letters are shielded from publicity. But when this little committee was appointed I directed that all of my letters, all of Waldo's letters, that everything be thrown open to them. I was perfectly conscious that there was not a wrong thing to be found, although they were letters written under the privacy of the law. I did not take the trouble to look up my letters or Waldo's letters to see what they were. I just turned the whole thing over to this committee, and they have not been able to put their finger on a single thing out of the way. But they invent this wicked and wilful falsehood that Waldo tried to conceal the records from them. Poor, miserable little scamps. But what is the use mentioning it?

He's Not Annoyed by Them.

I have suffered all this nagging now for three and a half years without manifesting any annoyance, and I do not wish to manifest any now. It is my good fortune to be of a disposition which is submissive to whatever happens. I am always able to say, even when the worst happens, that I am content, since everything comes along according to the will of Providence. And so I will not manifest any annoyance now, because in fact I feel none.

I do not care what this little committee says. I intend to go right on with my work. There is so much to do, and so little time to do it. But in due time it will be found that all those who have tried to create insubordination in this splendid force of 10,000 men will go on to the wall. The people of this city will never suffer such a thing. A few grafters have been exposed among them. Does that surprise anybody?

I started in to get rid of the grafters. I so openly announced. As we seized infamous houses the men and women proprietors began to disclose graft which they had been paying for twenty years, and even more, off and on. Only two revelations of graft which occurred within these last four years came out. The rest was of years gone by. And all was forced out by the enforcement of the law by the Police Commissioner against corrupt people, by seizing their places, and putting them out of business. As soon as their houses were seized they began to make disclosures. No disclosure was made in any other way.

And yet, because those few grafters have been disclosed, the whole force has been unmercifully attacked. These four little Aldermen have caused witnesses to disclose grafting as long as twenty years ago, and are trying to attribute it to the present for political purposes.

At the beginning I was about myself to institute a sort of a judicial inquiry into the Police Department. I was going to sit a couple of days a week, in the midst of all my other work, and call witnesses. I believe I could have disclosed much [illegible] at that point this little Aldermanic committee was appointed. I then saw that of course it would never do for me to be conducting a public investigation at the same time. To beset the force on all sides adversely would have broken down its discipline.

Through it all the Commissioner and the Mayor have worked with the force, and told them from day to day that they were not to be blamed and condemned for the few grafters among them, certainly not over twenty-five to fifty all told, and they the remnant of days gone by. We have stood with the force and preserved its discipline, and meanwhile worked out great reforms in the force, and I am able to say that the force was never in better discipline than it is to-day.

But what would have happened if we had all turned against them? Why, the 9,950 honest men on the force are not to be condemned because there are still a remnant of old grafters among them, who have been plying their trade for a generation. We have got rid of them one by one, by steady work in the midst of all this clamor.

Only Six Old Inspectors Remain.

How many people know that of the nineteen Inspectors who were on the force when I became Mayor only six of them remain to-day? One by one we have got rid of them and put men of the new school in their places, upon whom we rely.

As I have said, I do not much care that the Governor vetoed the bill allowing us to appoint Deputy Commissioners. The Inspectors are nearly all new men, upon whom we have every reason to rely. The work has been done without the help of any little Aldermanic committee or any contemptible little political district leaders who are going around denouncing the police because their gambling houses and their worse houses have been closed up. It has been done steadily from day to day under the most adverse circumstances.

But we do not find fault. We intend to go right on. It has been my experience in life that when I did best I was condemned most by every petty little political whelp and scamp in the community.

Emory R. Buckner, counsel for the Curran Committee, delved into the 4,000-odd pages of the committee's records of testimony when he had read a copy of the Mayor's statement.

"The report of the committee has been drawn with the same care and the same regard for evidence as an indictment," he said when asked if he had anything to say in reply to the Mayor. "Every charge in it is supported by testimony in the record of the committee's hearings, some of which testimony will be summarized in other sections of the report still to come. The rest is open to any one to read. We are here to say that the charges are based on sworn testimony."

Mr. Buckner referred particularly to the Mayor's denunciation of the charge that citizens' letters of complaint against Captains and Inspectors had been turned over to those officers for investigation. On Page 4,265 he found this testimony of V. V. O'Daniel, a special investigator of the Bureau of Municipal Research:

Q.—Have you been looking up the records for the last eighteenth months or so with the idea of discovering if any considerable number of graft complaints were referred either to the person charged or to some one in close touch with him? A.—I have. We find 285 such complaints in Manhattan.

Q.—Graft complaints? A.—Yes, alleged graft on the part of officers.

Q.—During how long a period? A.—During fourteen months; 15 of the 285 were referred to special squads for investigation, 270 were referred either to the officers accused or to their immediate superiors, 206 were referred simply for information without any request for reports

Q.—Then in the 64 cases they wanted to know the verdict of self-investigation? A.—Yes.

Q.—Did you find any verdict of guilty? A.—None at all.

Mr. O'Daniel, in a special report to the Curran Committee concerning the handling of complaints at Police Headquarters, referred to a complaint dated April 9, 1912, which appeared in an anonymous letter addressed to Commissioner Waldo. The complainant charged in this letter that Herman Rosenthal, the gambler, was telling other persons that he did not fear the Police Commissioner because he had protection from Lieut. Becker, and that Becker and Rose were collecting graft. This letter was referred to Becker for investigation by order of Waldo, and Becker replied in a formal report that he had never accepted graft from any one.

While Police Commissioner Waldo refrained from discussing the situation in any way, it was said at Police Headquarters that a number of confidential men had been put to work to go over all communications from the Curran investigators. The Commissioner, it was said, was getting ready the material for a reply to the charges. As an answer to the charge that the Aldermen had been blocked in their investigation, it was said, the Commissioner would produce no less than 3,000 written requests for specific material in the files of Headquarters, each of which had been granted and each one of which bore the O. K. of the Commissioner.

The last of the five sections of the Curran report will probably be released by Saturday, and the report as a whole, if it is passed by the committee, will go before the Board of Aldermen next Tuesday. Meantime Alderman Curran, representing the Fusionists, and Alderman Dowling, representing Tammany, will be busy canvassing for votes. The regular party vote is 41 Fusionists against 37 Tammany men, and if the report is adopted it will be by a narrow margin.

NO POLITICS, SAYS BUCKNER.

Tells Republican Club He Is Simply Giving Out Police Records.

Emory R. Buckner, the counsel to the Curran Aldermanic committee, was the chief speaker last night at the meeting of the Republican Club of the Fifteenth Assembly District at 2,228 Broadway, of which the new leader is Lloyd D. Stryker. A large meeting hall was crowded to the doors when Mr. Buckner was introduced. Mr. Buckner said he was not present to play politics, and that the work of the Curran Committee in its full 4,800 pages of testimony did not reveal a political question. He said:

"I have no evidence that only twenty-five or fifty men in the Police Department are corrupt. I do know there are more corrupt men than there should be. What do you care what the Aldermen do with this report—whether they adopt it or not? What is the matter with the department? All the past Commissioners have said from time to time that they have been tolerated by the rank and file of the department.

"We have discovered methods in the administration of the Police Department that would not be tolerated in any business house."

Mr. Buckner then read a letter dated, April 9, 1912, which he said arrived sometime before the Rosenthal murder, in which a citizen asked the Police Department to investigate the gambling house of Rosenthal and declared in it that Jack Rose was Lieut. Becker's collector. This particular letter was referred to Lieut. Becker for investigation and report.

"On April 9, 1912, some months before Sweeney ever was indicted," Mr. Buckner said, "one Dennis Sweeney, an Inspector of police, got a letter saying there was a gambling house on Eighth Avenue near 125th Street. In that case Sweeney investigated himself and exonerated himself.

"On October 11, 1911, Mayor Gaynor received a letter concerning the same place, declaring that 'Doty' was paying $500 a month protection money to Lieut. Duffy, the collector for the Inspector. This letter was sent to Inspector Sweeney for investigation and report, and he reported that there was no Lieut. Duffy in his command. He did not mention that he had a Sergeant Duffy, who goes to trial on Thursday."

Mr. Buckner was interrupted frequently by hearty applause.

AGAINST EASIER DIVORCE.

Archbishop of York Points to the Example of the United States.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 3.—The Archbishop of York, addressing the annual conference of the Mothers' Union on the sanctity of marriage and the movement of a considerable body of public opinion toward relaxing the strictness of the present marriage law, deprecated the idea of embarking upon a course of adventure in regard to marriage legislation.

This, he said, had already excited profound disquiet among the people of America, who embarked upon it long ago.

LLOYD-GEORGE NOT TO COME

Chancellor Has Definitely Decided Against an American Tour.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, June 3.—Arrangements for Chancellor Lloyd-George's American tour, which was announced by W. J. Jones of Pittsburgh for September, have fallen through.

In the first place, the Chancellor is too busy to make the trip; in the second, he did not care to lend himself to an enterprise which savored of a showman's tour.

French Form a Frisco Committee.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, June 3.—In order to watch the interests of French holders of the bonds of the Frisco and affiliated roads, a defensive committee has been formed by the National Association of French Holders of Foreign Securities, which has issued a notice requesting investors in France to communicate with its head office in Paris.

Straw Hats Which Show New Thought

The newest thing under the sun—and the most exclusive—is this Weber and Heilbroner straw hat.

It is not an experiment. It is the best expression of the latest European idea—Americanized and improved thereby.

The fashionable narrow-rim, high crown block, called for by the present extreme softness and slender lines of the Summer suit, woven in the famous "25 sennit" straw.

Bow at side or back.

The effect is astonishingly smart.

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Same in pliant makinaw—a young man's comfortable smart hat.

Other popular styles in $2, $3, $4 and $5 grades.

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Bankoks, French palm hats and Panamas in stiff boater shapes—extremely new—$5 to $15. Also in newest soft shapes.

Borsalino's Italian straws, $5; and the authentic flannel, silk and mohair hats for golf and motor car, $1 to $2.50.

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TO EXTEND WOMEN'S SPHERE

Asquith Memoralized to Give Them More Civil Service Jobs.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 3.—Several distinguished men and women have sent Premier Asquith a memorial urging an increase in the number of women employes of the civil service, and asking that women clerks be made eligible for promotion in the same manner as men, and also allowed to enter the higher divisions of the service, especially those departments which are concerned with women and children, with many conditions of home life, and with the domestic management of institutions.

The memorial also urges that women should be eligible for scientific and other specialist appointments, especially in State museums, and, finally, that a woman should be appointed a member of the Civil Service Commission.

NORWAY HAILS NEW LINE.

King and Cabinet to Attend Inauguration of New York Service.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CHRISTIANIA, June 3.—The new steamship service from Norway to New York will be inaugurated to-morrow with great ceremony.

The King, members of the Cabinet, and the Storthing and many prominent persons will accompany the first vessel, the Kristianiafjord, from Christiania to Bergen. In both cities public festivities will be held to celebrate the inauguration of the new line.

The service will be begun by two steamers, the Kristianiafjord and the Bergensfjord, of 16,000 tons each. The owners will receive a State subvention of $268,000, but this in the near future will be increased to $1,008,000.

SUE TO BE SOLICITORS.

Claims of Englishwomen to Practice Law to be Argued To-day.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, June 3.—The claim of Englishwomen to become solicitors will be argued to-morrow in the Chancery Division. Four women have applied for permission to attend the preliminary examination to enable them to qualify as solicitors, and the Law Society has refused their claim on the ground of sex.

While four separate actions have been begun against the Law Society, that of Miss Bebb has been taken as a test case. She is the daughter of the Principal of St. David's College, Lampeter, and took first class in law at St. Hugh's College, Oxford.

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¶ The coat is next to nothing in weight.

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¶ It has no padding at all.

¶ Its lapels will accommodate you at the first button, or loiter to the second.

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¶ The trousers are as trim as poplars--artistic in their elimination of the superfluous.

¶ The suit entire is as cool as a suit can be without offending the niceties of propriety.

¶ Made in checks and plaids and pencil stripes, so light they must have trembled like first kisses in the loom!

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to **ascertain how** things are made—how what you use, handle or wear is manufactured, put together, prepared, or obtained
to **provide entertainment** for your leisure moments that will give you permanent satisfaction
to **become acquainted** with the personalities that have made history or achieved distinction in all lands and all ages
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to **arrive at a just opinion** of a work of art, a piece of literature or music
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to **guide your children** in their reading and studies
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to **plan journeys,** or add to the enjoyment of travel in our own or foreign countries
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French Pastels the Feature of Yesterday's Sale, Bouchers Especially.

ALL PRICES UNDER $2,000

Two Huets Go for $1,640, and a Portrait of Mme. Vigee-Lebrun Is Knocked Down for $1,000.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, June 3.—Not a single picture realized $2,000 at tto-day's continuation of the sale of the pictures in the collection of Eugene Kraemer. The prices realized, however, were regarded with satisfaction, and the total of the day's auction was $25,103.

The pastels were taken up to-day, and two companion works of Boucher, which were valued at $900, were sold for $562. One of these showed a young girl lying on a cushion of blue damask at the moment of awakening, while the other represented a girl asleep, with a chaplet of wild flowers on her head.

A portrait by an artist of the French school of the eighteenth century was expected to bring $300, but sold as high as $1,060, and one of Mme. Vigée-Lebrun in a straw hat, trimmed with white feathers and wild flowers, and clad in a low-cut rose gown and a black mantle, was knocked down for $1,000. Perronneau's "Portrait of a Man," dated 1747, was sold for $700.

The drawings were then put up, and Besse's curious representation of a school of the time of Louis XIII. roused enough archaeological interest to go at $1,200, though it was valued at only half that sum. It was thus described in the catalogue:

"In a large hall, severely furnished and decorated, serving at once as a school, dining and sleeping room, some boys and girls stand at a table supported on trestles. They write under the direction of a master. Some little girls are grouped around a young governess and nearn their lessons, and on the left, seated in an armchair on a little platform before the fire, an aged professor with a severe manner questions a little boy. Though an open door in the background on the left two persons are seen walking through the garden to the entrance of the hall."

Boucher's "Venus in the Clouds," which is drawn in colors, brought $580. It shows the goddess half reclining and playing with a necklace of pearls. Her draperies have fallen away from her bust and limbs, and her hair is bound by a red ribbon.

For Casanova's "Cavalry Charge" $604 was given, and for the portrait of Antoine de Silly, Comte de la Roche, the high price of $1,280 was bid. Only the head of this drawing is finished, the bust being merely sketched in, but the delicacy of the draughtsmanship of the face, with its two-pointed beard and the cap bordered with fur and decorated with a plume, renders it of great value and interest.

A drawing of the Italian school of a fête given at Pisa in 1785, in honor of the Grand Duke of Tuscany, fetched $680. It shows a gay crowd decked out for the dance in a fine hall. Two orchestras are ready for the word to begin, and the picture is full of life.

For two companion pictures by Huet $1,640 was bid. In the first, "The Brook," a peasant sits with his dog beside him on the banks of a little stream meandering through a wood; in the other, "The Cottage," the cottage is seen on the left, while a man wades knee deep in a brook.

Mallet's "Assembly" brought $880. It represents a reception in a drawing room paneled in gray. Over the doors are mythological pictures, and the guests are seen talking and laughing together.

$530 FOR EVELYN'S DIARY.

Good Prices Paid for Books at the Huth Sale.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, June 3.—In the Huth library sale at Sotheby's to-day "Le Faceclieux Reveille-Matin des Esprits Melancholiques," a small octavo printed at Utrecht in 1654, and in old red morocco binding by Roger Payne, sold for $560. It cost Henry Huth only $26.25 in 1860.

"Memoirs of John Evelyn, comprising His Diary from 1641 to 1705-6," edited by W. Bray, 1818, extra illustrated, brought $530. Many of the additional portraits are early and rare.

The "Directorium Inquisitorium" of Nicholas Eymericus, a first edition on vellum of one of the earliest printed books on the practice of the Inquisition, was knocked down for $520. Brunet does not quote the sale of any copy even on paper, and on vellum it appears to have been hitherto quite undescribed.

Peterman Etterlyn's "Kronica," small folio, Basel, 1507, went for $190. One of its woodcuts represents William Tell shooting the apple from his son's head.

"Everie Woman in Her Humor, a Comedy," first and only edition, London, 1609, was bought for $440. It cost Henry Huth only $15 in 1869.

"Expositio hymno," a small quarto printed by Wynkyn de Worde in Fleet Street, London, in 1509, brought $300. It contains a woodcut of a master and scholars on title page, and the printer's large Caxton device on reverse of last leaf.

J. Esquemeling's "De Americaensche Zee-Roovers," small quarto, Amsterdam, 1678, was knocked down for $205. It is the first edition of the original text. This work is best known by its English title, "Bucaniers of America," a copy of which, printed in London in 1684-5, brought $245. It contains, among other narratives, "The Unparalell'd Exploits of Sir Henry Morgan, Our English Jamaican Hero, Who Sack'd Puerto Vico, burnt Panama," &c. John Esquemeling, the author, was one of the buccaneers.

Geffrey Fenton's "Certaine Tragicall Discourses written oute of Frenche and Latin," small quarto, London, 1567, went for $300. It cost Henry Huth $63 in 1864. It is the extremely rare first edition.

TARIFF RETALIATION SUGGESTED IN BERLIN

And Rumor Says England and Germany Will Act Jointly Respecting Panama Fair.

BOYCOTT TALK IS STRONG

Manufacturers and Merchants Protest to Government Against Underwood Bill's Rules.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, June 3.—According to information from a high official quarter, German's opposition to the "inquisitorial" features of the new United States tariff law will not only take the form of an eventual boycotting of the San Francisco Exposition, but may also assume the aspect of retaliation on the same line of tariff legislation. Strong pressure to this end will be brought to bear on the imperial authorities.

German manufacturers and merchants are lodging the bitterest protests against the rules which would compel foreign firms to show their books to the American customs officials. The Government is lending a sympathetic ear to these complaints.

The feeling in Berlin against the United States in regard to the tariff, which has always been strong, was never more intense than at present. There is special soreness over the granting to Canada free entrance for white paper and wood pulp and the withholding of similar concessions from Germany, although the latter is asserted to be entitled to the same treatment under "the most favored nation" clause.

So far as San Francisco is concerned German industry, with the exception of some minor mechanical branches, is solidly opposed to participation. The iron, steel, and chemical trades will hardly participate under any circumstances. They say it would be a waste of time, money, and effort.

It is also pointed out that America has failed to evince any special interest in the various industrial expositions organized in Germany in recent years.

No decision will be made in regard to San Francisco until the tariff situation is cleared up. It is rumored here that England and Germany have entered into an informal agreement to act jointly. All the European Governments, in fact, are alleged to be in touch on this matter. If England declines to exhibit at San Francisco, Germany will certainly follow suit.

COUNT BERNSTORFF BACK.

He Declines to Discuss Threat to Boycott the Canal Exposition.

Count Johann von Bernstorff, German Ambassador at Washington, returned last night on the North German Lloyd steamship Kronprinzessin Cecilie from a hurried visit to Berlin, where he went to give some information to Emperor William on the proposed tariff changes. He admitted that he had discussed the tariff with the Emperor, but declined to go into details.

"I hurried back," said Count von Bernstorff, "because I have to be at Princeton University on June 10 to take my honorary degree, which I believe is an LL. D." The Ambassador was accompanied by his son, Count Gunter Bernstorff, who will spend six months in New York studying the banking system as a part of his qualification for the Diplomatic Service.

Before the Ambassador left Berlin it was stated that he had been instructed by his Government to inform President Wilson and Secretary of State Bryan that Germany would boycott the Panama-Pacific Exposition of 1915 if German protests against certain features of the new American Tariff bill were unheeded. Count Bernstorff declined to discuss this subject.

On June 15 the German Ambassador will come to New York to attend a "Kommers," which will probably be held at the Hotel Astor, where patriotic Germans will attend to drink beer out of big steins and celebrate the twenty-fifth anniversary of their Emperor's reign

$4,200 PAID FOR A BEDSTEAD

Chippendale Mahogany Piece the Chief Feature at the Wilson Sale.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, June 3.—At the second day of the Wilson sale at Christie's to-day, $1,205 was paid for a Georgian mahogany table with one drawer, having cabriole legs carved with lions' masks and shells, and claw feet.

A Chippendale mahogany bedstead, with fluted posts wreathed with flowers and fruit, and supported on clawed feet, the head of the bed and the cornice being pierced and carved with compositions of scrolls and foliage, was sold for $4,200. This piece included a coverlet, cornice, and pair of curtains of Chinese embroidery, worked with baskets and sprays of flowers and birds in colored silks on a cream ground.

WALTER DE MUMM MARRIED.

His Bride, Miss Scoville, Given Away by Her Brother-in-Law.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, June 3.—Walter de Mumm of Rheims, France, was married to-day at St. George's, Hanover Square, to Miss Frances von Bergen Scoville, daughter of Courtenay Kenneday Scoville of Seneca, Kan., and sister of Mrs. Louis Treadwell of Albany, N. Y.

The bride was given away by her brother-in-law. She was attired in white silver brocade and had no bridesmaids. The best man was Hermann Mumm. Among the guests were Anthony J. Drexel, the Earl and Countess of Portarlington, Count Festetics, Chauncey McKeever, and Mrs. Charles B. Wright.

Much interest was taken in the de Mumm-Scoville wedding owing to the dramatic incident which occurred last December in Paris, when, in the course of a struggle with Mrs. Marie Van Rensimer Barnes, an American woman, Walter de Mumm received two rather serious bullet wounds. Mrs. Barnes afterward disappeared, and de Mumm did not prosecute her. The attack upon him was said to have been brought about by his announcement that he had come to bid her farewell. Reports came from London yesterday that Mrs. Barnes had threatened to kill herself as soon as De Mumm married, but no news came of her having done so.

LONDON CELEBRATES KING'S BIRTHDAY

Picturesque "Trooping of the Colors" the Principal Spectacle.

GOES TO THE DERBY TO-DAY

Where a Brilliant Crowd Expects to See His Horse Beaten—Craganour the Favorite.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, June 3.—On the eve of the Derby the visitors assembled here with the object of witnessing the greatest of English sporting events had to-day a feast of attractions.

The chief were the celebrations in honor of the King's forty-eighth birthday. The most picturesque ceremony in London was the "trooping of the colors" on the Horse Guards Parade, at which their Majesties and many other members of the royal family were present.

London was gay with flags, and the day was kept with parades, reviews, levees, salutes, and banquets in the naval and military centres of England.

To-morrow the King will go to Epsom with a countless army of his subjects to see the Derby, and the event marks the climax of the London season. The capital was never before crowded with so brilliant a throng. The weather prospects are fine—sunny and very warm during the greater part of the day, with thunder in the afternoon or evening.

According to the latest betting, the favorite for the race is C. Bower Ismay's Craganour, which will be ridden by "Johnny" Reiff; but the French horse Nimbus, whose jockey is the American, Milton Henry, is one of the most heavily backed. The King is represented by Anmer, but his chances are considered so little that the betting against him is 66 to 1. Richard Croker at the eleventh hour accepted the hopelessness of trying to win with Knight's Key, which was accordingly scratched.

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COCKTAIL SETS—Mahogany Tray with Prince's Silver Plated Rack Holding 6 Glasses..... $15.00

SANDWICH STANDS—Prince's Silver Plate, Supplied with 4 Coalport China Plates—Complete..... $16.00

BON BON BASKETS—Woven Metal, Gold Plated, with Removable Glass—From. $3.75

WATER CARRIERS—Prince's Silver Plated Engraved Rack Supplied with 6 Fluted Glasses—Complete..... $17.00

LIQUEUR JUGS—Porcelain Jugs with Prince's Silver Plated Nozzle and Trimmings, in Holder—Pint Size..... $11.50

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LIBRARY SHEARS AND PAPER CUTTER—In Morocco Sheath..... $2.25

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The vacation land of the eastern country is directly reached by the New York Central Lines—the **Thousand Islands, Adirondacks, Catskills, Green Mountains, Niagara Falls, Saratoga Springs, Lake George, Lake Champlain.**

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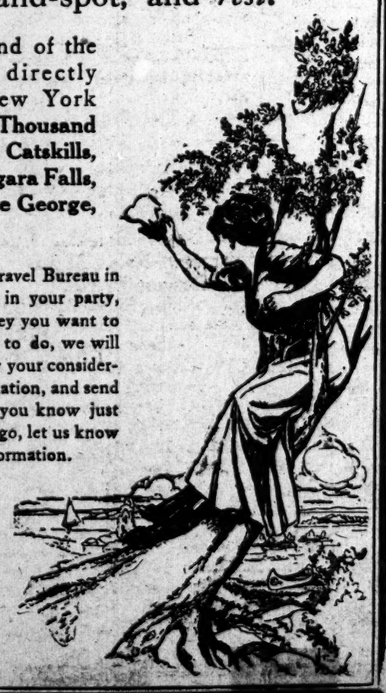
Let our Travel Bureau plan your vacation



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Transplant that savings bank account into Guaranteed First Mortgages, which pay interest of 5% without risk of Principal.

Our booklet "E" goes into convincing detail. Write for it to-day.

FIRST MORTGAGE GUARANTEE CO.
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6% TAX EXEMPT GOLD BONDS

¶ They net six per cent. in New York State—every tax prepaid except the inheritance tax, which of course cannot be anticipated.
¶ Payable in gold at maturity.
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¶ Ask for Booklet 5.

NEW YORK REAL ESTATE SECURITY CO.
Assets over $17,000,000
42 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

4004 ?

J. M. Gidding & Co.

OFFER, THIS DAY, IN THEIR

Semi-Annual Clearance Sales

Women's Tailor and Costume Suits in fashionable two and three-piece models of imported cloth and silk materials, suitable for street wear, afternoon receptions, teas and "bridge." *Formerly $45 to $125—at $28, $45 & $65*

Gowns and Dresses for afternoon and evening wear, golf, tennis, traveling, etc. *Formerly $35 to $200— at $15, $22, $45 to $95*

Coats for steamer, motor, sport and utility wear. *Formerly $40 to $100—at $20, $35 & $45*

Summer Blouses of net and lace. *Formerly $18.50 to $35— at $9, $12 & $15*

Hats of sheer tulle—The vogue in Paris just now—in black and leading shades— *at $15*

Summery Flower-trimmed Hats— *Values to $45 at $12.50*

No sale goods sent on approval, C. O. D., reserved or exchanged.

Fifth Avenue, 46th & 47th Streets

"Everybody's Going to THE BIG STORE"

We have secured 600 seats for tomorrow's Special Matinee Performance of "IOLANTHE"—Gilbert & Sullivan's Delightful Comic Opera Now Being Given At The Casino Theatre, Broadway & 39th Street.

THESE SEATS WILL BE SOLD AT ½ THE REGULAR BOX OFFICE PRICES.

$1.50 SEATS AT.....75c each

$1 SEATS AT.....50c each

The difference between the regular and the special prices is The Big Store's contribution to this Gilbert & Sullivan special performance, proceeds of which are to be given to the New York Public Library.

None of these seats will be sold to speculators.

These tickets will be on sale at the information desk, Main Floor, MAIN Building.

MAIN BUILDING

The Sensation of the Season!

And the Greatest Sale of *Men's Summer Suits* Ever Announced in June!

Suits Made to Retail Up to $25 Each—A Limited Number Worth $30—Offered, Today, at $10

We urge our friends to COME EARLY, for the attendance is sure to be large and the selling spirited. And that's as it should be in a sale of suits worth up to $30, at $10

Sale Begins This Morning

Close to 3,400 handsome summer suits, representing entire surplus stocks from four leading manufacturers.

These garments were intended for retailing at regular prices, but the unseasonable weather so discouraged manufacturers that they were happy to realize in short order. Most of them wanted to dispose of their stocks for cash quickly—and we accommodated them.

Nearly 1,100 suits from our own superb stocks have also been added, and at $10 each this is INDISPUTABLY the

Most Amazing Clothing Sale in the History of the Clothing Trade in New York

Every suit is worthy; average value is $18. Hundreds of $20 and $25 suits, and quite a few were made to sell at $30. Take your choice, today, of

Fine Blue Serge Suits, Fancy Blue Worsted Suits, Suits in Plain and Fancy Materials, Newest Stunning Norfolk Suits

Practically every material and style displayed by leading retailers of highest class ready-to-wear apparel is included in these assortments. Everybody will be fitted perfectly, and WE PARTICULARLY INVITE THOSE WHO THINK THEY ARE HARD TO FIT.

(Second Floor, MAIN Building.)

MAIN BUILDING

In Conjunction With the Above Sale, Today
Men's $2 English Sennit Straw Hats, *(1800) Our Own Importation; All Sizes, at* $1

(Second Floor, MAIN Building.)

The Big Store — A City in Itself

GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER Co.

Sixth Avenue — J. B. GREENHUT, Pres. — 18th to 19th Streets

Scores of Other Important Timely Sales Are Scheduled in Both of Our Big Buildings for Today. The Economies Are Very Exceptional.

Double S. H. Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock—Single Stamps Thereafter

Men

Join The Shoe Sale

$5 Shoes, 3.25

Shoes and Oxfords in tan calf, black calf, Patent leather and Vici kid. All the good styles. All sizes; all widths

3.25

Boys' Elk Shoes for Boy Scouts

(tan or black.)
Sizes 10 to 13½, 1.75
Sizes 1 to 5½, 1.95
Sizes for Men, 2.45

Mahlers

6th Avenue at 31st Street, New York

ADVERTISEMENT.

"I SEE YOU" BLOUSE

will tickle the fancy of some women, but there is no doubt that every woman will find something to interest her in the stock of beautiful blouses that Bloomingdales' show now and at all times of the year. The same is true of the dresses, gowns, coats and suits. They are marked by an individuality of style that women so eagerly seek but seldom find.

FREE, a corsage of 3 Killarney Roses. Present this adv't at our Cut Flower Shop. Main floor. T. 4.

We are all the time supplementing Paris's clever creations in women's apparel with the best that America can produce.

BLOOMINGDALES
Lex. to 3d Ave., 59th to 60th St.

Kennedy
12 Cortlandt St.

50c Athletic Underwear at 29c

Made of Nainsook, Sleeveless and Knee Length Drawers.

75c Madras Athletic at 55c

High-Class Shirts of mercerized madras,

at 98c

regularly $1.50

All with soft French cuffs.

Heavy Silk Shirts, $3.98

Office Coats, 50c

Gray, Black and Tan.

Finer Coats, $1, $1.50, $2

4004 ?

For One Week Only

New Pianos, $90 Up

Player Pianos, $200 Up

A Chance for a Lifetime

We bought a lot of Pianos from an embarrassed Manufacturer and will sell them at less than manufacturer's cost.

Call Early and Investigate.

CHRISTMAN SONS,
35 West 14th St., bet. 5th & 6th Avs.

Keeler Art Galleries

12 VESEY ST. { Adjoining the Astor House.

IMPORTANT SALE OF HIGH GRADE

ORIENTAL RUGS

THIS DAY AT 2 P. M.

and following days same hour.

GEO. W. KEELER, Auctioneer.

Summer Excursion Fares to Pacific Coast—Colorado YELLOWSTONE PARK

Lackawanna Railroad

Ticket Offices: Broadway, Cor. Wall, Howard, 28th, and 42nd Sts. Brooklyn: 505 Fulton St.

Let us give you a miniature cake!

Try at our expense what this delightful soap will do for your complexion and hair. Dept. 12-F, Resinol, Baltimore.

DIAMONDS VANISH BELOW DEAD LINE

Isaac R. Theise Tells Police He Was Robbed of Gems Worth $37,500.

TAKEN FROM ROLLTOP DESK

Maiden Lane Dealer Says He Was Out of the Room Less Than Three Minutes.

A story of diamond stealing such as Maiden Lane has not heard in years alarmed the veteran dealers in gems along that thoroughfare yesterday. The story also startled Mark Sumner, a Police Department detective, who has stood guard along the old-time dead line, two blocks north of Maiden Lane, and in Maiden Lane itself for more than a decade. Detective Sumner was the first police official to hear about the diamond stealing, and late last night he was still at work upon the case without having been able to find a single satisfactory clue.

The theft, according to the story told by Isaac R. Theise, who has been for eight years a diamond jobber at 47 and 49 Maiden Lane, could not have been more mysterious if the diamonds had evaporated into thin air right under the eyes of their owner.

The value of the diamonds taken, according to Theise, is $37,500. In the collection were unmounted gems worth $30,000, and mounted gems, a few of which were the property of customers of the diamond jobber, worth $7,500. Some of the diamonds were mere specks, while others ranged up to three carats in size.

No Chance for Insurance.

At first inability to believe Theise's story marked the progress of the police investigation, but no possible reason could be assigned for the telling of a story of a theft that was so improbable, especially as data made public by Theise shut him off from recovering insurance on the gems, which it would have been possible to collect if the theft had occurred in a manner only slightly varying from the version as given.

The diamonds disappeared, according to Theise, from the inside of his rolltop desk in the back room of his office on the eleventh floor of the building at 47 and 49 Maiden Lane. He put them in a yellow bag inside the desk, and locked the desk at three minutes to 9 o'clock. He turned his back for a moment, going into the next room for less than three minutes, and when he returned his diamonds were gone. He made the discovery by unlocking the roll-top desk which he had locked with the diamonds inside of it three minutes before. Both bag and diamonds were missing, although nothing else in the desk had been disturbed.

Theise said he had heard no one in the room. The only clerk employed, Louis Blog, had not yet come to work, and did not come for half an hour.

The only hallway leading from Mr. Theise's offices ran beside the room into which he had stepped from the room containing his roll-top desk. Mr. Theise was certain he heard no one pass along this hall.

Theise ran to the elevator shaft and rang the elevator bells for both the cars. Both responded, but their operators insisted they had taken no one down from the eleventh floor after bringing Mr. Theise up. The diamond jobber then appealed to the elevator starter and the building Superintendent to keep a close lookout for a man with a yellow bag.

Tenants on all of the floors were questioned. All said they had heard no one coming down the stairs. The situation baffled the detectives and also Mr. Theise, who fainted when he returned to his office.

Louis Blog, the clerk, came. All he could tell was that he had been to the safe deposit vaults at 170 Broadway, where Mr. Theise was in the habit of taking his yellow bag of jewels each night for safekeeping, and found that the bag was gone. This was most unusual, he said, as Mr. Theise seldom came for the jewels himself, but depended on having his clerk bring them with him when he came to work.

Mr. Blog said the people in charge of the safety deposit vaults told him that Mr. Theise had been there before him and carried the satchel away.

Thought Thief Preceded Him.

After Mr. Theise had been revived he said positively that no man came down the hallway behind him, for he surely would have heard the footsteps. He concluded, therefore, that whoever took the jewels must have let himself into the office early in the morning, and must have been secreted behind a door or behind the rolltop desk when he entered with the yellow satchel.

Acting on this theory, Detective Sumner telephoned to the Oak Street Station for police reserves. When they arrived he had the building surrounded and had a search made of the entire building from basement to roof. It did not disclose the presence anywhere in the building of a yellow bag of jewels or any person who did not belong there.

Theise was taken before Deputy Commissioner Dougherty, where he was questioned for more than an hour. He told the Deputy Commissioner that he lived at 32 Fuller Place, Brooklyn, and that before he became a diamond jobber eight years ago he had been a diamond salesman in Maiden Lane for many years.

"I ordinarily trust my salesman and manager, Louis Blog, to bring the bag of diamonds to the office in the morning," he said, "but to-day I wanted to get the mounters started early on a job because a man had come in late Monday and had ordered a diamond ring which he wanted for a wedding anniversary party to-night. He had picked out the diamond and was to call for it this morning. So I left home early and called for the satchel myself.

"I wanted to get this diamond out and have it mounted at once. On the elevator with me was one man, who went on to the top floor, which is one floor above my office, but everybody else got off at lower floors. This one man I did not know."

After Theise had told his story Commissioner Dougherty detailed Lieut. Armstrong and fifteen detectives, all of whom have had experience in the downtown diamond belt, to work upon the case. It was said that insurance on diamonds calls for payment of losses only for thefts while the diamonds are being transported through the streets or are en route from dealer to customer. For this reason, it was said, Theise could not recover for a theft occurring after he had brought the diamonds into his own office.

Reporters who called on Mr. Theise yesterday afternoon were shown the rolltop desk which was said to be locked. The reporters rolled back the lid without difficulty, after which they found that part of the lock had been broken away. Mr. Theise said this break was an old one, and that he knew the desk lock was not secure.

At Police Headquarters an investigation showed that five attempts at safe-blowing had been made in the building where Theise had his offices, one of the attempts having been made on a safe in the office occupied by Theise. It was not successful. Of three safe-blowing attempts in 1911 all were failures, and of two in 1912 the second was successful, the safe of Immanuel S. Rose having been blown open on Feb. 12 of that year and $14,500 taken. The building adjoins the Jewelers' Board of Trade Building.

"ARMENONVILLE" IS OPEN.

The Knickerbocker Opens Its Summer Restaurant—Attractive Features

The main restaurant and the grill room of the Hotel Knickerbocker closed for the Summer on Monday, and night before last "Armenonville," the Summer restaurant of the hotel, on the second floor, with its "terrace," was opened for the season. Many well-known persons were among the diners.

The restaurant, as usual, is decorated after the French fashion in Summer of an open air restaurant, with its walls in an agreeable light shade of lattice work, and the first luncheon of the season yesterday drew a great many there. All the force of headwaiters and captains from the main restaurant and grill room, known by name to every "diner out," were on hand, and the cold soup "in jelly," as you sometimes hear visitors indicate it, was in demand. The sight of diners in the open air and the strains of the music that came out from the big room proved too much for the office forces in the tall buildings, who spent most of the midday interval and some of the afternoon gazing and listening from their windows.

Need Old Clothes for Prisoners.

The Prison Association of New York, 135 East Fifteenth Street, urgently appeals for men's sack suits, underwear, and shoes.

It is felt that in nearly every family there are partly-worn suits that would be of great help to released prisoners who cannot afford to buy them. The Prison Association will gladly send for articles within the city limits in reply to a message by telephone or mail.

Rosenstock Can Swim.

THE NEW YORK TIMES was in error yesterday in publishing the name of Felix Metzger Rosenstock as the student at Columbia who had had his degree held up for not meeting the swimming requirements of the university.

Mr. Rosenstock is not a candidate for a degree, being in the sophomore class, and is a good swimmer. The correct name of the student whose degree is withheld because he cannot swim is William Rosenblatt.

For Wedding Gifts, Good Light

Buy "Miller" Electric Gas or Oil

Lamps and Fixtures

"Miller" designs are beautiful; "Miller" quality is fine (our finish lasts) and "Miller" variety is great.

If you are building a home, it will pay you to come and see our artistic designs. Nothing in a house attracts more attention than the lighting fixtures. "The best is the cheapest."

Ask for "Miller" Lamps in lamp stores.

EDWARD MILLER & CO.
68 & 70 Park Place, New York
Established 1844. Save this Card.

GIMBELS

Today the Men's Elimination Round in the GIMBEL Golf Tournament

This afternoon, beginning at 4:30, the elimination round will be played in the Men's Division. The thirty-two men who qualified are as follows:

George Ryall, Jr.	F. M. Gould	F. Barry
T. B. Stoaxe	E. T. Purcell	Earl Dixon
D. McKenzie	H. V. Cornelius	Chas. Furlong
A. S. Kirkpatrick	F. W. Doty	C. L. Turner
J. I. Wheaton	Dr. R. A. Moore	Mr. McCurdy
F. Fox	G. H. Thomson	M. D. Rae
Wm. Blandy	P. L. Ford	Mr. Holt
Alex. Delmar	Mr. D'Bechevet	A. C. Craig
J. V. Lauderdale	R. A. Appleton	F. U. Doty, Jr.
Earl Dixon	H. L. Hiller	S. Turner
H. H. Wilcox	Mr. Heriot	

Match play in Women's Division will begin at 4:30 P. M. on Thursday. The following Women qualified:

Mrs. F. Downes	Mrs. U. G. Mulock
Mrs. A. C. Morris	Mrs. E. N. Farkas
Miss E. M. Inslee	Miss Vera Reynolds
Miss A. M. Schiffer	Mrs. B. H. Blood
Mrs. L. F. Bishop	Miss F. A. Duff
Mrs. M. C. Da Costa	Mrs. I. S. Hartman
Mrs. J. E. Boldt	Mrs. H. A. Rosenberg

Matches will be 18 holes. Final round 36 holes.

Golf Course Open All Day for Practice, whether players are in Tournament or not, up to 4 P. M.

Golf Course, Sporting Goods Section, Fourth Floor.

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST.

FOUNDED 1827

Arnold Constable & Co.

FOUNDED 1827

Announce

The First Important Summer Sale of the Season

Presenting only fresh, new, summer merchandise at prices very much below regular for two days only---To-day and Thursday

We would especially emphasize the fact that every piece of merchandise quoted below is fresh, new and in every respect desirable for summer uses. And, further, these offerings are not merely "leaders" calculated to carry away with them accumulated odds and ends not herein advertised. That the sale has been planned with the greatest deliberation to insure a happy consummation is evidenced in the exceptional values presented. Needless to say, the "Arnold Constable" standard of quality has been strictly maintained to the very last detail. We would like to publish a *complete* list of sale offerings, but space limitations forbid.

Mail orders promptly filled.

No C. O. D. or on approval orders accepted.

Summer Blouses and Waists

Scores of pleasing styles for all summer needs: For sport, travel, all social functions and general utility wear. The best of dainty and practical models for women and misses, and an especially well selected variety for mourning.

WHITE NET BLOUSES—With fichu and Raeburn frill; foreign reproductions. Regularly $12.50 **8.75**

HABUTAI SILK BLOUSES—Embroidered; black and white. Regularly $6.75 **4.50**

FRENCH VOILE BLOUSES—"Trotteur" model; hand embroidered, black tie. Regularly $3.95 **2.25**

WASH SILK, CREPE AND PLAIN VOILE BLOUSES—In frill and embroidered effects. Reg. $3.25. **2.00**

BATISTE, VOILE AND CHEVIOT WAISTS AND BLOUSES — Lace trimmed, embroidered and tailored models. Regularly $2.00 **95c**

5,000 Waists and Blouses

Sizes and Styles for Women and Misses. Regularly $1.50 and $2.00; at **95c**

VOILE BLOUSE—allover embroidered.

VOILE WAIST—allover embroidered, high neck.

CREPE VOILE BLOUSE, lace trimmed, embroidered collar.

MIDDY BLOUSES—White Galatea, also Balkan model. Regularly $1.50, $2.00; at **95c**

HABUTAI SILK BLOUSE—Robespierre collar and pocket.

VOILE BLOUSE—Trotteur model. Black tie.

BATISTE BLOUSE—Hand embroidered, tucked collar.

BATISTE WAIST—entire front of embroidery. Reg. $3.00, $3.50; at **2.00**

Newest Summer Parasols

An especially interesting selection of the smart and practical styles shown this season; plain effects; neat borders and stripes and many novelties in shapes and handles. Regularly $3.95 and $4.50 **2.95**

Leather Goods

Two of the most useful week-end or vacation needs

TOILET CASES — Compact and well equipped; fittings suitable for auto trips, Pullman and travelling use; assorted styles. Regularly $7.50..... **5.50**

BLACK TRAVELLING BAGS—Of genuine imported pigskin and walrus; exceptionally well made; sizes 16, 17, 18 inches. Regularly $14.50 **10.50**

Midsummer Hosiery

Gauze lisle thread; Black, hand embroidered, in colors; reinforced soles, heels and toes. Value 50c. and 75c. Pair **35c**

Gauze lisle thread; Black or White; Lace insteps; reinforced soles, heels and toes. Value 50c. and 75c. pair **35c**

Sheer gauze lisle; Black or White; double tops and reinforced soles, heels and toes. Value 50c. pair **35c**

Six for $2.00.

Pure thread silk; ingrain dyed; Black, White or Tan; reinforced cotton soles or cotton tops. Value $1.00 pair **68c**

Pure thread silk; Black or white gauze and medium weight; reinforced garter welt and double soles, heels and toes. Value $1.50 pair **95c**

French Silk Hose, imported; Black and colors; hand embroidered clox. Value $3.00 pair **1.75**

Three for $5.00.

Pure thread silk; Black and White; hand embroidered, reinforced heels, soles and toes. Value $2.75 pair **1.95**

Summer Bedding

FINE WOOL BLANKETS—
Summer Weight—
Single bed size. Reg. $4.75 pair **3.50**
Double bed size. Reg. $5.25 pair **4.00**
Medium Weight—
Single bed size. Reg. $8.50 pair **5.75**
Double bed size. Reg. $9.00 pair **7.25**

COMFORTABLES—New Persian effects—
Plain borders—
Full size. Regularly $3.75 each **2.50**
Silkoline tops—
Full size. Regularly $1.75 each **1.50**

BED SPREADS—Light weight dimity—
Single bed size. Reg. $1.60 each **1.30**
Double bed size. Reg. $2.00 each **1.65**

Women's Summer Dresses

300 dainty Lingerie and Tissue Dresses. All choice, simple models; carefully selected fine materials and laces.

200 LINGERIE DRESSES—
Value $10.00 **4.50**

100 TISSUE DRESSES—
Value $10.00 **5.50**

Women's Suits and Coats

Most practical styles for Summer needs—stylish and smart models.

WOMEN'S SUITS—A number of women's suits from the regular stock; various materials and models.
Value $30.00 and $35.00 **22.50**

WOMEN'S COATS—Of black satin; lined or unlined; three choice models. Value $24.50 and $27.50.
Specially priced **16.50, 19.00**

The Fashionable Summer Neckwear

Smart and dainty conceptions for women and misses. The many necessary and well selected little things for the neck to complete the Summer toilette.

GUIMPES—Fine plain net; high collar; long sleeves; white and ecru. Regularly $1.25. **95c**

GUIMPES—Shadow lace; in fine dainty patterns; long sleeves; high neck; white and ecru. Regularly $1.50..... **1.15**

AUTOMOBILE HOODS—Fine quality pongee silk; trimmed contrasting shade silk and French knots. Reg. $2.95.. **1.95**

PLEATINGS—Plain net; shadow lace; batiste and chiffon; white and ecru. Regularly 65c. **45c**

FLOWERS—Roses, orchids, sweet peas and made bouquets; suitable for street and evening wear. Regularly 65c.. **40c**

Gloves for Summer Wear

Special values in the most needed kinds for women and misses.

LA SYLPHE—Pure thread silk, double finger tips; Paris point embroidery; 16 button length; black and white. Value $1.25 pair.. **90c**

CHAMOIS LISLE—16-button length; finest quality; white pongee and natural. Value $1.25 pair.. **85c**

CHAMOIS LISLE—2-clasp; finest quality; pongee, light mode and white. Value $1.25 pair.. **85c**

PURE SILK—16-button length; handsomely embroidered; also fancy mesh embroidered; pongee, light and dark tan; also black. Value $3.00 pair.. **1.65**

Summer Dress Goods

Fine weaves for mountain, shore or travel.

TAILOR SERGES—54 inch; navy and black only; superior quality; sponged; ready for use. Reg. $2.00 yard.. **1.45**

CREAM DRESS FABRICS—44 inch; comprising serges, cashmeres and mohairs. Regularly $1.25 yard.. **95c**

All Wool French Challies

6,500 yards of the finest quality, in neat floral designs and fancy stripes; specially desirable for Summer dresses, house gowns and kimonos; 30 inch. Regularly 65c and 75c yard. **Exceptional price..... 36c**

Summer Dress Shields

And Other Small Necessities.

DRESS SHIELDS—Puritan, double covered, soft and light weight; guaranteed to give satisfaction; sizes 2, 3 and 4. Pair, **12c**; Doz., **1.35**

DRESS SHIELDS—Arnold, Constable & Co.'s make; various styles; best quality and finish.
Size 2.....Pair, **20c**; Doz., **1.90**
Size 3.....Pair, **23c**; Doz., **2.15**
Size 4.....Pair, **25c**; Doz., **2.75**
Size 5.....Pair, **30c**; Doz., **3.25**

A COMPLETE LINE OF Kleinert's Dress Shields, Ono, Amolin and Naiad Makes at Lowest Prices

COAT AND SKIRT HANGERS—Nickel folding; the popular "Setwell Make." Each **10c**; 3 for **25c**

HAIR NETS—Genuine hair; large size, strong and serviceable and best value; auburn; black; light, medium and dark brown. Each **10c**; 3 for **25c**

300 Women's Raincoats

Made of Priestley's Celebrated English Cravenette waterproof, "Roseberry." An absolutely odorless, rainproof fabric, containing no rubber; soft and silky, fast dye, light in weight, packs into a very small compass. Two smart new spring models—raglan or set-in sleeves and convertible collar. Tan, blue and black. Sizes 14 to 44. Regular price $12.50..... **8.75**

Misses' Summer Dresses

Lingerie and Tissue of Excellent Material; All New Models; Daintily Made Up.

100 MISSES' LINGERIE DRESSES—Lace and embroidery trimmed; value $10.00. **4.50**

100 MISSES' TISSUE DRESSES; value $10.00. **5.50**

MISSES' DRESSES—Of imported cotton ratine; choice models and colorings; value $24.50. **15.00**

Misses' Summer Coats

Of navy blue Cheviot; handsome moire shawl collar; sleeves only lined; value $16.50. **10.50**

Embroidered Robes

Regularly $4.95, at..... **1.95**

Robes of fine voile in white, champagne, and ecru, embroidered in soft Bulgarian and broche colors. Can be made into a charming gown at small expense.

Bathing Suits, Sweaters

All New Attractive Models and the Prices are all special and most satisfactory to the buyer.

BATHING SUITS of black satin; trimmings of braid, moire or Bulgarian colored satin; special prices, **5.95, 6.95, 8.75**

SPECIAL new model, black satin, without bloomers..... **4.75**

MOHAIR BATHING SUITS, **3.95, 4.95**

BATHING CAPS—In a novel assortment; of plain, striped and Dresden satin; rubberized..... **1.50 and 1.85**

Pure gum, assorted styles and novel shades, **50c and 75c**

BATHING SLIPPERS—Hand turned; dainty shapes; assorted colors in sateen and satin..... **75c and 1.50**

SWEATERS—Full fashioned; of pure wool; good body, but very light weight; high or low neck; patch pockets; gray, white or Harvard. **3.95, 5.00, 6.75**

BEACH ROBES—Of Terry cloth; with girdle; striped and figured effects; plain or satin trimmed; with or without collars. **2.95, 3.75, 4.25**

PULLMAN TRAVELLING ROBES—Of Florentine Silk; with cap and envelope; packs in small compass; black, navy and gray; with fancy borders..... **4.95**

Cotton Crepe Underwear

Just the Underwear for Summer Travel—Washes beautifully and needs no ironing.

NIGHT GOWN—Low neck; short sleeves; all white, colored stripe or Dresden; lace edge in neck and sleeve....

DRAWER COMBINATION — Open or Butterfly style; trimmed with lace edging...

WALKING SKIRT—With or without underlay.....

Value $1.25 per garment. **95c**

Fashionable Summer Laces

The kinds that are now most needed to finish the Summer Dressmaking, at very special prices.

FINE PLEATING LACES—
Reg. 25c. to 50c. yard.. **12c to 28c**

EFFECTIVE SHADOW LACES—
Reg. 95c. to $2.50 yard **65c to 1.25**

NET TOP LACES—
Reg. $1.25 to $3.50 yard **75c to 2.25**

REAL IRISH CROCHET—
Reg. 75c. to $4.75 yard **45c to 2.95**

Veilings and Veils

Every fashionable kind to meet Summer Needs is represented in our stock. These are a few specials:

BLACK MESH VEILINGS—
Regularly 25c. yard..... **12c**

WHITE LACE VEILS—
Regularly $1.75 each..... **95c**

COLORED CHIFFON VEILS—
Regularly $1.95 each..... **1.25**

Plain White Goods

Most Needed Summer Fabrics at Very Special Prices.

500 PIECES ALEXANDRIA LONG CLOTH—36 inches wide. Doeskin finish. Reg. $1.75. Piece of 12 yards.... **1.45**

750 PIECES SOFT FINISH NAINSOOK—Especially suited for Ladies' and Children's wear. Regularly $2.00, $2.25, $2.50. Piece of 12 yards. **1.50, 1.75, 1.85**

3,500 YARDS LINGERIE CLOTH—38 inches wide. High lustre and soft finish. Regularly 30c. yard..... **18c**

2,500 YARDS WHITE CREPE VOILE—36 inches wide—a beautiful sheer dress fabric. Regularly 35c. yard..... **23c**

3,800 YARDS WHITE PIQUE—Suede finish, Corduroy weave. Three sized cords. 27 inches wide. Regularly 50c yard..... **27c**

Men's Shirts, Pajamas and Raincoats

CREPE DE CHINE SILK SHIRTS—Entirely new patterns of the finest quality of these most popular shirts. Regularly $8.00..... **4.95**

HEAVY SATIN STRIPED SILK SHIRTS—New, crisp and rich shirtings; handsome stripes on white and tinted grounds. Regularly $6.00..... **3.45**

SILK MULL PLEATED SHIRTS—White, blue, lavender, tan and gray; finest quality; very thin and sheer, for Summer wear; assorted sizes of pleats. Regularly $3.00, $3.50..... **2.25**

PURE SILK PAJAMAS—White and neat fancy stripes; silk clover frogs; perfect fitting, with ample room; all sizes. Regularly $7.50..... **4.50**

PRIESTLEY'S CELEBRATED GABERDINE CRAVENETTE RAINCOATS—The most practical all around rain coat; contains no rubber, but absolutely rainproof and odorless. The latest English models in new tan shades and dark mixed greys. Regular price $18.. **12.75**

Household Linens for Summer Needs

For the Mountain or Shore, Bungalow or Cottage—for the Yacht or for the City Home Summer Needs:

DAMASK TABLE CLOTHS—Serviceable heavy Irish linen. Regularly $3.50, $5.00, $5.50 each. **2.65, 3.35, 4.00**

NAPKINS—500 dozen odd lots. Regularly $4.00, $4.75, $6.00 doz. **3.00, 3.60, 4.00**

DINNER NAPKINS—Full size—Regularly $7.50 dozen.... **5.00**

HEMSTITCHED LINEN SHEETS AND PILLOW CASES—Exceptional wearing qualities; heavy round thread linen of Irish manufacture—

SHEETS for single bed. Regularly $9.00 pair.... **6.65**

SHEETS for double bed. Regularly $10.50 pair.... **8.00**

PILLOW CASES—Regularly $2.50 pair.... **1.85**

PILLOW CASES—Regularly $1.75 pair.... **1.25**

PILLOW CASES—Regularly $1.60 pair.... **1.00**

HUCK TOWELS—Hemmed ends. Reg. $2.50, $3.00 doz.... **1.90, 2.10**

BATH TOWELS—Large, soft and very absorbent; hemmed ends. Reg. $3.00, $3.75 doz... **2.50, 2.85**

15,000 Cotton Sheets and Pillow Cases

One-Third Below Regular Prices.

These very superior sheets and pillow cases are particularly suited to summer needs.

SHEETS—"Clydesdale"—Our high grade quality—
Size 63 x 99. Plain hem **65c.** each; hemstitched.....Each **80c**
Size 72x 99. Plain hem **72c.** each; hemstitched.....Each **85c**
Size 81x 99. Plain hem **78c.** each; hemstitched.....Each **90c**
Size 90 x 99. Plain hem **85c.** each; hemstitched.....Each **95c**
Size 90 x108. Plain hem **95c.** each; hemstitched.....Each **1.05**

PILLOW CASES—"Clydesdale"—Our high grade quality—
Size 42x 38½. Plain hem **17c.** each; hemstitched.....Each **22c**
Size 45 x38½. Plain hem **18c.** each; hemstitched.....Each **23c**
Size 50x38½. Plain hem **20c.** each; hemstitched.....Each **25c**
Size 54 x38½. Plain hem **23c.** each; hemstitched.....Each **28c**

Pure Linen Handkerchiefs

For women and men. Qualities that can be relied upon to give the most satisfactory service. All pure linen of the best Irish makes.

WOMEN'S INITIALS—Regularly $3.00 dozen.... **2.25**

WOMEN'S HAND EMBROIDERED—Regularly $6.00 dozen.... **3.00**

MEN'S PLAIN LINEN—Regularly $6.00 dozen.... **3.85**

MEN'S PLAIN LINEN—Regularly $7.00 dozen.... **4.65**

Broadway & 19th Street

CAN'T HINDER EGYPT SELLING ANTIQUITIES

Washington Decides It Has No Official Status to Warrant Protest for Metropolitan Museum.

DIPLOMAT ACTS PERSONALLY

France Alone, Officials Hold, Can Oppose Sale of Objects, Largely Collected by Americans.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—The State Department has practically decided that it would not be justified in giving official indorsement to the efforts of the Metropolitan Museum of Art of New York to prevent a proposed sale of half the antiquities in the great museum at Cairo. Many of the collections of Egyptian relics there were gathered by expeditions financed by the Metropolitan Museum.

After considering the protests of the authorities of the Metropolitan Museum, the department has decided that it can only leave the matter in the hands of Peter Augustus Jay, diplomatic agent and Consul General at Cairo.

Much indignation has been aroused among American antiquarians by the project of the Egyptian Government to sell half the finds turned over to it by foreign expeditions, including those financed by American organizations. It is understood that during his visit to Egypt last Winter J. P. Morgan interested himself in the attempt to prevent the sale, but nothing has reached here to indicate how far Mr. Morgan went in the matter.

The proposal for the sale came from Lord Kitchener, Sirdar of Egypt and commander of the British military forces in that country. The Egyptian expedition of the Metropolitan Museum made a protest against this and against a law, framed by Lord Kitchener, which sought to prevent an antiquarian expedition from working on more than two sites at the same time.

The case dates back to the time when the joint Franco-British protectorate over Egypt was ended, France relinquishing all her rights except those connected with the Department of Antiquities of the Egyptian Government. This interest of France in the Department of Antiquities was observed by Kitchener's predecessors, Lord Cromer and Sir Eldon Gorst, the museum being left under French control.

By the terms of its concession, the Egyptian expedition of the Metropolitan Museum of Art has regularly turned over to the museum of Cairo half of the results of its searches, the tacit understanding being that these relics would remain in the museum for reference and study.

Officials here think the Egyptian Government has a right to dispose of the contents of the museum as it sees fit. But even if it has no such right, it is agreed the dispute is a matter for adjustment between France and Great Britain. The Government of the United States, it is held, can have no say in the matter. The same view is taken of the protest of the Metropolitan Museum against the proposed law forbidding expeditions from working on more than two sites at one time. This, it is maintained, is a matter for regulation by the Egyptian Government.

The conclusion of the Government officials is that the best course is to permit Mr. Jay to continue his handling of the case as a personal matter without instructions, using his personal influence in negotiating with the proper authorities.

NOT ENOUGH BEEF FOR ALL.

America Must Stop Sending Its Cattle Abroad.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—The demand for beef far exceeds the supply and high prices are the result, says a bulletin issued to-day by the Department of Agriculture. The shortage in the supply of meat-producing animals, too, is becoming steadily greater and the country is warned that it is facing a period of short production of meat.

In the last six years there has been a decline of more than thirty per cent. in the number of beef cattle in the United States, according to the Department, and already the first three months of this year there has been an approximate decrease of thirteen per cent. in the number of meat animals killed under Government supervision when compared with the same three months of 1912. Estimates of the Department give the number of beef cattle in the United States on Jan. 1, 1907, as 51,606,000 and at the beginning of the present year as 56,080,000.

Prices paid for cattle, sheep, lambs and hogs last year were much higher than in the preceding year.

"The year 1912," says the Department, "was a year of high prices for all classes of food animals. With the diminished production in the home market, there no longer is a surplus for export. "The time has come when we must conserve our meat supply."

TOOK 3 BICHLORIDE TABLETS

Sixteen-Year-Old Girl Taken to Prison Ward of Bellevue.

A girl, who is described as Virginia Hepper, 16 years old, was taken last night from 348 East Fiftieth Street to Bellevue Hospital, where she was made a prisoner charged with attempting suicide by taking bichloride of mercury tablets. The utmost secrecy was maintained at the house, and even the driver of the ambulance was told that his services were not required. The girl was taken from the third floor of the four-story brownstone structure, and the ambulance driver was not allowed to ascend above the first floor. Then he was told that the ambulance surgeon, Dr. Stetson, would be able to work without assistance. About the same time a telephone message was sent to the East Fifty-first Street Station and Patrolman Bryan was sent to the house. He was told that a girl was suffering from ptomaine poisoning and that the ambulance surgeon was present and would be able to attend to it.

Bryan, however, went upstairs, and the girl told him that she had been suffering from a headache all day and that she had taken three bichloride of mercury tablets by mistake for a headache cure. Bryan was not satisfied with the story, and put the girl under arrest in the prison ward at Bellevue Hospital.

ALDERMAN LOSES APPEAL.

Davis Must Serve Prison Term for Attempted Extortion.

ALBANY, June 3.—The Court of Appeals to-day affirmed the conviction of Percy L. Davis, a New York Alderman, sentenced to prison for not less than one year nor more than twenty months for attempted extortion.

Davis was charged with having demanded $5,000 for the suppression of an affidavit concerning Mrs. Eva B. Carroll and her son.

MRS. HARRIS TELLS OF BAKER'S WOOING

Justifies Her Action for $200,000 Against Late Congressman's Estate.

NEVER HIS HOUSEKEEPER

But Had Promise of Settlement on Her of Enough Property to Make Her Independent.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—Mrs. Magnolia V. A. Horton Harris, who is suing the estate of Representative Henry M. Baker of New Hampshire for $200,000 on the ground that the two were engaged to marry and that he promised to transfer to her a large part of his property, talked of her case to-day. Mrs. Harris asserted that she and Baker had agreed to be married as soon as their wedding could be arranged conveniently, and that Baker promised to settle on her sufficient wealth to make her independent for life.

The plaintiff denied indignantly that she ever had been a nurse, companion, or housekeeper for the New Hampshire Congressman, and insisted that she was suing his estate only because he had failed to keep the agreement to settle on her a large amount. Mrs. Harris, according to statements made here to-day, is a great-great-granddaughter of the first Governor of Louisiana. She is a member of the Daughters of the American Revolution, the United Daughters of the Confederacy, and the Founders and Patriots' Society.

Mrs. Harris is the widow of D. A. Harris of Alabama, who was prominent as a Mason and is said to have been wealthy until he lost money in a mining venture. She came to Washington about two years ago, following her husband's death. She soon made the acquaintance of Representative Baker through mutual friends. She asserted this afternoon that in February, 1912, she entered his service as his secretary, assistant, adviser, and agent, but that she had known him since December, 1911.

He then was 70 years old, she explained; his business and political affairs were weighing heavily on him, and he came to rely largely on her help. Mrs. Harris asserted that, having agreed to marry her, Baker gave her an engagement ring and other tokens. The wedding, she continued, was set for last Summer, but he died on May 30, 1912.

"I never saw him except in the daytime," she added. "I believe the Congressman figured that he wanted a companion and friend in his old age. He did not say it exactly that way, but that probably was his idea under the marriage agreement, in view of the disparity of our ages."

Mrs. Harris is 40.

The estate is in the hands of the New Hampshire courts. Ancillary letters have been taken out in the Probate Branch of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia.

COURT INSTALS REPUBLICAN

Democrat Ousted from Chief Clerkship of Kings County Court.

ALBANY, June 3.—The Court of Appeals to-day decided that John T. Rafferty, a Republican, was entitled to the office of Chief Clerk of the County Court of Kings.

The decision ousts Thomas F. Wogan, a Democratic district leader. The judgment of the Appellate Division and that of the trial term in Wogan's favor is reversed.

EXPECTS RUSH FOR NOTES.

Harris Thinks $27,000,000 State Issue Will Be Oversubscribed.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 3.—Deputy State Controller Harris anticipates that the bids for the $27,000,000 short term State notes, which are to be offered for sale Thursday, will be many times oversubscribed.

"The sale will be by sealed proposals, which will be received at the office of the State Controller up to 3 P. M.," said Mr. Harris. "The whole issue will be sold in full or in part to the lowest bidders. The notes mature Feb. 1, 1914, and by that time a new issue of State bonds, under the 4½ per cent. rate, will be ready for sale. The bidders will be required to specify the lowest interest rate for which they will agree to purchase these notes in whole or in part at not less than par. Upon the acceptance of the proposal the successful bidder or bidders will be required to pay for the notes at the Bank of the Manhattan Company in New York City on or prior to June 10, 1913."

The notes will bear interest from the date of payment therefor, and will be issued in amounts to suit the purchaser.

STRAUS MEMORIAL TABLET.

Gift of Employes of Macy & Co. Will Be Unveiled on Next Sunday.

The unveiling of the Straus memorial tablet, which is a gift of the employes of R. H. Macy & Co., to the memory of Isidor Straus and Mrs. Ida Straus, who were among the victims of the Titanic disaster, will take place in the restaurant of R. H. Macy & Co. on Sunday, June 8, at 3 o'clock P. M.

Jesse Straus will accept the memorial on behalf of the family, and Sylvester Byrnes, general manager, will make the presentation on behalf of the employes. The tablet will be unveiled by one of the grandchildren.

Justice Greenbaum will speak on behalf of the charities with which Isidor Straus was connected, and Mrs. Cyrus Sulzberger will speak on behalf of the charities with which Mrs. Ida Straus was associated.

The tablet will be placed in the arcade entrance to the store.

Progressive Club for Whitman.

Resolutions were passed last night at a meeting of the National Progressive Party of the Fifteenth Assembly District recommending the nomination of District Attorney Whitman for Mayor. The meeting was held at the club rooms, 228 West Eighty-second Street.

Of the Washing of Dishes
there is no end---

but if you have a GAS WATER HEATER there comes an end to all difficulties that are due to the lack of hot water when needed.

As much or as little hot water as you require is furnished by a GAS WATER HEATER and just when you want it. A Heater is a necessity, not a luxury.

We have them for Home or Factory use, and sell them on easy terms. Full information may be obtained at any Gas Office in Manhattan or the Bronx.

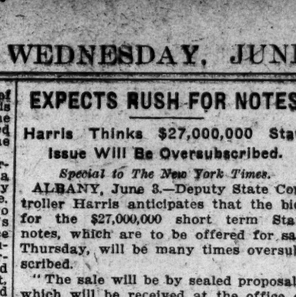
"The Right Way Is the Gas Way"

Consolidated Gas Company of New York
GEO. B. CORTELYOU, President

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.
Macy's
Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

MEN'S STRAW HATS
and
PANAMAS—SAVINGS

All the novelties of the season, as well as the more conservative styles (in the Men's Hat Department, Fifth Floor, 34th Street.)



"Bangkok" Hats at $4.74, $6.74 and $8.74
With pencil curl brims and telescope crowns.

Panama Hats at $4.96, $5.49, $7.49 and up to $24.49
Native-made on the west coast of South America. The best and most carefully finished obtainable. Ready-to-wear, in all the popular shapes, or blocked and trimmed to your order in any style desired.

Straws from England $1.39, $1.88, $2.74
Twenty-two styles in the famous Simpson & Harvey imported sennits with the easy fitting, self-conforming ventilated sweatband. Various heights of crown and widths of brim. Rough and smooth braids, smooth or "saw" edges, and either narrow or wide bands.

"Split" Straws, $1.88, $2.74, $3.74 & $4.49
Medium and fine braids. Crowns and brims in the latest narrow and medium dimensions.

Soft Brim "Milans" $1.88, $2.74 & $3.74
Very comfortable and easy fitting. Choice of four styles. These hats will be worn very extensively this year.

American Made Sennits $1.39, $1.88 & $2.74
From the best makers, and in choice of 18 distinct styles.

Mackinaw Straws, $1.88 & $2.74
With medium high crowns and pencil curl brims, or with high crowns and soft brims.

"Yeddo" Straws, $1.39, to $1.88
The lighest "boater" shape made, shown in novelty braids and with plain or ventilated crowns.

U. S. True Blue
Serge Suits
At $15
$20.00 Couldn't Buy Better

Deep, dark Indigo dyed, fast color, all-wool Blue Serge Suits which fear neither sun, rain, nor wear; they won't fade, shrink or cockle—they will keep their shape.

Nine years ago we introduced them, since then we have sold over 50,000 suits. This year they are better than ever; the same fine quality serges with a little better tailoring and a lot more style.

No Summer wardrobe is complete without a blue serge suit. Make yours a U. S. True Blue Serge and you will get the best that $15.00 can buy anywhere.

For Men and Young Men
Ready-to-Wear
Brill Brothers
279 Broadway, near Chambers Street
Union Square, 14th Street, near Broadway
47 Cortlandt Street, near Greenwich Street
Broadway at 49th Street
125th Street, Corner Third Avenue

Men's Oxfords at $6.50

Our College Model That Has the Snap and Grace the Young Man of Today Wants.
Made on a Swagger Swing Last, Military Heel, Extension Sole, in
Tan Russia Calf
Black Wax Calf
Patent Calf
$6.50

A Sensible but Stylish Oxford That Will Please a Great Many Men.
Made on a Broad, Comfortable Last with Custom Heel, made in
Tan Russia Calf
Black Wax Calf
Patent Calfskin
Black Kidskin
$6.50

Cammeyer
Stamped on a Shoe means
Standard of Merit
6th Ave. at 20th St.

KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

MEN! You get what you pay for in the Gillette Safety Razor—and that is *Shaving Service.*

Many a man would refuse a hundred dollars for his Gillette if he could not get another. And he wouldn't pay ten cents for a razor that fell short of his requirements.

Get Gillette Safety Razors and Blades from dealers anywhere in this city.

GILLETTE SAFETY RAZOR COMPANY, BOSTON

ORGANIZED IN 1867

OUR TIME certificates of deposit, bearing interest at current rates, take care of funds temporarily idle. They are especially available for thrifty persons who have outgrown the limitations of savings banks, and wish to study investment opportunities before committing themselves permanently.

Our knowledge of investments is at the service of our depositors.

LAWYERS TITLE INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY
CAPITAL & SURPLUS 9,500,000
160 Broadway, New York-188 Montague St., Brooklyn
BRANCH OFFICES-142-5 St. Nicholas Ave., New York-
500 Willis Avenue, Bronx-1354 Broadway, Brooklyn-
367 Fulton St., Jamaica-170 Railroad Ave., White Plains, N.Y.

Forged Out of a Solid Billet

AFTER we imported parts direct from Lyons, France, and employed skilled French mechanics from the shops of M. Berliet to build the Berliet in America, we adhered strictly to our famous French original—except for one important feature. This was chain drive.

We gave up chain drive and improved upon Berliet design by putting in shaft drive and a full floating rear axle.

It was a daring change to make and one that required extensive factory facilities, for our engineers would not entertain a built up or two piece rear axle such as most cars, even the high priced ones, use today. So we installed extensive equipment and forged the rear axle out of a solid billet of steel by the largest steam drop hammer in the world. This hammer weighs 250,000 pounds. The dies alone weigh 12,000 pounds.

We installed gigantic machines of marvelous accuracy to bore a hole through the billet—an operation of rare care and delicacy. As a result dis-alignment—which means wear, noise, loss of power—is unknown in the Alco, and our records show that our rear axle has never given trouble.

Men who drive the Alco appreciate this rear axle in riding ease and driving comfort. Its rare qualities go a long way—in supplying that extra little engineering touch which the experienced motor car owner seeks today.

ALCO
Motor Cars

AMERICAN LOCOMOTIVE COMPANY - - - 1886 Broadway, NEW YORK
Builders also of Alco Motor Trucks and Alco Taxicabs

PAD
Boston Garter
Velvet Grip

Holds Your Sock Smooth as Your Skin
Worn with either long or summer-length underwear.
Boston Garter
does not bind, does not relax, keeps its hold and its place. The white-lined pad is a warm-weather comfort—makes discoloration impossible.
SOLD EVERYWHERE
GEORGE FROST CO.
Makers, Boston

VENNER LOSES SUITS AGAINST INTERBORO

Federal Court Decides Not Only That Inter-Met Merger Is Legal, but Plaintiff Has No Rights.

ALL MORTGAGES ARE VALID

This Checks Continental Securities' Attempt to Upset Dual Subways —Monopoly Not Obnoxious.

Judge Hough handed down yesterday a decision in the Federal District Court throwing out the two suits brought by the Continental Securities Company, with which Clarence Venner is identified, against the Interborough Rapid Transit Company and a number of other traction corporations, and several individuals, including August Belmont and Thomas F. Ryan. The effect of these, if successful, would have been to declare the Interborough-Metropolitan merger illegal and the financial arrangements on which the dual subway system is based null and void. In doing so the court held that not only had the plaintiff no technical right to sue, but that the merger of which it complained was perfectly legal.

"The Metropolitan," said the court, "had exhausted the possibilities of surface transportation, and with its enormous fixed charges could not earn dividends—but subways were new and of unknown capacity, both as money raisers and money earners. It was a bold and ingenious move for the Metropolitan to put forward as a possible addition to its system connecting subways.

"This was done to the detriment of the Interborough, whose managers saw plainly enough that subways must be extended if successful, not only for financial but political reasons; and to have a bold rival in any plan for such extension seemed intolerable. This is shown by the evidence as the reason for the Interborough-Metropolitan—not the suppression or existing competition, as alleged in the bill. What was wished was elimination of a rival in any future bargaining with the city for subway additions and extensions."

Judge Hough added that such a monopoly could not be held to be obnoxious, as it was subject to the control of the Public Service Commission.

"The proof shows," he said, "that since suit was begun' the Second and Third Avenue street car lines, 'Belt Line,' and Union Railway Company have become separated from the Metropolitan system, as well as several crosstown lines." He said the prevention of competition in "building new subways in Manhattan and the Bronx continues, and the recent contracts for the dual system, considered in connection with Mr. Belmont's testimony, seem to show that 'wisdom is justified of her children.'"

The second suit brought by the Continental Securities Company asked that the mortgage made by the Interborough to the Morton Trust Company on Nov. 1, 1907, be set aside as having been executed "under the baleful and unlawful influence of the Interborough-Metropolitan." Supplemental bills to this complaint asked the same fate should overtake the $800,000,000 mortgage executed by the Interborough a few months ago to enable it to carry out the dual subway system arrangement, because it was approved by votes unlawfully cast by the Interborough-Metropolitan.

The court pointed out that these contentions admittedly presupposed success in the suit for the dissolution of the Interborough-Metropolitan Company, but the Morton Trust Company, in its answer, had also contended that, even if all the allegations in the first complaint were true, the property rights created by the mortgage would be protected and the mortgage itself would be a valid obligation in favor of the bondholders under it.

"Much time has been devoted to picturing the evil result of monopoly," the court observed, "but nothing has been done toward showing that complainant had lost a dollar by exactly what Mr. Venner knew was going to be done when he caused the stock to be purchased."

The demurrer decision held that the rights of the public and of stockholders had apparently been invaded. It now appears that no stockholder's pecuniary rights have been lessened."

Magistrate Barlow Dines the Mayor.

Magistrate P. T. Barlow, who was reappointed recently by Mayor Gaynor, gave a dinner in the latter's honor at the Union Club last night. Among the guests were John G. Milburn, Austen G. Fox, Alton B. Parker, John L. Cadwalader, Magistrates Murphy and Cornell, William Travers Jerome, Immigration Commissioner Williams, James Speyer, and Judge Elbert H. Gary.

'MOVIE' ORDINANCE IS VETOED BY MAYOR

Gallery Provision Cut Out of It in the Interest of the Small Theatres, He Says.

APPEALS TO BOARD'S HONOR

Asks Those Who Are Not "Under Temptation" to Pass Measure Prepared by His Commission.

Mayor Gaynor vetoed yesterday the moving picture ordinance passed recently by the Aldermen, and in a letter to the board on the subject he accused certain members of being influenced by proprietors of cheap moving picture shows who, he said, wanted an ordinance framed only for their interests. The ordinance the Mayor vetoed does not permit galleries to be erected, thereby keeping down the capacity, and the Mayor said this was a mistake. In his veto message he said:

"It is on this matter of permitting an audience of 600 that the trouble has arisen in your board. An attempt was made to defeat this provision of the ordinance and keep the audiences down to 300 or 400. I have been an onlooker during all the time that this proposed ordinance has been before you. I have, of course, seen not only the cause of the opposition, but whence it sprung.

"The cheap theatres of the city have no limitation put upon them as to audiences. They early banded together to oppose this moving picture ordinance unless this provision for an audience of 600 was cut out of it, and the audience kept down to the old number. Their purpose is purely selfish.

"As matter of fact the rivalry of the moving picture shows with an audience of 600 would not hurt the cheap theatres in the city. There is room enough for them all. But the proprietors of these cheap theatres are of a different view, and have thus far been influential enough, one way and another, and by this means and by that, to frustrate the passage of the ordinance reported by the commission.

"I trust that they shall not be able in the end to defeat it. It is time that they were told that they are not to rule in this matter. Our attempt is to make the moving picture shows of this town wholesome and safe. The proprietors of the cheap theatres cannot stand in the way and dictate to your honorable body, or to any of us, what we shall do in this matter. Let them get out of the way.

"Finally, when these theatre proprietors saw that they could not get a vote reducing the seating capacity of the moving picture shows, they bent their efforts to have the galleries cut out of them, which would accomplish the same effect. The ordinance as framed by the commission allowed a gallery, but provided that it should not have a seating capacity of more than one-fourth of the seating capacity of the whole place. The ordinance as you passed it cuts the gallery out. The effect is that a moving picture place with a seating capacity of 600 is reduced to 450 by cutting the gallery out, one of a seating capacity of 400 is reduced to 300 by cutting the gallery out, and so on.

"Thus, in this ingenious and indirect way these proprietors of cheap theatres are getting accomplished what they could not get directly accomplished. The result is most unjust to the proprietors of moving picture shows. It means that in order to have a seating capacity of 600 it will be necessary to increase the ground space, and hence the rent, and the cost of construction. This is wrong. There is no reason for it."

The Mayor wrote that some of the Aldermen had told him the ordinance was a party measure, and that they had to vote with their party. "The matter of party measures and political partisanship, he said, had been a curse to the city and should be got rid of. The Mayor added:

"I trust that my term of office shall not expire before a proper ordinance is passed. And I now go so far as to appeal to every honorable man among you, to every man among you who is not financially and personally interested, or under the temptation or control or leadership of some one who is, to dispose of this matter without regard to politicians or to parties, and pass the ordinance which the commission reported."

Succeeds Justice Bischoff as Trustee

Supreme Court Justice Gerard signed an order yesterday appointing Louis B. Hasbrouck Trustee of a $53,000 fund created under the will of Alexander Ming Fisher, for the benefit of Ethel Douglas Southwick. The previous Trustee was Supreme Court Justice Henry Bischoff, who was killed on March 21 last, by an elevator accident in the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank Building.

SEX SAVES WOMAN FROM TERM IN JAIL

Judge Denounces Miss Wingate as Perjurer Whose False Testimony Convicted a Man.

SHE RETRACTS IN COURT

Refuses to Answer Questions as to Her Career Because Evidence Might Degrade Her.

After saying that under the existing law he could not reverse the decision of Magistrate Krotel, who sentenced Joseph Raho to imprisonment of thirty days in the Workhouse for annoying women, Judge Swann, in General Sessions yesterday, denounced Miss Geraldine Wingate as a perjurer, after Miss Wingate had testified that she had willfully made misstatements to Magistrate Krotel and after she had refused to answer many questions regarding her past on the ground that her answers might tend to incriminate and degrade her. After Judge Swann had said he knew of no legal way of reversing the decision of the lower court, and had asked Emil Fuchs, Raho's counsel, to submit a brief, Judge Swann said:

"If this had been a man who had committed such perjury I would have committed him at once to the City Prison for the action of the Grand Jury. The suffragette does not like to know how lightly the law rests on her. The offense in this case was absolutely unjustifiable, and was committed with malice aforethought. If this had been a man I would have committed him. If she was committed undoubtedly it would arouse the indignation of all of her sex. I understand, however, that Miss Wingate will be kept under restraint, and if she is not I will have her arrested for perjury."

In court yesterday, when a witness, Miss Wingate was told that she could refuse to answer any question on the ground that it would incriminate or degrade her.

"What is your real name?" asked Judge Swann.

"I refuse to answer," replied the witness.

"Do you refuse on the ground that it would incriminate or degrade you?" asked Mr. Fuchs.

"No, because I don't want to drag my family name into court," answered the witness.

"When you testified on May 3 in the Men's Night Court did you say that Ada Miller, whose real name is Anna Rosenberg, was of good character?" asked the Judge.

"Yes, something like that; I just can't remember."

"But did you not know that she had just been released from the Magdalene Home?" asked Mr. Fuchs.

"Yes, I had been told so, but I said what I did to protect her—that is all. I can't see what wrong I did."

Miss Wingate, when she was asked if she ever had been arrested on any charge, refused to answer, on the ground that her answer would tend to degrade her. Judge Swann then explained to the witness the reason of the hearing. He said that although she had caused the arrest of Raho on testimony which it developed was perjured, Raho had been sentenced, the Magistrate believing her.

"Oh, that has nothing to do with me, no matter what the Magistrate believed," said Miss Wingate.

Mr. Fuchs asked the witness if she hadn't written a play called "The Social Enemy." She acknowledged that she had.

"Well, didn't seven stenographers refuse to typewrite it because of its character?" asked Mr. Fuchs.

"I don't see what this has to do with the case at all," replied the witness.

"Didn't you sign the name of Ford to the play, and say you were Miss Wingate's secretary in order to get the play written?" asked Mr. Fuchs.

"I refuse to answer that question, and I am not going to make a fool out of myself for you."

"Didn't you start a magazine called The Historical Suffragette?" asked Judge Swann.

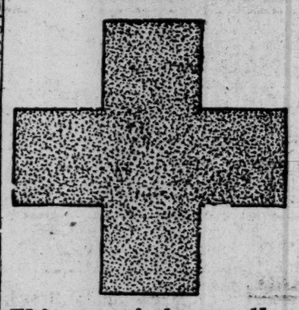
"Oh, no; it was the 'Hysterical Suffragette,'" replied the witness.

Raho, who has served twenty days of his sentence, will be released.

Stevens Institute Commencement.

The commencement exercises of the Stevens Institute of Technology will be held at Castle Point, Hoboken, on Tuesday, June 10. On alumni day, June 7, there will be a parade, baseball game between Stevens and New York University, band concert, and lawn party.

FUTURE GENERATIONS



This cross is known the world over

The health of future generations is dependent upon the sanitary customs of the present. That old proverb, "Cleanliness is next to Godliness," has taught the value of applying soap and water for health's sake as well as cleansing and beautifying the skin.

Synol Soap

is an evolution in antiseptic toilet preparations. It does all that any other soap can do, while its health preserving, dirt cleansing, germ destroying powers are far greater.

Synol Soap

is not a new discovery. It has been used by Surgeons, Physicians, in hospitals and thousands of homes for years as an antiseptic cleanser. It is fast becoming a general household toilet article and the soap that will be used by future generations.

25 CENTS A BOTTLE
Sold and recommended by Druggists in all nations

SYNOL SOAP

"It sterilizes the skin"

This Is an Age of Sterilization

Synol Is a Skin Sterilizer.

Every housewife knows the value of sterilization and has learned the necessity of sterilizing everything from the baby's milk bottle to the silverware on the dining room table. She appreciates the value of Synol in the home as an antiseptic toilet soap, which can be used in so many different ways.

The balsamic odor of Synol acts as a pleasan disinfectant in the home and proves the strength of the soap.

ALL DRUGGISTS SELL AND RECOMMEND IT.

Johnson & Johnson

New Brunswick, New Jersey

Largest Makers of Medicated and Surgical Dressings in the World

B. Altman & Co. announce that on and after SATURDAY NEXT, June 7th, and continuing throughout the months of June, July, August and September, the Store will be closed at 12 o'clock noon on Saturdays and at 5 P. M. on other business days.

B. Altman & Co.

have specially prepared for this day (Wednesday)

A Remarkable Sale of Women's Cotton and Linen Dresses

for Summer wear, made of the most desirable fabrics in smart, individual styles, and offering unusual values at

$5.50, 6.75, 7.50, 9.00, 11.50, 17.00, 18.00, 20.00, 24.00 & 28.00

Also Women's Separate Skirts of Cotton Fabrics

at . $2.85, 3.50, 4.00 & 5.00

Women's and Misses' Sweaters

for Sports and Outing wear, are a special feature in the Women's Knit Underwear Department. Included are Imported Silk Sweaters, knitted by hand or machine, in plain and two-toned effects and the fashionable lengths and styles, at reasonable prices

The following are regular stock prices:

Cashmere, Australian and Ancona Wool Sweaters, in straight and semi-belted effects, with and without collars, and representing all the smart colors in vogue . . at $9.50 to 25.00

Also Machine-knitted Wool Sweaters, at . . . . $3.90 to 15.50

Girls' and Children's Wool Sweaters, in white, gray, tan and cardinal, at . . . . $2.50 to 3.50

Also Girls' and Children's Ancona Wool Sweaters in tan, rose or Delft blue, at . . . . $5.50 to 6.50

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

Waltham Convertible Bracelet Watches

The novelty of this Waltham idea consists not only in a better bracelet and a better watch but also in the ability of both the bracelet and the watch to be worn separately.

The watch can be detached and worn either as a sautoir or chatelaine, and the bracelet, merely by inserting the two extra links which accompany it, can be worn just as a bracelet.

We have the most complete line of Waltham Watches in New York and we may add that our line of silverware has equal range and class.

Reed & Barton

5th Avenue at Thirty-second Street

The Best Beverage under the Sun—

Drink Coca-Cola

A welcome addition to any party—any time—any place.
Sparkling with life and wholesomeness.

Delicious
Refreshing
Thirst-Quenching

Demand the Genuine—Refuse Substitutes.

At Soda Fountains or Carbonated in Bottles.

THE COCA-COLA COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.
Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola.

The Furniture of Marie Antoinette's Time

WHEN Queen Marie Antoinette, the dainty and fastidious, contrived the delightsome furnishings of her rustic retreat at Little Trianon she left a legacy of elegance and refinement to succeeding generations.

Our Hampton Shops Reproductions of these gracefully carved and enamelled Chairs and Beds, Tables de Toilette and Desks, offer an opportunity of selection for Bedroom, Boudoir and Morning Room, not elsewhere to be found.

THE GRAND RAPIDS
Furniture Company
34 and 36 West 32d Street
Between Fifth Ave. and Broadway
New York.

HAMPTON SHOPS

KING WILLIAM IV. V.O.P. SCOTCH WHISKY

Quality Never Varies

Does Your Insurance Broker Understand Rate-Making?

IN the early days of fire insurance, two rates only were known—one for buildings of brick construction, another for frame, and these rates applied regardless of occupancy. Today fire-insurance schedule-rating is a highly complex and specialized science, and many factors besides the nature of construction are considered.

Particularly is this true in the rating of manufacturing establishments, wherein various processes are carried on and large quantities of new material are kept in stock. Many schedules of this kind, as well as those for mercantile houses, are so intricate as to be unintelligible, except to the expert.

The average business man accepts insurance for large amounts, without satisfying himself that his broker has any expert knowledge of rate-making, or that he is qualified by experience and ability to analyze the risk and suggest changes that will bring about reductions in premiums.

Our organization has time and again demonstrated its ability in this direction.

If you have insurable property, you will be interested in our methods.

An abundance of references from large insurers will convince you of our ability to serve you.

John A. Eckert & Co. INSURANCE 55 John Street

Schlichten 100 pure linen Underwear

The Original Ramie Fibre

Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

The Schlichten Ramie Summer-weight garments are a luxury for hot weather, the Ramie Linen being deliciously cool, having the highest absorbing and evaporating power of all known textile substances.

For sale by leading dealers everywhere. If your dealers cannot supply you we can direct you to one who can. Write for booklet and samples.

SCHLICHTEN RAMIE COMPANY,
357 Fourth Ave. New York.

CITY GAINS IN CASH AND LOWERS DEBT

Controller Redeems $27,000,000 Corporate Stock, Revenue Bonds, and Bills.

$8,500,000 IN SINKING FUNDS

From This $5,000,000 Outstanding Bonds or Stock Is to be Bought —Bonds Taken from Public.

The city's temporary debt was decreased last week by nearly $25,000,000 through the concurrent funding and liquidating processes now in progress as the result of the recent bond sale and the May tax payments. At the same time its cash, which is abnormally high for the time being, increased nearly $3,000,000, and now stands $58,580,898, as shown by the City Chamberlain's accounts.

The receipts from taxes last week were about $19,000,000, and the remainder of the money due in payment for the bonds issued the week before amounting to about $6,250,000, came in on Monday, the rest of the $45,000,000 having been paid the week before. Altogether the city has also received nearly $62,000 in premiums on the bonds.

These receipts, with the large balances on hand, permitted the Controller to redeem more than $12,000,000 of the maturing corporate stock notes, and nearly $15,000,000 of revenue bonds and bills.

Of these obligations paid off, about $10,000,000 was held by the sinking funds, which consequently received that amount of cash. Of this, $2,200,000 was reinvested in corporate stock notes and revenue bonds, this money passing back to the City Treasury, as shown in the table. This left the sinking funds with about $8,500,000 in cash, of which $5,000,000 is to be invested in corporate stock or bonds bought on tender from the public.

The City's Cash Position, May 31, 1913.

CITY TREASURY			
Balance May 24, 1913		$55,890,885.09	
Receipts—			
From taxes and other revenues	$19,360,086.27		
From sale of corporate stock of May 20	6,248,080.00		
Premium on corporate stock	8,151.62		
From sale of corporate stock notes	2,000,000.00		
From sale of special revenue bonds	200,000.00		
Miscellaneous	34,456.82	28,054,774.71	
		$83,945,657.80	
Payments—			
General administration	$6,758,512.45		
Repayment of revenue bonds and bills	14,672,642.90		
Redemption of corporate stock notes	12,205,187.98		
Repayment of special revenue bonds	5,000.00		
Interest on the city debt	406,181.78	34,048,425.01	
Balance May 31, 1913			$49,897,232.79
SINKING FUNDS			
Balances May 24, 1913		$816,869.46	
Receipts		10,072,377.01	
		$10,889,246.47	
Payments		2,205,580.93	
Balance May 31, 1913			8,683,665.54
Aggregate balances May 31, 1913			$58,580,898.33

The City's Temporary Financing, May 24 to 31, Inclusive.

	Corporate Stock Notes.	Revenue Bds. and Bills.	Special Rev. Bonds.
Issued	$2,000,000.00		$200,000.00
Redeemed	12,205,187.98	$14,673,542.80	6,000.00
Net decrease	$10,205,187.98	$14,673,542.80	*$195,000.00
Outstanding May 24	46,007,687.98	82,338,851.62	2,726,287.50
Outstanding May 31	$35,802,500.00	$67,665,308.82	$2,921,287.50

*Increase.

When the Controller announced the bond sale which was held on May 20 he also announced that this $5,000,000 of bonds would be bought. Some years ago it was the custom for the Sinking Fund Commissioners to bid for bonds when a sale was held, just as any other investor would. The practice of the present administration is to buy for the sinking funds either short-term obligations or portions of old bond issues, as this is considered a sounder policy from an amortization standpoint, bringing cash into the sinking funds from time to time instead of fifty years hence. In asking for tenders of bonds the Controller has, therefore, excluded the last issue. Under the existing law, bonds bought for the sinking funds cannot be canceled, but are held until maturity, drawing interest, of course. The holdings of the sinking funds, however, are deducted from the aggregate outstanding for purposes of calculating the debt limit.

The first tenders under this plan of buying bonds in the market were received on Monday of this week, amounting to about $2,000,000. Of these offers about $1,000,000 of bonds were accepted. Further tenders are to be received on Mondays and Thursdays for the next few weeks, or until $5,000,000 have been accepted. Any bonds rejected on one occasion may be tendered again on succeeding dates on the same or different terms. The point is that the Controller accepts the most favorable offers first, and, if it appears that he cannot obtain the entire amount desired without paying higher prices, the offers first rejected may come within the price necessary to pay.

One of the purposes of this plan is to hold up the market for city bonds, and that is the reason it was announced at the same time as the prospective sale. If the fact that the city is in the market for $5,000,000 of its earlier issues keeps up prices, the city benefits in bringing out its new issue. On the other hand, if it does not have that effect the city is enabled to buy bonds at low prices, thus investing to advantage the cash in the sinking funds.

The sinking funds hold about $8,000,000 more of temporary obligations, maturing between now and June 15, which will bring in to them that much additional cash. This, with their other balances, will be available for the purchase of new stock notes and revenue bonds as they are issued, putting the city in a very independent position for some time in respect to its borrowings. Notes and bonds sold to the sinking funds all bear interest at 3 per cent., the amortization basis of the funds. If the condition of the money market is such that the city can profitably borrow outside at a lower rate and leave the sinking fund cash on deposit with the banks, drawing 2 per cent. interest, it can do so. If money rates are high it can sell its obligations to the sinking funds on a 3 per cent. basis.

MOTION TO ACQUIT WOOD IS DENIED

Jury, Not Judge, Must Pass on Case of Mill Owner Accused of Dynamite Conspiracy.

NO TESTIMONY FOR WOOD

His Counsel Rests, and To-day Defense of Atteaux Will Be Opened —The Court's Impressions.

BOSTON, June 3.—The guilt or innocence of William M. Wood, President of the American Woolen Company, charged with conspiracy to "plant" dynamite on the premises of textile strikers at Lawrence, must be determined by a jury and without any direct evidence having been introduced by the defense.

Judge John C. Crosby, presiding at the trial of Wood, Frederick E. Atteaux, and Dennis J. Collins, late to-day overruled a motion by Henry F. Hurlburt, counsel for the mill man, that the jurors be instructed to return a verdict for his client.

"Juries," said Judge Crosby, "can only draw such inferences from facts as are fair. It seems to me that it is of importance to show the relations—business and otherwise—between Mr. Atteaux and Mr. Wood, as well as the relations between other co-conspirators.

"It is necessary for the Commonwealth to show something more than passive knowledge or acquiescence in the conspiracy, but it is not necessary to prove that the conspirators actually met together, though this might be inferred from the evidence.

"I have not been sitting here for part of three weeks without having some impressions. Some of the evidence offered here tends to show that the defendant, Wood, was interested, as the head of a great corporation, and also as one of the two largest individual stockholders in the corporations affected, in the settlement of this strike.

"There is evidence that might influence the jury to convict Atteaux. There is evidence of intimacy between Atteaux and Wood. There is evidence that Atteaux and Wood were together at Wood's Andover home the night before the discovery of the dynamite, when both were attending a conference of mill men to discuss the situation.

"There is evidence that the evening before the dynamite was found a passenger—resembling the defendant Atteaux, but not identified—took a taxicab in front of Wood's house and went to Franklin and Washington Streets. There is evidence that Breen saw Atteaux and received from him $505. There is evidence that might warrant the inference that half an hour before Breen and Atteaux met, Atteaux was at Wood's house.

"It seems to me that all the evidence presented warrants the submission of the case to the jury as to all the defendants."

The prosecution rested early in the afternoon, and Mr. Hurlburt immediately announced that he would rest his case. In asking that the jury be instructed to acquit he based his argument on the claim that in order to show Wood guilty of conspiracy it must be established that he had active participation in an unlawful agreement. He declared that it had not been shown that Wood took an active part in the alleged conspiracy.

District Attorney Pelletier opposed the motion on the ground that it was a well-established principle of law that conspiracy could be established by inference and by circumstantial evidence, and that it was not necessary to prove an express agreement.

Only two witnesses were heard to-day. Nothing new of importance was brought out. To-morrow Mr. Coakley will open his case in defense of Atteaux.

FOREIGN PRICES INFLATED.

Cost of Living There Worse Than Here, Says Charles A. Whelan.

Charles A. Whelan, who returned yesterday from Europe on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie, said that the cost of living in Europe was much higher than it was in the United States.

"In Italy," he said, "we had to pay 16 cents a pound for sugar for use on my yacht, and the stores purchased in Southampton, England, were much dearer than the price for similar articles in New York. The difference is that in Europe the workman simply exists and does without articles of food and clothing that the American workman looks upon as everyday necessities."

Mr. Whelan said that money rates were high all over Europe because people were holding on to their cash and would not invest in securities. The war in the Balkans had destroyed the Turkish tobacco crops and had raised the price 25 per cent, and the price of all cigarettes made from Turkish tobacco in the United States would have to be increased, he said. This includes the Egyptian cigarettes, because they are made from Turkish tobacco.

4004 ?

GARY EXPLAINS WHY RAILS ARE $28 A TON

Steel Corporation Fixed It, Wouldn't Raise It, and Competitors Had to Follow.

BROKE UP JACKSON POOLS

Learned of Them from a Stranger and Went After Them—Gary Dinners Given to Cultivate Rivals.

Elbert H. Gary, Chairman of the United States Steel Corporation, continuing yesterday his testimony in the suit for its dissolution, told how he learned through a stranger of the existence of the Jackson wire pools, of which the American Steel and Wire Company, a subsidiary, was a member. He denied that there had ever been, so far as he knew, an international rail pool, such as William Ellis Corey understood was in operation, and explained why the price of rails had not varied from $28 a ton in years. The Gary dinners, he said, had nothing to do with price-fixing.

He said when he heard of the Jackson pools he sent for Charles MacVeagh, General Solicitor of the Steel Corporation.

"I told Mr. MacVeagh," he said, "that I didn't think there was any foundation for the man's statement, that I was very much surprised by it, that I understood that anything that could possibly be questioned had been wiped out long ago, that I would like to have him go into this matter thoroughly with the stranger who came to my office, and if they found anything wrong to be certain that it was wiped out.

"Mr. MacVeagh reported that he had found the wire people connected with an arrangement he considered illegal. I told him to make sure that the whole matter was abandoned, and if he had any difficulty to report to me. At my direction the subsidiaries withdrew."

An extract from the minutes of the Finance Committee of the Steel Corporation, which had been read to Mr. Corey, was read yesterday to Judge Gary by R. V. Lindabury, counsel for the defense. The meeting was on Nov. 1, 1904, and the minutes said:

"The President brought up the question of making some arrangement with foreign producers in regard to the price of rails to be sold in neutral markets. After a full discussion, it was referred to Messrs. Gary and Corey with power."

"What do you say about that?" asked Mr. Lindabury.

"I say it was probably done to bury it," said Judge Gary. "The committee never took any action. If anybody suggested to me that an agreement could or ought to be had of any sort I know very well what my answer would be."

The Gary dinners and other meetings of steel manufacturers were gone into at length. The first Gary dinner was held in November, 1907, soon after the acute stage of the panic. Customers who had stocks of steel, Judge Gary said, feared the demoralization of the industry and manufacturers were uneasy.

The purpose of the Gary dinners, he said, was to bring together into friendly contact men engaged in the iron and steel industry. There was nothing like close contact with a competitor, he said, to assure fair and decent treatment.

"My purpose," said he, "was to prevent the demoralization of business, to maintain so far as practicable the stability of business, and to prevent if I could—not by agreement, but by exhortation—the wide and sudden fluctuation of prices, which would be injurious to every one interested in the business of iron and steel manufacture."

Two dinners with foreign manufacturers were held in 1908, a dinner under the auspices of the American Iron and Steel Institute in February, 1909, and a Gary dinner in January, 1911. The speeches made by Judge Gary at these dinners were put in evidence to show that there was no idea of fixing prices.

As to the price of steel rails, Judge Gary said the President of the Pennsylvania Railroad came to him each year to fix the price for the following year. "The basic price of $28," he said, "has continued largely because the Steel Corporation refused to advance it. We have taken our position and the others have been obliged to follow, notwithstanding that the cost of manufacture has materially increased."

Judge Gary's direct examination was finished yesterday. He will be cross-examined after Percival Roberts, Jr., who wants to start for Europe, has testified. Mr. Roberts, who is the first witness to be called by both sides, took the stand for a few minutes before adjournment yesterday. He is a member of the Finance Committee and was formerly President of the American Bridge Company.

MORRIS PARK REALTY SALE.

266 More Lots Sold—Total Is 1,011 Lots for $1,115,900.

Two hundred and sixty-six lots were sold yesterday at the auction sale of the Morris Park Racetrack property for a total of $277,625. The average price was $1,043. The total number of lots sold in the three days of the sale is 1,011, for a total of $1,115,900, at an average price of $1,103 a lot.

In the first hour of yesterday's sale thirty-three lots were sold at an average price of $971 a lot. The northeast corner of Pierce and Radcliff Avenues brought $1,425, while the adjoining lots on Pierce Avenue ranged from $900 to $1,000. Radcliff Avenue lots sold at from $875 to $1,175 each. The southeast corner of Van Nest and Radcliff Avenues was knocked down at $1,425. The three adjoining lots on Van Nest Avenue went for $1,075, $975, and $875, respectively.

There was some brisk bidding for lots in Block 70, just south of the Westchester & Boston Railroad Station. The majority of lots were irregular in size, and brought from $1,600 to $3,050. W. B. Bassett of Norfolk, Va., who was a heavy buyer in the first days of the sale, increased his holdings by the purchase of the entire block front on the south side of Pierce Avenue, between Haight and Lurting Avenues, a plot 200 by 150. He paid $1,100 each for the corners, and $700 each for the inside lots.

The fact that prices had fallen off was shown in the sale of the southeast corner of Morris Park Avenue and Home Avenue, which was knocked down for $2,650. The southwest corner brought $3,750 on Monday.

KNABE WAREROOMS

50 Splendid Upright PIANOS

Of exceptional manufacture; used during rental season and entirely overhauled, will be placed on special sale to-day only. Their tone is resonant, bright and full, and the cases have been refinished in our shops. There is every conceivable style and case design to choose from, and many are desirable for their **convenient size for Summer homes.** Most of them were priced at from $300 to $350, and are sold for more by dealers elsewhere. The price **TO-DAY only,** irrespective of cost, **is uniformly..** **$165**

$5 Down and $5 Monthly
Better Than Renting.

Also 12 PLAYER-PIANOS

used for demonstration only, that sold up to $550. **TO-DAY, ONLY** **$390**

TERMS TO SUIT YOUR CONVENIENCE
Music rolls free and special library privileges
All Are Fully Guaranteed
Liberal Allowance for Old Pianos Taken in Exchange

Knabe Warerooms
Knabe Bldg., 5th Ave. at 39th St.

746 Suits Specially Priced

FOR TO-DAY ONLY

An opportunity unusual at this time of the season is afforded by this special offering of Hackett, Carhart clothes which were formerly $22.50 and $25.00 at

$17.00

There are models and fabrics comprising every type popular this season—conservative two and three button sacks—some with the English soft front, rolling to the second button, with or without patch pockets. Norfolks are also included.

There are sizes from 33 to 48 chest measure. Your build and your personality can best be suited at this remarkable event.

$17.00

can buy no greater suit value in New York to-day. Every garment was formerly priced $22.50 and $25.00.

Proportionately high values from $13.50 to $21.00.

Hackett, Carhart & Co. Inc. Retail

265 Broadway, Near Chambers St., Opposite City Hall
119 West 42d St., Near Broadway, Open Evenings
841 Broadway, at 13th Street, Near Union Sq.
154 East 125th St., Near 3d Avenue, Open Evenings

MOUNT DESERT
Off the Maine Coast

You never tire of Mount Desert. It is so wonderful, so varied, so beautiful, so gay.

Isle of Enchantment

You turn from the sea to the mountains, from the mountains to the deep woods—all on this marvellous island.

You live in an unending round of summer pleasures. Or you just rest and breathe that wonderful sea air, saturated with spruce and pine.

You may choose

Bar Harbor

with its fashionable and artistic life, or such perfect vacation spots as Southwest, Northeast and Seal Harbors.

You may sail, bathe, fish, play tennis and golf, drive, ride, motor, climb mountains, enjoy the delightful social gaiety which is so large a part of the summer here.

And whether you live at great hotel or moderate-priced boarding house, you will find the delightful and interesting summer people for which Mt. Desert is famous.

SOLID THROUGH EXPRESS TRAINS FROM NEW YORK

Send for FREE BOOKLET "Mt. Desert, Isle of Enchantment"

ADDRESS
VACATION BUREAU
THE NEW ENGLAND LINES
Room 816, So. Station, Boston, Mass., or call at City Ticket Office, 171 Broadway, N. Y.

THE NEW ENGLAND LINES
Boston & Maine R.R. Boston & Albany R.R. Maine Central

Which?

FRANKLIN BALANCED CONSTRUCTION OR SPECIALIZED FEATURES

Franklin Balanced Construction has succeeded in trimming down overweight in every part; in measuring the capacity of every part, and the strain on every part; and in correlating the size, weight and capacity to meet that unavoidable strain.

Franklin Little Six "30," a light, medium size 5-passenger car $2900

THOUSANDS of cars are sold by exploiting some particular feature—Speed — Engine — Transmission — Starting Device. The list runs the whole gamut of parts and accessories.

Franklin Balanced Construction plays up no feature at the expense of the whole machine. It has netted a saving of 1000 lbs. to 1200 lbs. weight per car compared with any other car of equal power and capacity.

Reduced weight increases tire mileage, as proved by Franklin users, 100% over all other cars of equal power and capacity. Reduced weight increases gasoline mileage for Franklin users 100% over all other cars of equal power and capacity.

The Franklin has reduced its weight like the fighter who trains down to the minute.

The Franklin laminated wood frame is a revelation. Abolishing the rigid steel frame has reduced the jolts to a minimum. The Franklin wood frame, plus four full elliptical springs, absorbs road shocks just as the wooden foundation of a heavy steam hammer saves the machine from being wrecked. All rigid strut rods and braces are eliminated.

Come in and let us explain the wonderful Fact-Backed Franklin to you detail by detail.

It is the most economical car in upkeep cost of its size and capacity.

Fact-Backed Franklin cars are made as follows:

Franklin Six "38,"	$3600
Franklin Little Six "30,"	2900
Franklin Four "25,"	2000
Franklin "18" Runabout,	1650

FRANKLIN MOTOR CAR CO.
Glenn A. Tisdale, Manager,
73rd St. and Amsterdam Ave., New York.

GIANTS WIN IN ST. LOUIS---YANKEES AND SUPERBAS LOSE---DOG SHOW

GIANTS CLIMB INTO SECOND POSITION

Victory Over St. Louis and Brooklyn's Defeat Change National League Race.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, June 3.—The Giants vaulted serenely into second place in the dash for the National League flag to-day by extracting a 5 to 3 victory from the joyless combination which is now mobilized under the standard of Miller Huggins. Capt. Larry Doyle found the weather here too torrid, and lingered under the electric fans, while Shafer covered second base. The hot weather has affected Art Fletcher just the other way, and he celebrated with some dazzling assists and poked out three hits.

Tesreau pitched for seven innings and held the Cardinals to six hits, but he gave his teammates heart failure in the fifth when he forced in a run and conveyed the strong impression that he was going to explode with a loud roar. Jeff pulled himself together and climbed out of the hole. He left the game in the seventh inning to allow McCormick to try for a pinch hit, which was a futile effort. Crandall finished the game, allowing the Cards one hit in the ninth.

Neither Slim Sallee nor Burk were mystifying to the Giants, and except for fast fielding behind them the New Yorks would have harvested more runs. Chief Meyers was quite a busy man, and had more assists for his day's share than Merkle at first base. The Indian dropped several third strikes and had to toss the runners out at first, while he also nipped two ambitious base runners on their wild trips to second.

The Cards registered the first run in the opening session, when Huggins walked. The "Rabbit" stole second and went to third on Meyers's wild toss. He scored on Mowrey's single to left. Two runs put the Giants in the lead in the second. Snodgrass singled to right and scounted when Merkle bounded a long double off the right field fence. Merkle went to third after Oakes caught Murray's fly. Meyers singled to left, scoring Merkle. The layout was still inviting, but Herzog tapped into a double play.

Another Giant run materialized in the fourth, when Snodgrass tripled to deep centre and went through on Merkle's sacrifice fly to Oakes. "Chief" beat the throw home comfortably. Meyers walked in the fifth, went down on Herzog's out, and scored on Burns's single to centre.

Danger lurked in the immediate vicinity of the Giants in the last half of the fifth. O'Leary and McLean greeted Tesreau with singles, and they landed on third and second after a poor throw-in by Burns. Steve Evans, batting for Sallee, rolled to Merkle, who threw O'Leary out at the plate. McLean going to third. Huggins walked and the bases were filled. Oakes filed to Burns, but the impatient Cards were all held at the corners. Sheckard waited patiently for a pass and forced McLean at home with a run. The turmoil ended when Mowrey struck out.

In the eighth Shafer tripled and scored on Fletcher's single. In the ninth O'Leary solved Crandall in the Cards' dying effort. He smashed out a double and raced home at top speed while Whitted was being tossed out after an attempted hit-and-run play. Then Fletcher threw out the next three men in speedy succession.

The latest acquisition to the Giant ranks is Attorney Eddie Grant, one time of fair Harvard. Eddie has been purchased by Manager McGraw from Cincinnati, and will be used as a utility infielder. The score:

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Burns, lf.	4	0	1	1	0	0
Sh'fer, 2b.	4	1	1	0	2	0
Fl'c'r, ss.	4	0	3	2	4	0
Sl'g'r, cf.	3	0	0	2	0	0
M'rkle, 1b.	3	1	1	11	2	0
Mur'y, rf.	4	0	1	1	0	0
M'yers, c.	3	1	1	12	3	0
Herz'g, 2b.	4	0	0	2	3	0
Tesr'u, p.	2	0	1	0	2	0
Crand'l, p.	0	0	0	0	1	0
*M'C'mick.	1	0	0	0	0	0
†Whitted.	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total.	32	5	11	27	15	0

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Hug'ns, 2b.	2	1	0	5	4	0
Oakes, cf.	4	0	0	2	0	0
Sh'k'd, rf.	2	0	0	2	0	0
M'wrey, 3b.	4	0	1	2	4	0
K'tc'y, lb.	4	0	1	13	0	0
Mages, lf.	4	0	1	1	0	0
O'L'ry, ss.	4	1	1	2	3	0
McL'an, c.	4	1	2	4	4	0
Sallee, p.	1	0	0	0	0	0
Burk, p.	1	0	0	0	2	0
†Evans	1	0	0	0	0	0
‡Whitted.	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total.	32	3	7	27	16	0

*Batted for Tesreau in the seventh inning.
†Batted for Sallee in fifth inning.
‡Batted for Burk in ninth inning.
Errors—Burns, Meyers.

New York	0	2	0	1	1	0	0	1	0—5
St. Louis	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0—3

Two-base hits—Merkle, Konetchy, O'Leary. Three-base hits—Snodgrass, Shafer. Hits—Off Sallee, 7 in five innings; off Burk, 4 in four innings; off Tesreau, 6 in six innings; off Crandall, 1 in three innings. Sacrifice hit—Snodgrass. Sacrifice fly—Merkle. Stolen bases—Huggins, 2. Double plays—Mowrey, Higgins, and Konetchy; Shafer, Fletcher, and Merkle; O'Leary, Huggins, and Konetchy. Left on bases—St. Louis, 7; New York, 3. First base on balls—Off Tesreau, 5; off Sallee, 1. Struck out—By Tesreau, 5; by Crandall, 3. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Orth.

Pirates Found Tyler Easy.

PITTSBURGH, June 3.—After holding Pittsburgh nicely for four innings, George Tyler lost control in the fifth, and from that inning on the locals bunched long hits, with walks, and won easily by the score of 7 to 2. The score:

PITTSBURGH.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Boos, cf.	2	0	0	0	0	0
H'fm'n, cf.	1	1	1	3	0	0
Carey, lf.	3	0	0	3	0	0
Viox, 2b.	3	2	2	2	3	0
Wagner, ss.	3	1	2	1	4	0
Miller, 1b.	4	1	3	12	0	0
Wilson, rf.	3	0	0	3	0	0
Byrne, 3b.	3	1	1	1	2	0
Simon, c.	3	1	1	0	2	0
Rob'son, p.	3	0	1	0	2	0
Total.	30	7	10	27	13	0

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
M'Mville, ss.	4	0	0	0	2	0
Myers, 1b.	3	1	2	8	1	0
Lord, lf.	3	0	0	2	0	0
Sw'n'y, 2b.	4	1	1	1	3	0
Titus, rf.	4	0	1	2	0	0
Mann, cf.	4	0	2	5	0	0
Devlin, 3b.	2	0	0	0	1	0
Wh'ling, c.	4	0	1	4	2	0
Tyler, p.	3	0	0	1	2	0
Total.	31	2	7	24	11	0

Errors—Titus, Whaling.

Pittsburgh	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	1	0—7
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0—2

Two-base hits—Viox, Wagner, Miller, (2), Myers. Three-base hits—Viox, Hofman. Sacrifice flies—Wagner, Carey, Robinson. Sacrifice bunt—Lord. Stolen bases—Byrne, Sweeney, Whaling. Left on bases—Boston, 6; Pittsburgh, 7. Hit by pitcher—By Tyler, Byrne. Bases on balls—Off Tyler, 4; off Robinson, 3. Struck out—By Tyler, 4; by Robinson, 1. Time of game—One hour and forty-seven minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Brennan and Eason.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

AT BALTIMORE.

										R.	H.	E.
Jersey City	0	0	0	0	1	6	1	0	0	8	12	2
Baltimore	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	5	..	9	12	2

Batteries—Thompson, Manseh, McHale, and Blair; Morrisette, Shawkey, and Egan.

AT PROVIDENCE.

										R.	H.	E.
Newark	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	1	6	8	1
Providence	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	5

Batteries—Enzmann and Higgins; . Reisigl and Kocher.

AT MONTREAL.

										R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	3
Montreal	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	2	8	2

Batteries—Mains, Fullenweider, and Gowdy; Mattern and Madden.

AT TORONTO.

										R.	H.	E.
Toronto	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	10	2
Rochester	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	8	2

Batteries—Wilhelm and Jacklitsch; Hearn and Graham.

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BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Cleveland, 8; New York, 2.
Philadelphia, 7; Detroit, 3.
Washington, 3; St. Louis, 2.
Boston, 3; Chicago, 2.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
New York, 5; St. Louis, 3.
Cincinnati, 1; Brooklyn, 0.
Pittsburgh, 7; Boston, 2.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.
Baltimore, 9; Jersey City, 8.
Newark, 6; Providence, 1.
Rochester, 3; Toronto, 2.
Montreal, 2; Buffalo, 0.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	31	10	.756
Cleveland	31	13	.705
Washington	23	19	.548
Chicago	24	21	.533
Boston	19	22	.464
Detroit	18	28	.391
St. Louis	19	30	.388
New York	9	31	.225

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	23	11	.676
New York	22	16	.579
Brooklyn	21	17	.552
Chicago	21	20	.512
Pittsburgh	21	20	.512
St. Louis	19	24	.442
Boston	14	22	.389
Cincinnati	16	27	.372

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Newark	27	17	.614
Buffalo	25	16	.610
Rochester	22	20	.524
Baltimore	22	21	.512
Providence	19	20	.487
Montreal	19	20	.444
Toronto	16	21	.432
Jersey City	13	25	.342

Where They Play To-day.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Cleveland at New York.
Detroit at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at Washington.
Chicago at Boston.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
New York at St. Louis.
Brooklyn at Cincinnati.
Philadelphia at Pittsburgh.
Boston at Chicago.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.
Newark at Providence.
Jersey City at Baltimore.
Rochester at Toronto,
(Two games.)
Buffalo at Montreal.

AMES SHUTS OUT BROOKLYN

Giants' Cast-Off Pitcher Holds Superbas to Three Hits.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, June 3.—Cincinnati won the first game of the series with Brooklyn here to-day, when Ames, the erstwhile New York twirler, allowed the visitors three hits and shut them out, 1 to 0. Allen also pitched good ball, allowing Cincinnati but three hits. A base on balls in the first inning, however, proved his undoing, as this was followed by two single, which permitted the only run of the game to come across the plate. Yingling pitched the final inning for Brooklyn.

Bescher's hitting was a factor, his hit in the first inning bringing in the only run. Kling faced Allen three times and drew as many bases on balls, one of which was given to him intentionally.

In the first inning Devore walked, Bates singled, and when Bescher followed with a single, Devore scored. The score:

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Devore, cf.	2	1	0	0	0	0
Bates, rf.	3	0	1	3	0	0
B'cher, lf.	4	0	2	1	0	0
M'Lean, lb.	4	0	0	13	0	0
Alm'a, 3b.	3	0	1	1	1	0
Groh, 2b.	2	0	0	1	3	0
E'h'm'r, ss.	3	0	0	2	4	0
Kling, c.	3	0	0	6	1	0
Ames, p.	2	0	0	0	5	0
Total.	22	1	4	27	15	0

BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Moran, rf.	3	0	1	2	1	0
C'sh'w, 2b.	3	0	0	4	3	0
St'gel, cf.	4	0	0	1	0	0
Whee, lf.	3	0	0	1	0	0
D'bert, lb.	3	0	1	9	0	0
Smith, 3b.	3	0	0	2	2	0
Fisher, ss.	3	0	0	2	1	0
Miller, c.	2	0	0	5	0	0
Erwin, c.	1	0	0	1	0	0
Allen, p.	2	0	0	0	5	0
*Callahan.	1	0	0	0	0	0
†Hummel.	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total.	29	0	3	24	16	0

*Batted for Allen in the eighth inning.
†Batted for Cutshaw in the ninth inning.
Errors—Cutshaw, Yingling, Berghammer.

Cincinnati	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Hits—Off Allen, 5 in 7 innings; off Yingling, 1 in 1 inning. Sacrifice hits—Marsans, Ames, Groh. Stolen bases—Kling, (2) Moran. Double plays—Miller, Fisher, and Daubert; Moran and Daubert. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 4; Cincinnati, 6. First base on balls—Off Allen, 6; off Ames, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Allen, (Devore.) Struck out—By Allen, 1; by Yingling, 1; by Ames, 5. Passed balls—Kling, Miller. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Day and Emslie.

MINOR LEAGUE RESULTS.

New York State League.

At Albany—Albany, 4; Wilkesbarre, 3. (Eleven innings.)
At Troy—Troy, 2; Scranton, 1.
At Syracuse—Syracuse, 6; Elmira, 4.
At Utica—Utica, 0; Binghamton, 0. (Fourteen innings; darkness.)

American Association.

At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 5; Kansas City, 0.
At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 10; Columbus, 8.
At St. Paul—St. Paul, 10; Milwaukee, 9. (Ten innings.)
Louisville at Toledo—rain.

Eastern Association.

At Hartford—Springfield, 2; Hartford, 0.
At New London—Bridgeport, 3; New London, 2.
At Pittsfield—New Haven, 9; Pittsfield, 3.
At Holyoke—Holyoke, 4; Waterbury, 1.

New England League.

At Lawrence—Lawrence, 17; Lynn, 5.
At Portland—Brockton, 4; Portland, 2.
At New Bedford—Lowell, 6; New Bedford, 1.
At Worcester—Fall River, 6; Worcester, 2.

New York and New Jersey League.

At Middletown—Middletown, 8; Danbury, 4.
At Poughkeepsie—Poughkeepsie, 8; Kingston, 5.
Newburg at Long Branch—postponed.

Tri-State League.

At Harrisburg—Harrisburg, 7; Atlantic City, 1.
At Allentown—Allentown, 15; Trenton, 8.
At Wilmington—York, 4; Wilmington, 0.

Pacific Coast League.

At San Francisco—San Francisco, 8; Venice, 2.
At Portland—Oakland, 8; Portland, 7.
At Los Angeles—Los Angeles, 3; Sacramento, 1.

Southern Association.

At Nashville—Atlanta, 8; Nashville, 3.
At Memphis—Mobile, 10; Memphis, 4.
At Chattanooga—Chattanooga, 6; Birmingham, 5. Chattanooga, 5; Birmingham, 3. (Nine innings; darkness.)
At Montgomery—Montgomery, 4; New Orleans, 3. (Eleven innings.)

Lynch Decides Against Brooklyn.

President Lynch of the National League of Professional Baseball Clubs yesterday issued the following statement and gave his decision in regard to the protested Brooklyn-Pittsburgh game of May 22, 1913, played at Brooklyn:

"The game was called by Umpire Klem on account of rain after five innings had been played and with the score 1 to 0 in favor of the visiting club. The Brooklyn Club protested the result on the ground that the umpire should have suspended play during the third or fourth innings. The evidence in the case shows that the umpire was clearly within his rights under Rule 74 of the playing rules. The protest is therefore disallowed and the game stands as played."

KEATING'S PITCHING SPOILED BY MATES

Should Have Won Game That Was Thrown Away by Poor Fielding.

For six innings at the Polo Grounds yesterday the Yankees threatened to give the fans a treat and win a home game after fourteen futile efforts in the same direction. In the seventh inning they went back to their old habits, and it did not take them long to force victory on the Cleveland Naps, making their first visit of the year to the Brush Stadium. An error in each of the three final chapters, coupled with loose playing which escapes the error column, helped the Naps to pile up seven runs in those closing stanzas and win easily by the score of 8 to 2.

A weird throw by Ed Sweeney, after the Yankee backstop had dropped a ball and spoiled an easy chance for a double play a minute earlier, started the Naps on their way to victory in the seventh inning. The bad throw came with the corners covered and two out, after Larry Lajoie, pinch hitting for "Sliver" Falkenberg, had passed up his fine opportunity with a pop fly to Zeider. In the eighth inning an error by Wolter in centre field let a single by Joe Jackson go for a circuit trip and chase two Naps across the plate in front of the slugging outfielder. One run could not have been checked, but the other two were made possible by Wolter's error. In the ninth Peckinpaugh joined the error-making party by fumbling an easy grounder from Carisch's bat, and Johnston followed with a lucky home run because the ball took an awkward bound past Wolter. The hit was worth only a single ordinarily.

Manager Chance again shook up his line-up in the hope of finding a winning combination, and for two-thirds of the route it appeared as if the first home victory was on its way. Borton and Zeider, the recent acquisitions from the White Sox camp, reported to Manager Chance yesterday morning, and both were put to work in the afternoon, Borton at first base and Zeider at second. Bert Daniels, with four strikeouts against him in the second game Monday, drew a bench assignment, and Roy Hartzell was sent out to right field. The three changes furnished no cause for complaint, but they could not offset the faulty work in other sections of the field.

Keating, who worked on the mound for the Yanks until Bert Daniels was sent in to start a rally in the eighth inning, deserved a better fate. With the same kind of support that the Naps furnished for his lanky opponent the Bridgeport boy would have held the pennant chasers to two runs in the eight innings that he worked. In the sixth inning he held the Naps scoreless after they got runners on first and third bases with one out. In the sixth, with the bases full, he made King Larry pop up to the infield for the second out, and he could have handed the Naps another blank but for Sweeney's two misplays, one of which is not classed in the error column. The score:

CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
J'nston, lb.	5	1	1	9	0	0
C'pm'n, ss.	4	2	2	4	2	0
Olson, 3b.	4	1	0	0	3	0
Turn'r, 2b.	3	0	1	2	0	0
W'kon, rf.	3	1	1	2	0	0
Ryan, cf.	4	1	1	2	0	0
Gran'y, lf.	4	1	3	1	0	0
Car'ch, c.	4	0	0	6	4	0
K'bg'r, p.	1	0	0	1	5	0
Steen, p.	0	0	0	0	0	0
*Lajoie	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total.	34	8	9	27	16	0

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
H'tz'll, rf.	4	0	1	3	0	0
Wolter, cf.	4	0	0	2	0	0
B'rt'n, 1b.	1	0	0	8	2	0
Cree, lf.	3	0	0	0	0	0
Sw'ney, c.	4	0	0	5	1	0
Zeider, 2b.	4	0	0	1	4	0
Midk'f, 3b.	3	0	1	0	1	0
P'pa'gh, ss.	3	0	1	5	2	0
Kea'g, p.	1	0	1	0	1	0
Warh'p, p.	0	0	0	0	0	0
†Daniels.	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total.	27	2	4	27	14	0

*Batted for Falkenberg in the seventh inning.
†Batted for Keating in the eighth inning.
Errors—Wolter, Peckinpaugh, Sweeney.

Cleveland	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	3	2—8
New York	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1—2

Three-base hit—Graney. Home run—Johnston. Sacrifice hits—Turner, Ryan, Keating. Stolen bases—Chapman, Zeider. First base on errors—Cleveland, 2. Left on bases—Cleveland, 4; New York, 4. Double plays—Peckinpaugh and Konetchy; Carisch and Chapman. Struck out—By Falkenberg, 3; by Steen, 4; by Keating, 3. Bases on balls—Off Falkenberg, 3; off Steen, 1; off Keating, 4. Hit by pitcher—By Falkenberg, (Keating.) Hits—Off Falkenberg, 4 in 6 innings, (at bat, 18;) off Steen, none in 3 innings, (at bat, 9;) off Keating, 8 in 8 innings, (at bat, 29;) off Warhop, 1 in 1 inning, (at bat 5.) Umpires—Messrs. Egan and Evans. Time of game—One hour and fifty-five minutes.

At Washington.

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
M'Ler, lf.	3	0	0	2	0	0
Foster, lf.	1	0	0	0	0	0
Milan, cf.	4	0	3	0	0	0
Gandil, 1b.	4	1	2	8	0	0
Lap'te, 3b.	4	1	1	0	1	0
A. Wms'n, rf.	2	0	0	0	0	0
McB'e, ss.	3	1	1	3	2	0
Henry, c.	2	0	0	12	4	0
Groom, p.	3	0	0	0	2	0
Total.	29	3	8	27	12	0

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Sh'ten, cf.	4	1	1	3	0	0
J'ron, lf.	3	1	1	1	1	0
G. W'ms, rf.	4	0	1	0	0	0
Pratt, 2b.	4	0	2	2	1	0
Brief, 1b.	4	0	0	11	0	0
Austin, 3b.	4	0	0	1	2	0
Walsh, ss.	3	0	0	2	5	0
Agnew, c.	3	0	0	3	3	0
H'm'ton, p.	2	0	0	0	2	0
*Compton,	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total.	32	2	6	24	12	0

*Batted for Walsh in the ninth inning.

Errors—J. Johnson, Austin, Agnew, Laporte, Groom.

Washington	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0—3
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0—2

Stolen bases—Austin, Moeller, Schaefer. Double play—Groom, Henry, Laporte, and McBride. Left on bases—St. Louis, 5; Washington, 5. First base on balls—Off Hamilton, 3; off Groom, 3. First base on errors—St. Louis, 2; Washington, 1. Struck out—By Hamilton, 3; by Groom, 12. Passed ball—Agnew. Wild pitch—Hamilton. Time of game—Two hours and two minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Hildebrand.

At Boston.

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
H'per, rf.	3	0	1	0	0	0
Y'kes, 2b.	4	1	1	2	6	0
Sp'ker, cf.	4	1	3	2	0	0
Lewis, lf.	2	0	0	2	0	0
Engle, 1b.	3	0	0	10	1	0
W'g'r, ss.	3	0	1	3	4	0
J'rvis, 3b.	3	1	1	2	1	0
Car'gan, c.	2	0	2	3	2	0
Cady, c.	1	0	0	2	0	0
R. C'ns, p.	3	0	0	0	3	0
Foster, p.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wood, p.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total.	28	3	9	27	15	0

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Rath, 2b.	3	0	1	1	5	0
Lord, 3b.	4	0	1	0	1	0
J. C'nar, rf.	3	0	0	2	0	0
Bodie, lf.	4	0	0	1	0	0
M'ttick, cf.	4	0	0	2	0	0
P'rler, 1b.	4	1	1	5	0	0
W'ver, ss.	4	1	2	1	2	0
Schalk, c.	4	0	1	8	3	0
Russell, p.	3	0	0	0	1	0
Total.	33	2	8	24	12	0

Errors—J. Collins, Engle, Wagner.

Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0—2
Boston	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	.—3

Two-base hits—Weaver, Schalk, Yerkes, Janvrin. Three-base hit—Fournier. Hits—Off Collins, 7 in 7 1-3 innings; off Foster, none in 2-3 inning; off Wood, 1 in 1 inning. Sacrifice fly—Hooper. Sacrifice hit—Lewis. Stolen bases—Lord, Carrigan. Double plays—Wagner and Engle; Yerkes, Wagner, and Engle. Left on bases—Chicago, 6; Boston, 9. First base on balls—Off Russell, 6; off Collins, 1; off Foster, 1. First base on errors—Chicago, 2; Boston, 1. Struck out—By Russell, 3; by Collins, 2; by Wood, 2. Wild pitch—Foster. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Connolly and McCormick.

At Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
M'phy, rf.	3	0	1	3	0	0
Old'g, lf.	4	1	1	1	0	0
Col'ns, 2b.	4	2	2	2	4	0
Baker, 3b.	4	1	2	1	2	0
M'In's, lb.	4	0	0	15	1	0
Strunk, cf.	4	0	1	1	0	0
Barry, ss.	3	1	0	1	2	0
Lapp, c.	2	1	1	4	1	0
Plank, p.	2	1	0	0	3	0
Total.	30	7	6	27	13	0

DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Bush, ss.	4	0	0	2	0	0
Vitt, 2b.	4	0	0	1	5	0
C'w'd, rf.	4	2	1	2	1	0
Cobb, cf.	3	1	1	5	1	0
Veach, lf.	3	0	2	1	0	0
Gain'r, lb.	4	0	1	10	1	0
Mor'ty, 3b.	3	0	0	0	4	0
St'nage, c.	3	0	0	8	3	0
Dauss, p.	3	0	0	1	3	0
*Louden	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total.	31	3	5	24	17	0

*Ran for Veach in the ninth inning.

Errors—Bush, (2,) Vitt, Stanage, (2,) Collins, Baker.

Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	3	.—7
Detroit	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0—2

Two-base hit—Gainer. Three-base hits—Crawford, Cobb, Collins. Home run—Collins. Sacrifice hits—Moriarty, Murphy. Sacrifice fly—Veach. Stolen bases—Oldring, Collins, Louden. Left on bases—Detroit, 4; Philadelphia, 3. First base on balls—Off Dauss, 3; off Plank, 1. First base on errors—Detroit, 2; Philadelphia, 1. Struck out—By Dauss, 3; by Plank, 3. Time of game—One hour and fifty-two minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Ferguson and Dineen.

Threw Dirt at Umpire; Suspended.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—Manager Clark Griffith of the Washington American League ball team to-day received notice from President Johnson notifying him of the indefinite suspension of Catcher Eddie Ainsmith because of his conduct in yesterday's game, when he hurled a handful of dirt at Umpire O'Loughlin after being called out on a close play.

BASEBALL TO-DAY. 3:30 P. M. N. Y. Americans vs. Cleveland. Polo Grounds. Adm. 50c. —Adv.

SELECT TEAMS TO-DAY.

American and Australian Players in Davis Cup Matches.

International tennis players put in another busy day yesterday and occupied the West Side Tennis Club courts from 2 o'clock in the afternoon until sundown. Matches were played by both Australian and American representatives in singles and doubles, and the best preliminary work of the tournament was witnessed. It was a gathering of old-time experts, and among those who played were former champions R. D. Wrenn and William A. Larned. Eight practice matches were played, and the club members and experts had a splendid opportunity of comparing the court work of the rival Davis Cup teams as they played on adjoining courts.

Maurice E. McLoughlin, the National singles champion, and H. H. Hackett played a hard match with Charles E. Haggett, the West Side professional, and Raymond D. Little. McLoughlin abandoned the back court, which he has favored since coming east, and visited the net when the occasion required. With Hackett he played a splendid game, defeating the amateur and professional, although Little made a number of clever and telling shots.

Stanley N. Doust, Captain of the Australian team, and his countryman, H. Rice, defeated William A. Larned and Robert D. Wrenn. The latter were entirely out of practice and no match for the clever and resourceful Antipodeans. The contest, however, served to bring out many fine points of the Australians' playing. Doust and Rice also played a short match with Theodore R. Pell and Little, in which the former carried off the honors.

In the singles matches R. Norris Williams, the Harvard freshman, played Haggett and showed better form than at any time since taking up practice on the west side courts. He showed to greater advantage in accurate placing, and played the court with effect. McLoughlin played a short session with Haggett, the display being satisfactory to the members of the International Committee. Larned and Doust played one set, which was a smart one, marked with lively rallies. The Australian's service was very effective. The final match of the afternoon brought together the two Australians, Doust and Rice, who gave a pretty exhibition.

A. R. Jones, the third member of the Australian team, watched the practice from the side lines. He was unable to play, but said he would take part in the practice to-day on the championship court. This will be the final work for the competing players. Jones declined to say whether he would

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NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 4, 1913.

ADDITIONS TO THE FREE LIST.

If the Democrats went to keep their promise of reducing the cost of living through downward revision, obviously they ought, where possible, to remove altogether the duties on articles of general consumption, notably on foodstuffs. The absolutely certain way to ease the burden of the tax is to remove it. Then in good seasons and in bad, with prices either high or low, the consumer cannot complain of the tax. Under the declared Democratic policy, what good reason is there for retaining the duties either on live animals or on meats, either on grains or on foods prepared from grains? None that we know of save the farmer vote. Senator CLAPP, the Minnesota Progressive, humbly confessed to the Lobby Investigation Committee that he owned a farm, and that his farming interests would be affected by tariff revision; also that he had spoken against Canadian reciprocity and in favor of protective duties on farm products. The Democrats may care very little about Senator CLAPP's vote, but they evidently care a great deal about the farmer vote throughout the country. But why discriminate? They have turned a very deaf ear to the loud outcries of the Louisiana Senators protesting in behalf of their sugarcane-growing constituents against free sugar; they have seemed to resent the appeal of the beet-sugar men protesting that free sugar would be their ruin. They pay no heed to the protests of the wool growers against free wool. Then why let the cattle-growing and grain-raising agricultural interests write the schedule of duties upon their own products?

Equality of treatment in this matter would be simple justice to the producers, and free foodstuffs would be a boon to the consumer. Plainly, the retention of a duty upon cattle, oats, and wheat, while meats, oatmeal, and flour are on the free list, is inconsistent. The Sub-Committee of the Senate Committee on Finance has favored a 10 per cent. duty upon beef, mutton, and pork, a specific rate of 45 cents per barrel on flour, 10 per cent. ad valorem upon other wheat products, 6 cents a bushel on oats, and 10 cents a bushel on wheat. Senator SIMMONS, Chairman of the Finance Committee, after a conference with President WILSON, has become a convert to the policy of free foodstuffs. It will be his endeavor to have the bill ready for the consideration of the Democratic caucus next week, with cattle, wheat, meats, and flour on the free list. This would not only be in harmony with the general Democratic policy of making a tariff bill that will, so far as possible, bring down the cost of living, but it is a sound National policy. A little study of the estimates of the Department of Agriculture, showing the rather disquieting decrease in the number of cattle, hogs, calves, and sheep raised and brought to market, ought to satisfy Congress that it is time to take measures for replenishing from abroad our diminishing domestic supply of meats and animal products.

In the last six years the number of beef cattle has fallen from 51,000,000 to 36,000,000; there was a diminution of 13 per cent. in the number of animals killed under Government inspection in the first three months of this year as compared with the same period in 1912. Live stock prices in the Chicago market reflect this decrease in supply. Our exports of live animals and animal products have fallen proportionately in recent years. There could be no better proof of the wisdom of removing altogether the duty on live animals and meats than is afforded by the fact that last year for the first time our imports of animals and animal products exceeded in value our exports. We are importing meats where we used to export them because the domestic supply is no longer equal to the demand. Manifestly, a duty upon such products is not only a direct burden upon the consumer, but it is harmful in the sense that it puts new demands upon our already overburdened industry of raising beef, cattle, and hogs. One of the strongest arguments for the removal of the duty upon wood pulp and print paper was the fact that our own forests were being depleted, and it was necessary to avail ourselves of the almost boundless forest resources of Canada. High prices, and they are continually going higher, are an almost irresistible temptation to the breeder to rush to market half-grown animals, breeding animals, and thus to make too heavy a drain upon the flocks and herds. The raising of meat-producing animals as the industry was carried on years ago upon enormous ranches is no longer possible. Grazing lands have been cut up into farms, just as wool growing, which was formerly profitable in New England and in Ohio, has been driven by the increased density of population and by the larger returns of general farming to its present refuge in the great mountain States and in Texas. The removal of the duty on wool has become imperative because of the needs of manufacturers for free raw material. The same argument supports convincingly the proposed removal altogether of the duties on live animals and meats. And the extension of the free list to include what the people eat is the surest way to satisfy them that the Democrats intend to keep their promise. The enlargement of the free list now favored by Senator SIMMONS is a matter of principle and sound policy. Only a calculating and timid expediency would let consideration of the farmer vote stand in its way.

THE SCHOOL BILLS VETOED.

Gov. SULZER can hardly be too much commended for his vetoing of all the McKee bills, designed to take the administration of the New York City schools out of the hands of their Superintendents, trained and responsible men, and to lodge it with the unwieldy Board of Education, which has already proved signally ill fitted to discharge its present duties. By a stroke of his pen the Governor has undone the bad work of the Legislature and of Mayor GAYNOR in approving these bills.

The report of the Hanus Investigating Committee has demonstrated the unfitness of the Board of Education, as at present constituted. It has shown, too, the urgent need of reforming the school management and curriculum. But the reforms needed could never be furthered by depriving the rightful and responsible heads of the system of their powers.

THE CURRAN REPORT.

The report of the Curran Committee, so far as it has been made public, contains no fact, no specific charge, that would justify the removal of Police Commissioner WALDO at the beginning of a municipal campaign. We do not believe that a substitute could be found more competent, if nearly as competent as Mr. WALDO to take up the onerous duties and the inevitable burden of abuse for a short time, with the probability that he would not hold his position after next January. A pertinent comment on the result of the protracted Aldermanic investigation of the Police Department is that instead of helping to remove that unhappy branch of the City Government from political thralldom it tends to complicate it further with political manoeuvres.

The twelve charges preferred against the Commissioner in that portion of the report to the Board of Aldermen published yesterday enumerate as many defects in the management of the police, according to the majority of the committee's views. One of them relates to his alleged refusal to assist the investigators, and this is denied by both Mr. WALDO and the Mayor. The charges do not reflect on Mr. WALDO's honesty of purpose or his personal integrity. The inefficiency at Police Headquarters is largely due, as the citizens of New York know, to the conditions governing the appointment of Commissioners, and the always dubious relations consequently existing between the head of the force and his subordinates. The Commissioner holds office only at the pleasure of the Mayor who appoints him. The men he has to deal with hold their places, on good behavior, until they reach the age of retirement. In the circumstances, no Commissioner has ever been able to exert the full measure of authority that should belong to the office. Commissioners come and go, the force goes on forever.

Without the slightest idea of belittling the good work of the District Attorney in unearthing corruption in the Police Department or bringing offenders to justice, it must be said that no sufficient reason has been given for any present change in the Commissionership. Nothing could be gained for the force or the city by the appointment of a temporary successor to Mr. WALDO at this time. The four Aldermen who have signed the report call the Commissioner "incompetent" and unfit to perform the duties of "his office." They seem to have reached no conclusion as to a needed change in the status of the Commissioner, so that his authority may be increased and strengthened, and his hold on the office be made more secure. The removal of Mr. WALDO would compel a new appointment by the Mayor, who has frequently expressed satisfaction with Mr. WALDO, and would, we infer, be unable to choose for the office another man whom he would think better fitted to perform its duties.

The charges are nearly all of a technical character, treating of matters of which the public at large is quite incompetent to judge. To the ordinary mind most of them will seem trivial. They do not indicate that any discovery has been made of dishonesty or self-seeking on the part of Mr. WALDO. It is said that the report will be "held up" for a fortnight at least, a fortnight in which the politicians will be eager and active. It is a pity. Judging from the first part of its report the city will gain no benefit from the labors of the Curran Committee.

WESTON THE WALKER.

That "an old hoss kin run" was vouched for in stirring verse by OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES, who was himself a wiry and spry old fellow, like EDWARD PAYSON WESTON. WESTON the walker is well started on another little cross-country jaunt of 1,446 miles to lay the cornerstone of the Minneapolis Athletic Club's new building. His ocean-to-ocean walk in 1910, at the age of 72, was something of an undertaking, he admits; but the trip on which President FINLEY of the City College bade him godspeed on Tuesday is intended merely as a breather. Dr. FINLEY must care for his college, Mayor GAYNOR is tied to the City Hall, and Mr. ROOSEVELT, who at 25 wrote a book on the joys of walking trips, has been busy of late with politics and litigation. The world is too much with us, getting and spending, but WESTON walks.

"Walking is equivalent to sleep," he says; for it is the "most healthful thing you can do." It earns healthful sleep, a good digestion, and a limber old age. WESTON began to feel rheumatic twinges some fifteen years ago, so he resumed his walking "stunts" and thereafter defied all infirmities. He has still the advantages of youth and the green out-of-doors.

THE STATE'S DEBT AND CREDIT.

In 1893 the total debt of New York State was $680, and in 1906 it had risen to $10,630,660. That was a mere nothing for eight millions of people, with eight billions of property subject to taxation, and no direct tax. Now the State has something over nine millions of population, a valuation of eleven billions, a direct State tax of $11,922,985, and a debt of $109,702,660, to say nothing of obligations authorized but unissued for $124,778,000. When the roads and canals are built the State will be mortgaged for a quarter of a billion dollars, and no manoeuvres with the sinking funds will avail to bring back the happy times when the State collected no direct taxes for years together, and had $13,678,138 in the bank, as in 1907. In the last ten years the population has increased about one-quarter. The amount spent on public works has increased 470 per cent. Increases of twice and thrice the increase of population are too numerous to specify. Thrift and economy are lost arts. Nobody takes any interest in them. No Governor, no party, practices them, or could hope to be kept in office if they did. It was an outrage when Gov. ODELL's administration spent $23,600,000. Gov. HUGHES spent $29,300,000. Gov. DIX's last budget was $52,000,000. Gov. SULZER pointed with scorn to that parsimony, and himself starts with $56,000,000.

New York is merely a shining example of a universal tendency. At a time when railways could not sell bonds the public bond market was never better. According to The Financial Chronicle's tabulation, the largest issue of public bonds—city, county, State—in any normal year up to 1905 was $201,743,346 in that year. The smallest issue for the last five years was $313,797,548 in 1908, and the total was $1,754,000,000. Concurrently there has gone on a corresponding change in the price paid for this almost incomprehensible borrowing. In 1906 63 per cent. of the issues were at 4 per cent. In 1912 only 26 per cent. were at that rate. In 1912 the proportion issued at 4½ per cent. was triple that of 1905. In 1912 no smaller a proportion than 17 per cent. was issued at 5 per cent., and that is the rate which it is now proposed to pay to sell the premier public issue in the United States, the National obligations alone excepted because they stand in a class by themselves and do not represent pure credit. On Thursday, it is said, with no surplusage of information, the Controller will accept offers for $27,000,000 of notes issued in anticipation of bonds. As an inducement to accept 5 per cent. for eight months, it is said that the notes will be exchangeable for State 4½s when issued, as they must be.

It would seem that the State has no alternative, at least for considerable amounts. Contracts have been made, and the sacrifice by postponing their fulfillment would be excessive. Nevertheless, every calculation under which this quarter of a billion of indebtedness was assumed is vitiated by the alteration in the money market. At 4 per cent. the interest charge for fifty years is double the borrowing. At 4½ per cent. it is 225 per cent. of the principal. Not even New York State can afford to ignore this consideration when dealing with scores and hundreds of millions. Nor is the State alone concerned. When the State borrows at 4½ per cent. it takes precedence of the city. When the city pays 4½ per cent. railways pay more, and private borrowers, perhaps, can get less than they need.

Such lavish public borrowing as this is best done at times of prostration, when there is little private credit, and public expenditures are necessary to put life into stagnant industry. When the public resources are squandered in overbidding private credit there is a waste of the taxing power in a double sense. More is paid than need be with more prudent financing, and the power to equalize periods of financial stress is lost. So far as the situation has the capacity of being reconsidered, it should be, with these thoughts in mind.

UNTAXING BUILDINGS.

A coterie of reformers is proposing that the tax rate on buildings shall be reduced and transferred to land because "manufacturers in New York City have to pay higher prices for their factories because buildings are taxed at the same rate as land." It may be so as matter of fact, but not for the reasons given, and there is a speedier and surer remedy.

Nobody is under compulsion to pay rent in New York. The only reason for paying rent anywhere is that on the whole it is more to the advantage of the rentpayer than not paying rent, with all that non-payment implies. If the rents in New York are high it is because the advantages connected with paying rent here are greater than relief from the rents by moving. If the rents are higher than the profits made by paying them, the rents will fall without any reform of taxation. New York is now passing through a period of real estate depression, which the Mayor says will last years. If rents are too high in some sections of New York, they are too low in other sections. There are in progress shifts of population and business and readjustments of values and rents great enough to enable all to suit their idea of what they ought to pay, if they are willing to pay anything. It can hardly be called a reform which increases the oversupply of buildings at such a time.

No general tax change can affect values due to specific considerations. If any man of business thinks that the use of any selected location for his shop or residence or factory will give him what he wants he is going to bid for it what he thinks he can afford to pay, regardless of the rate of tax on building or on land. It is only the total of the tax which counts. If the total is not changed there will be no effect on rents. The city cannot stand a reduction in the tax total, and an increase would be equally a hardship upon the renters. Rest and recuperation are what the case calls for, rather than agitation.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Is Prison Society Improving?

Just how many prisons are showing the effects of having prisoners of a higher class than formerly, and how far the effects have gone, are questions hardly to be settled from observations made by JULIAN HAWTHORNE in the course of his brief detention. Of course he has observed intelligently and is thoroughly competent to describe what he has seen, but it is possible to doubt the accuracy of his assumption that either the moral or the intellectual average of prison populations is higher now than ever before.

One does not have to dig into history very deeply to reach times when really and highly estimable persons were much more likely to find themselves behind bars than now, and it is not probable that those guilty of the new crimes growing out of changed commercial conditions are as different from the insensitive "thugs" referred to by this student of the subject as were the variously eminent persons—patriots, statesmen, philosophers, and scientists—who made themselves in one way or another troublesome or offensive to the powers of State or Church in the days when prison evils and abuses were at their very worst. Such changes for the better in the treatment of prisoners as have been accomplished did not begin until long after the habit of shutting such people up had been abandoned to greater or less extent, and the reforms were probably contemporaneous, not with an elevation, but with a lowering, of the social level in these institutions.

If the reports of Gov. SULZER's Commissioner are to be trusted even in part, our own prisons are still decidedly dreadful places, where men are deprived of health and mind as well as of liberty. Doubtless many of the old tortures are now rare or unknown, but this seems to be due rather to a general social advance than to the influence to which HAWTHORNE credits it. His own case is exceptional, and so is that of the Atlanta Penitentiary, if it be true that he has found there, as he implies, "many persons of good education, gentle breeding, and high intelligence."

If lawmakers have "new-born scruples" and public prosecutors make "subtle discriminations," at least they no longer see punishable crimes in political and religious heterodoxy, and society more and more tends to take upon its own shoulders responsibility for the faults of its constituent members. It is from this that the "thugs" are profiting, not from a special disinclination to be severe with any because it would be excessive for some.

Inexplicable, Therefore Improbable.

No belief is more firmly fixed in the public mind than the one that gypsies steal and carry away the children of other people. For this, as for every other widespread conviction, there must be some basis of truth, and yet it is hard to see why such kidnappings should ever have been what could be called a specialty of these wanderers. Not only are they usually well supplied with children of their own, but they have no particular use, and certainly no particular liking, for those of alien blood, and of all crimes this is the one that would be most nearly sure to get them into serious trouble.

Yet the apprehension lingers, and only this week, over near Philadelphia, intense excitement was created by a report that a band of gypsies had stolen THOMAS KELLY, an infant of three, and were hastening away with him toward New York as fast as their horses could travel. That the child did disappear for a while after the gypsies passed seems to be true, but the rumor that he went in a gypsy wagon is supported by only the poorest of evidence, and the fact that little THOMAS soon reappeared at home indicates that his straying had been neither far nor assisted.

Judging from their appearance, few of the so-called gypsies in the United States have much, if any, of the mysterious blood of their ancient race in their veins. They are of many types, showing innumerable crossings with the various peoples among whom they have lived, and their love for camp life is no longer as much of a distinction as it used to be. For no very definite reasons they have a bad name, but not much worse than that of other folk who make a business of dealing in that theoretically noble, but curiously demoralizing, beast, the horse. They do not get into jail very often, and they show a disposition toward, and ability for, self-support that is lacking in the great fraternity of tramps. Their fortune-telling pretensions are no longer taken with any seriousness by anybody except the densely ignorant and the members of the British aristocracy.

That they steal children, or ever did, is probably a wild generalization from a few isolated cases for which there was some special reason of revenge or interest.

Co-operation Works In England.

In the enormous transactions and steady growth of the British organizations engaged in co-operative trading there is constant reason for wondering why this device, so successful among our cousins, is hardly ever attempted here, and in the few instances when tried it moves swiftly to apparently inevitable failure.

We are eager enough to cut down living expenses, and the possibility—for others—of doing it by combinations of buyers to get wholesale prices has been demonstrated for many years, but somehow the process does not appeal to American instincts.

The so-called Friendly Societies in the United Kingdom did in the last twelve months covered by the reports of their Chief Register a business amounting to almost $350,000,000 for their almost 3,000,000 members, and as many associates in other co-operative bodies had accounts aggregating nearly as much again. Of course it cannot be said that a general level of prosperity higher than our own has been thus effected, but it is at least probable that co-operation in England prevents a worse state of affairs than exists, and this must be realized, else would not more and more people constantly join in the movement?

Here it is almost impossible to get two or three neighbors in a suburb to divide a carload of coal, and we seem to prefer the regulation to the elimination of the middleman about whose sins and extortions we are always complaining so bitterly.

A POST OFFICE ANOMALY.

Dr. MacCracken Discovers Nice Rules for Mailing Invitations.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The niceties of the administration of the parcel post law by the Post Office Department have mystified many citizens, but the most extraordinary decision of all has just come to light with respect to the commencement invitations of the New York University graduates.

It has been the custom of the university registrar for some years to mail to each candidate the engraved invitations, envelopes, and printed admission cards allotted to him in connection with commencement events, in order that he might send them to his friends. Upon inquiry at the Post Office the university was advised that as printed matter these packages could not be mailed under the parcel post law. They were then mailed as third-class printed matter, and, after being held for some days at the Post Office, doubtless to permit full discussion of so nice a point, they were returned to the university as unmailable as third-class matter, because the envelopes accompanying the invitations were merchandise and must, therefore, be mailed under the parcel post law.

The university was further advised that if the invitations had been folded and placed in the envelopes, instead of being laid side by side, the envelopes would have been accepted as "containers of printed matter," and allowed to continue to their destination as third-class matter.

Those of our six hundred graduates who have been deprived of their commencement invitations for Wednesday will doubtless wonder whether our postal facilities are really increased by the administration of the new law.

JOHN H. MacCRACKEN,
Syndic, New York University.
New York, June 2, 1913.

"HOLD-UP" OF CONTAINERS.

"Egg Trust" Suspected of Cornering All the Crates.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Is the hand of the "Egg Trust" in this? Last year I bought four crates of eggs from a farmer in Vermont to put down in silicate of soda, for Winter use. This year the same man offered me eggs at the same price as last year and he received my order, to be delivered this month. To-day he writes me that eggs are crowding in on him, but he cannot get delivery of any crates to ship them in, though they were ordered and promised six weeks ago.

I find also similar conditions prevailing in this part of Steuben County, New York. I understand numbers of persons put eggs in silicate of soda last year, and it is highly probable the "Trust" found itself handicapped, for you know good eggs sold much cheaper the past Winter than the corresponding time the previous year.

B. A.
Elizabeth, N. J., June 2, 1913.

Algrette Dealers Not Involved.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In his letter to THE TIMES, the reference made by Dr. William T. Hornaday to "the group of dealers in algrettes, which have been called the 'White Badges of Cruelty,'" obviously intended to prejudice the trade at large in this matter, is totally unjustified. We are neither appearing for dealers in algrettes nor, as Mr. Hornaday knows, is there any dealer in algrettes himself appearing in opposition to the bill.

Secondly, Mr. Hornaday seems put out at our refusal to accept certain chapters of the book entitled "Our Vanishing Wild Life," in lieu of a "scientific or legislative inquiry of the subject." For some reason Mr. Hornaday fails to make known that he is the author of this book and that the brief submitted to the Ways and Means Committee consisted largely, if not entirely, of the chapters referred to. The importers of plumage had no intimation that a hearing was being had before the Ways and Means Committee, and consequently had no representative present to answer the one-sided statements of Mr. Hornaday and his associate.

FEINER & MAASS.
New York, June 3, 1913.

CARNEGIE MILLIONS IN MEDICAL CRUSADE

Foundation Not Trying to Crush Sectarianism in Colleges, Dr. Pritchett Says.

WARS ON UNFIT SCHOOLS

His Annual Report Says the Maintenance of Defective Institutions Is a Blow at Public Health.

That it is not the policy of the Carnegie Foundation, with its fund of $140,000,000 for educational purposes, to crush sectarianism in colleges which cherish denominational tendencies is the emphatic averment of Dr. Henry S. Pritchett, head of the Foundation. Dr. Pritchett took occasion yesterday to make this point clear, in view of a renewal of reports, following the announcement last week of Mr. Carnegie's gift of $1,000,000 to the medical school of Vanderbilt University that the ironmaster is hostile to sectarian institutions.

Dr. Pritchett made it known, however, that the tremendous resources of the Foundation would be used to whatever extent was necessary in a crusade against the worthless medical schools throughout the country that trade on the names of worthy institutions under whose charters they take refuge. Why such institutions permit this may be made the subject of an investigation. The investigation would be based on the premise that men in an official capacity in the colleges concerned reap large profits from the commercialized medical schools.

The most recent reports having to do with the charge of sectarianism attended the announcement of the $1,000,000 gift to Vanderbilt University in Nashville, Tenn., to be used exclusively for its medical school. Another medical school was started in Nashville several months ago by the University of the South at Sewanee, Tenn., and financial aid was sought from the Carnegie Foundation. Sewanee is an Episcopal institution and Vanderbilt is Methodist. Dr. Pritchett wrote to Vice Chancellor Hall of Sewanee on last Jan. 27, in part, as follows:

> I look upon Sewanee as one of the finest colleges in the country, a college which has perhaps done more to create wholesome educational ideals than almost any other college in the South. I feel equally sure that you could do nothing more surely calculated to impair the standing or to muddy the educational waters in your part of the country than to embark upon the establishment of a medical school in Nashville. After great tribulation the status of medical education in Nashville has been brought to a promising condition by the union of the three medical colleges formerly there into one under the direction of Vanderbilt University. One medical school in the whole of Tennessee will be ample to educate in the right way all the physicians (and many more) that Tennessee or the region needs. It is going to be difficult enough to obtain the necessary support to plan even one school upon a modern basis. * * *
>
> I inclose as bearing on this matter advance proof sheets of my forthcoming report, and under another cover I am forwarding a copy of a report on medical education issued two years ago by the Foundation. I beg, Mr. Vice Chancellor, that you will regard this somewhat long communication as prompted solely by concern for the college, and for what seems to be the true interest of medical education.

The alumni of Sewanee assisted in promoting the medical school project, among them Dr. John H. P. Hodgson of 29 Washington Square. He called at the offices of the General Education Board maintained by John D. Rockefeller, and conferred with its head, Abraham Flexner.

"While we were discussing the subject," Dr. Hodgson said last night, "Mr. Flexner informed me that the General Education Board was opposed to our project, and expressed the opinion that the school could not obtain a commendable rating from the American Medical Association. I take exception to this attitude of the General Education Board, which indicates a disposition to dominate educational affairs in this country. This is not a personal matter with me. I view the situation solely as a danger in economics. Sewanee will establish a medical school, and if it does not prove successful according to high standards, I am sure the university will not continue it."

Mr. Flexner was not in his offices at 17 Battery Place, yesterday afternoon, but the Secretary of the board, Dr. Wallace Butterick, said he recalled Dr. Hodgson's visit when there was an informal discussion of the subject.

"The General Education Board has nothing to do with the rating of medical schools," Dr. Butterick said, "and has never made an appropriation to a medical school. The matter concerning Sewanee University has never been presented to us officially."

Comparing American medical schools with those abroad, Dr. Pritchett's report says:

"American schools range from the highest to the lowest conception of medical education and medical ideals. Side by side with some of the best modern type stand other schools whose function is to get the ill-trained and the unfit into medical practice by the shortest route which the varying laws of our States will permit. * * *

"This situation forms the most striking contrast between medical conditions in America and in Europe. To remedy this condition we need, first of all, the education of public opinion to the difference between medicine as a business and medicine as a profession. The public needs * * * to learn that the maintenance of commercial and defective agencies for the training of physicians is a blow at public health and a betrayal of public interest; that a society can obtain a full supply of men for the medical profession who are educated, well trained, and devoted to a high professional ideal.

"In America alone does one find a college or university lending the shelter of its name and its character to a medical school which it neither controls nor supports. Examples of this sort of relation are so widespread that instances will at once occur to any one familiar with the situation. * * * What are the reasons which impel colleges—sometimes old and well-known institutions—to maintain so singular a relation? This question would not be a simple one to answer. Many factors enter into the situation—institutional ambition, desire for power or for numbers, social influence—nearly every motive except an intelligent desire to serve the cause of medical education."

WILSON CANNOT ATTEND.

President Unable to Witness 10,000 Boys Perform in Central Park.

President Wilson will not attend the demonstration by 10,000 boys in Central Park on Friday. An invitation was extended to him by Gustave T. Kirby in person. The President has sent this letter to the Public Schools Athletic League through Gen. George W. Wingate:

> White House,
> Washington, D. C., May 29, 1913.
> My Dear Gen. Wingate:
>
> I have received your letter of May 26, and thank you warmly for the cordial invitation which you extend to me on behalf of the Public Schools Athletic League of the City of New York. I deeply appreciate your courtesy, and am indeed sorry that I am unable to accept. In order that I may devote my full energies to my duties, I am denying myself the pleasure of accepting any invitations to attend public functions during the first year of my Administration.
>
> Please accept my very best wishes for a continuance of the effective work which is being accomplished by your league. Sincerely yours, WOODROW WILSON.

The committee had hoped that the President would not class the athletic meet with a public function.

HONOR GORGAS AND CARREL.

Columbia to Give Them Honorary Degrees To-day.

Columbia University will celebrate today its 159th Commencement Day. A long and elaborate programme has been arranged.

Eight honorary degrees will be awarded. The degree of Doctor of Science will be conferred upon Col. William Crawford Gorgas, Assistant Surgeon General of the United States Army Medical Corps, and Dr. Alexis Carrel of the Rockefeller Institute of Medical Research.

Daniel Chester French, the sculptor, and Barrett Wendell, Professor of English at Harvard University, will receive the honorary degree of Doctor of Letters. George Sutherland, United States Senator from Utah, has been selected by Columbia to be the recipient of the degree of Doctor of Laws. The honorary degree of Master of Arts will be conferred upon Henry Sydnor Harrison and William Rhinelander Stewart, both graduates of the University.

The Rev. Samuel Parkes Cadman has been singled out as the only recipient of the honorary degree of Doctor of Sacred Theology. All of the recipients of these degrees will march in the academic procession to the university gymnasium.

This procession will form in the library. One of its features will be the presence of some twelve members of the Class of '63, whose semi-centennial anniversary will be celebrated tomorrow. The recipients of the honorary degrees will bring up the rear of the procession, preceding President Butler.

Following the ceremonies in the gymnasium the alumni luncheon will be held. At this the President will speak, and the recipients of the honorary degrees will make short addresses.

The afternoon will be devoted to the alumni and their reunion celebrations. The first gala event will be the costume parade, in which classes all the way down from that of '63 will appear in all manner of costumes, each anxious to win the prize awarded for the best and most original costume, and the "stunt" that the class does while in these costumes. Immediately following this event, which will be held on South Field, the alumni will adjourn to the baseball game between the 'Varsity and the University of Pennsylvania.

A large dinner, termed for the first time this year "The Reune," will furnish the alumni with another chance to revive their undergraduate feelings, and then vaudeville by talent of their own classes and the singing of college songs on the library steps will wind up the day.

Last night was devoted to the undergraduates. They held for the first time a "Campus Night" celebration, which was solely for the seniors and undergraduates, and to which the alumni were not invited. An organ recital in St. Paul's Chapel opened the programme, and this was followed by a reception by the President and members of the Faculty in Philosophy Hall. The evening closed with the band concert in the grove.

The campus was fenced off, a new feature of the campus events, and guests with tickets only were able to enter. The entire evening proved extremely successful, and there is little doubt but that "Campus Night" will become a permanent feature of Commencement Week celebrations.

In succession to Assistant Professor Pigott, who resigned to enter the services of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, George B. Preston, M. E., Cornell, 1888, was appointed yesterday Assistant Professor of Steam Engineering at Columbia.

J. E. Zanetti, Ph.D., formerly instructor in chemistry, who resigned some time ago to accept a position as Director of the Institute of Chemistry at Montevideo, Uruguay, was appointed Assistant Professor in Chemistry to fill a vacancy in the teaching staff. Prof. Zanetti will be placed in charge of the Qualitative Laboratory.

DEGREE FOR WHITMAN.

Will Become Doctor of Laws at New York University Commencement.

The senior class of New York University held its class day exercises yesterday afternoon on the lawn of Battery Hill. William H. Hamilton, Jr., President of the class, delivered an address, the class history was read by C. Wesley Ripperger, and Victor J. Shapiro followed with the prophecy. The class oration by Finley M. Foster and the poem by Frank Dean Gifford were next, and led to the class statistics, which were read by James H. McManus.

THE TIMES was selected by a vote greater than that of all the other newspapers combined as the most popular newspaper in New York City. Following the presentation of the "Bun," the scene was shifted to the east front of Gould Hall, where the Last Will and Testament of the class was read by Harold W. Rudolph, and Walter L. Hall planted the class ivy.

The commencement exercises will begin in the auditorium at 10:30 o'clock this morning. William R. Willcox, former head of the Public Service Commission, will address the graduates of the schools at the Heights, and in the afternoon Chancellor Brown will deliver the address to the 600 graduates of the downtown schools.

District Attorney Whitman, a graduate of the University Law School in 1894; Carlos Maria de Pena, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the Republic of Uruguay to the United States; St. Clair McKelway, Chancellor of the University of the State of New York; Calvin Noyes Kendall, Commissioner of Education of the State of New Jersey, and Arthur Von Briesen, a graduate of the University Law School in 1868, and President of the Legal Aid Society, will receive the degree of Doctor of Laws this afternoon.

GIVE UP STEPS AT BARNARD.

The Seniors Surrender Their Rights with Songs and Dances.

The class of 1913, Barnard College, left their steps on Milbank quadrangle yesterday and gave them over to the incoming senior class. Before giving up their steps the senior class sang all their songs from freshman year up, ending with the senior class song.

There's a college on the hilltop
That's very dear to me,
And a certain group of students
High with comradry;
So we'll sing to dear old Barnard,
And loyal be and true.
As we show to coming classes
How we loved the white and blue.

The odd-fellows banner was then presented by Gertrude Morris, Senior President, to Freda Kirchwey, incoming Junior President.

Imogene Ireland then delivered the steps oration and the class passed over to the campus, where they gave a pageant. First Priscilla Lockwood delivered the ivy oration. She said in part:

"We talk of ourselves all during senior week so to-day let us talk of the Ivy. This really is an obituary notice, for this is the last year that Ivy Day is to be held."

Then followed the pageant illustrating Greek games and dancing followed by May-pole and ivy dancing.

MT. ST. VINCENT GRADUATES

First Class of the New College Gets Diplomas from Cardinal Farley.

Mount St. Vincent, the girls' academy which has been enlarged by charter of the State to a college, bestowed its first college degrees yesterday. The commencement exercises began last Saturday afternoon and will culminate tomorrow in ceremonies which include the junior luncheon to the seniors. On last Sunday the Baccalaureate sermon was preached by the Rev. Thomas J. McCluskey, S. J., and on Monday the "Antigone of Sophocles" was given on the campus by the dramatic society of the college.

Those receiving degrees yesterday were the Misses Marie Madeleine Lefevre, Laurette J. Reynaud, Sara J. Douherty, Helen A. Kelly, and Miss Frances R. Moore. Cardinal Farley conferred the degrees and made a twenty-minute address, in which he referred to the founding of the academy on land which is now included in Central Park. He also spoke of the splendid work of the Sisters of Charity being done in the New York parochial schools in which 90,000 children are being educated.

Three hundred guests, including the clergy, were present, among them Lieut. Gov. Martin H. Glynn, who made an address to the graduating class. Prof. Jarvis Kelley led the academic procession.

SURPLUS IS REAL, SAYS HITCHCOCK

Treasury Department Figured It, Asserts Former Postal Chief in a Sharp Answer to Critics.

CITES REPORT TO HOUSE

And Suggests New Officials Might Better Be Handling the Big Business Left to Them.

SILVER CITY, New Mexico, June 3.—Frank H. Hitchcock, ex-Postmaster General, arrived here to-day from the Mogollon Mountains, and saw for the first time the statement issued a few days ago by Postmaster General Burleson attacking his administration of the department. After reading the charges, Mr. Hitchcock issued a statement, saying:

"A committee composed in the main of newly appointed assistants, having less than three months' experience, attempts in a report to the present head of the department to discredit the financial showing made by the postal service under Taft's Administration. After reporting alleged discrepancies that are insignificant, when compared with the great sums known to have been saved by their predecessors, this committee of novitiates proceeds to enlighten the American people as to the character of the postal service.

"Their statement is as inaccurate as it is gratuitous, for the public well knows that never was the Postal Service conducted more efficiently or mail handled with greater precision and dispatch than in the closing years of the Taft Administration. During that Administration nearly 3,000 new post offices were establisned, delivery by letter carrier was provided in about 300 additional cities, and over 3,000 new rural routes, aggregating about 75,000 miles, were authorized.

"Notwithstanding these great extensions of service and the heavy increase in expenditures they required, the Post Office Department was placed on a self-sustaining basis, and that was its condition when, on the 4th of March, it passed into the hands of the newly appointed officers.

"The Postal Committee of the Democratic House of Congress endeavored last year in a similar manner to attack the audited accounts of the postal service, but, after investigation, that committee was fair enough to admit that the department had become substantially self-sustaining.

Says Treasury Figured Surplus.

"The returns as to surplus or deficit are made up, not by the Post Office Department, but by the Treasury Department, where all postal income is received and all postal accounts finally audited. The Secretary of the Treasury reported the wiping out of the postal deficit, and the record thus certified to in his fiscal report is likely to stand in history.

"If the Post Office Department could have received a proper allowance for the cost of carrying franked mail the postal surplus would have been much larger than that recorded, and this is true after deducting the expense incurred on account of the postal service by the Treasury Department for the free quartering of certain Post Offices in Federal buildings, an expense that is less than half the cost of the franking privilege. In the fiscal year 1912 more than 300,000,000 pieces of mail, having an aggregate weight of about 61,000,000 pounds, were carried free of charge under the franks of Congressmen and of the various Government establishments. It postage at the usual rates had been paid on this matter it is estimated that the postal revenues would have been increased by more than $20,000,000.

"In the last Administration we appealed in vain to a Democratic House for legislation abolishing the franking privilege as a subject that the present postal management might well consider, for it affords an opportunity to save the department millions of dollars a year. But, judging from the committee's report as published in the press, the gentlemen now in charge of postal destinies seem more interested in disclosing the fact that during the four years preceding March 4 an average of thirty-four clerkships per annum remained vacant in the department.

Suggests Critics Tend to Business.

"The United States postal service comprises altogether more than 300,000 officers and men. It is the largest business organization in the world. It expends annually about $250,000,000 and now takes in approximately that amount in postal receipts. It requires a high order of business ability and the closest kind of application on the part of the various officers in charge to conduct successfully a public service so extensive and so intricate.

"The question may very naturally present itself in the public mind as to why the present offic

MISS FERRY WEDS AT ST. THOMAS'S

Chantry Is Crowded with Guests for Her Marriage to William de F. Manice.

MISS LAZO IS MARRIED

To John F. Steinman—Miss Sallie Van Zile Bride of Dr. Scott—Other June Weddings.

The chantry of St. Thomas's Church was crowded to the doors yesterday with guests at the wedding of William de Forest Manice, the son of Mr. and Mrs. William Manice, and Miss Harriet Ferry, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. Hayward Ferry.

The Rev. Dr. Ernest M. Stires, assisted by the Rev. Dr. Thayer of St. Mark's School, officiated, the ceremony taking place at 4 o'clock.

The bride, who walked with her father, was in an ivory white satin gown, with a coat effect, in old Milano lace that came almost to the skirt's hem at the front and sides. It was cut in a low V in the front and had elbow sleeves.

The court train was novel in that it was slung from the right shoulder in cavalier style, and a little below the waist line a fold of it was carried to the centre back, and thence it spread out in the regulation long, square effect. It was heavy ivory satin embroidered in orchid designs and pearls, and the entire train was edged with silver passementerie balls.

The tulle veil, that came to the end of the train, was arranged in cap fashion and was held with a half-wreath of orange blossoms. Her only ornament was a diamond brooch, the gift of Mr. Manice. She carried a sheaf bouquet of white orchids, touched with mauve.

The matron of honor, Mrs. Jay Gould, and the bridesmaids, the Misses Ursula Brown and Lisa Stillman, were gowned alike, in orchid-colored taffeta, short skirts, with shaded lilac chiffon coats, having revers of bluish chiffon. The hats were plateaus of lavender Crin, much longer from side to side than front to back, and these were tied down over the ears with irregular, old-time mauve ribbon streamers. Tied to one side of the back, under the front brim, next the hair, was a cluster of mauve orchids. Orchids were also caught under the brim at the back, the ribbon passing over the hats. Their flowers were large clusters of centaureas, flowers that look much like Scotch thistles, and shaded pink roses.

Miss Sarah Manice, the maid of honor, was in pinkish taffeta, veiled with shaded mauve chiffon; her lavender hat was trimmed with large pink roses, and she carried mauve orchids.

Mr. Manice's best man was Seth Barton French, 2d, son of Dr. John Herndon French and Mrs. French, and the ushers were William Remsen, J. Macy Willets, Arthur Gardner, F. Bayard Rives, W. Scott Pyle, Dewees D. Dilworth, Morgan J. O'Brien of New York, and C. Lawson Reed of Cincinnati.

The wedding reception was held at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Ferry, 26 West Fifty-sixth Street. Franko's orchestra played during the afternoon.

The bride and bridegroom received in a pergola of wistaria blossoms. Mrs. Ferry, who assisted, wore a gown of silver and gray brocade with a silver lace coat topped by a deep blue hat covered with blue bird of paradise plumes.

Mrs. Manice, the bridegroom's mother, also receiving, wore a cream taffeta veiled with cream net, topped by a smoke-brown hat with feathers of the same color, and Mrs. Arthur Curtiss James, the bride's aunt, was in orchid pink moire trimmed with white lace, topped by a small black hat having a black aigrette.

The house decorations were wistaria, blue larkspur, and paeonies.

Mr. and Mrs. Manice have not yet decided upon their Summer plans.

Steinman—Lazo Wedding.

The wedding of John F. Steinman, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew F. Steinman of Lancaster, Penn., and Miss Blanche Lazo, daughter of Antonio Lazo-Arriaga, at one time Minister from Guatemala, was celebrated last night in the White and Gold ballroom of the St. Regis, and was followed by a reception and supper in the adjoining suites.

The Rev. George W. Houghton, rector of the Church of the Transfiguration, officiated at an altar made of white Spring flowers and foliage, the bridal party approaching through an aisle of flower-topped posts, joined with white ribbons.

The bride, who walked with her father, wore a short-trained robe of white satin crepe, having the bodice of tulle and rose point, with a high collar at the back of point lace, the front being cut out in a low V, and long, tight sleeves of tulle. Her point lace veil was one worn by her great-great-grandmother at her nuptials, and was held by clusters of orange blossoms, with orange blossoms banding the beak of the head-dress. Her bouquet of gardenias and white orchids was tied with tulle. The string of pearls worn was the gift of her father.

The bridesmaids were the Misses Caroline and Elizabeth Stelman, sisters of the bridegroom, and Caroline Franklin, all of Lancaster, and Miss Gean R. Stewarto f New York.

The maid of honor was Miss Gabrielle McQuaide of Plainfield, N. J. Little Miss Sarita Medina, the daughter of the Minister from Salvador, was the flower girl.

Mr. Steinman's best man was his brother, James Hale Steinman, and the ushers were George K. Baker, Spencer G. Nauman, David Morris, Henry A. Gross, Gilbert Rieman, Antonio Lazo, Jr., Guy Hutchinson, and Mario Lazo, brother of the bride.

The ceremony at 8 o'clock was followed by a reception and supper. The guests included a number from Lancaster and Philadelphia, and representatives of Latin-American countries.

Miss Van Zile's Wedding.

The marriage of Dr. Walter F. Scott of Birmingham, Ala., and Miss Sally Van Zile, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Van Zile, took place quietly at 8 o'clock last evening at the residence of the bride's parents, 404 West Twentieth Street. The ceremony was performed by Mgr. Lavelle of St. Patrick's Cathedral, assisted by Father Byrne, in the drawing room, which was decorated with Spring flowers, at a white flowered prie dieu, the bride being given in marriage by her father. She was in a gown of white brocade, plain satin and chiffon. The brocade formed a long train from the shoulders.

Miss Harriet Lee Van Zile, her sister's only attendant, was in a blue brocaded charmeuse combined with white lace.

Dr. Kimberlake of Baltimore was the best man. There were no ushers.

Dr. Scott, who is the son of Col. Walter S. Scott, U. S. A., retired, and Mrs. Scott of Los Angeles, Cal., will take his bride to Birmingham, Ala., to live.

A small reception followed the ceremony. Mrs. Van Zile, who was in the receiving party, was in lilac colored charmeuse with a tunic of lavender chiffon, flowered in lilac.

The guests asked included Col. Scott and Mrs. Scott of Los Angeles, Mrs. William H. Bulkeley, Senator and Mrs. Morgan G. Bulkeley, Mr. and Mrs. Lawson Purdy, Dr. Symonds and Mrs. Symonds, Dr. Dade Alexander and Mrs. Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Satterlee, Dr. John Randolph Page and Mrs. Page, Dr. Furniss and Mrs. Furniss, the Rev. Dr. W. H. Vibbert, Dr. Louis Livingston Seaman and Mrs. Seaman, Mr. and Mrs. Van Loan, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Thorne, Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Lynch Williams, Frederick Dellenbaugh and Mrs. Harriet Otis Dellenbaugh, Mr. and Mrs. Charles de Kay, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Hornblower, Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland Moffatt, Mr. and Mrs. Humphrey Nicholls, Harry L. Van Zile, and Major de Saulles.

Evans-Ridabock.

The wedding of Miss Fayette Ridabock and Alfred Evans took place at 8 o'clock last evening at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Francis A. Ridabock, at the Chatsworth, Riverside Drive and Seventy-second Street.

The bride's gown was of embroidered chiffon with trimmings of old point lace which was worn by her mother. Her veil was of tulle and was surmounted by a Breton cap of lace and held with sprays of orange blossoms. She carried a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley and sweet peas.

There were two bridesmaids—Miss Grace Marks, cousin of the bride, and Miss Alice Burke. They wore pink chiffon gowns over white lace and carried arm bouquets of pink peonies. Little Miss Julia Shearer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George L. Shearer, was the flower girl. She wore a white chiffon frock with a pink sash and carried an old-fashioned bouquet of pink sweet peas. Frank Burke Barnes of Brooklyn was the best man.

The Rev. Dr. S. De Lancey Townsend, rector of All Angels' Church, performed the ceremony, after which there was a reception.

Mr. and Mrs. Evans will make their home in this city in the Fall.

Miss Kelley Weds F. Meeder.

Miss Agnes Kelley, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Augustus W. Kelley, became the bride yesterday of Frederick Meeder. The ceremony was performed at 4:30 o'clock in St. Matthew's Church, West Eighty-fourth Street, and was followed by a large reception at the home of the bride's parents, 20 West Eighty-eighth Street. The Rev. Arthur H. Judge, rector of the church, officiated.

The bride's gown was of white satin, trimmed with Limerick lace. The veil was also of lace, and was caught up with a coronet of orange blossoms. She carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley.

Miss Grace Kelley, sister of the bride, and Miss Christine Kelley, sisters of the bride, were her only attendants. They wore gowns of apricot charmeuse with girdles of mauve satin and trimmed with shadow lace. Their hats were of shadow lace topped with mauve and pink roses, and they carried arm bouquets of pink roses.

Mr. Meeder had as best man Horace Man. The ushers were Arthur S. Vernay, Augustus W. Kelley, Jr., Augustus Skillen, and William Langford.

Mrs. Rand Weds Mr. Jacquelin.

The marriage of Mrs. Zillah Oakes Rand, a widow, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Fletcher Oakes of this city, and Herbert Ten Broeck Jacquelin of New York and Hohokus, N. J., was celebrated yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock in the chapel of the Madison Avenue Presbyterian Church, the Rev. Henry Sloane Coffin officiating. Only the immediate relatives witnessed the ceremony.

Mr. Jacquelin is the son of the late Mr. and Mrs. John H. Jacquelin. His father at his death three years ago was one of the oldest members of the New York Stock Exchange, and had served as Governor for twelve years. Mr. Jacquelin is head of the firm of John H. Jacquelin & Co., brokers, of 52 Broadway, and has a large place, called Saddle Brook Farm, at Hohokus, where he and his bride will reside. His sister is Mrs. Joseph S. Stout of Hohokus and he is a member of the Union, Racquet, and Tennis, and Riding Clubs, also of the St. Anthony and Automobile Club of America.

Mrs. Jacquelin resided at 18 East Fifty-seventh Street, and had been engaged in the decorative art business at 5 West Fortieth Street.

MISS THOMPSON MARRIED.

Sister of Commissioner Thompson Bride of Henry Fletcher.

Special to The New York Times.

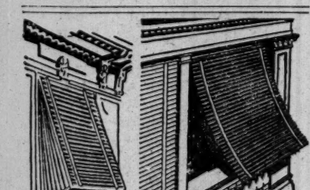
GREENWICH, Conn., June 3.—Miss Helen Thompson, a sister of Henry S. Thompson, Commissioner of Water Supply of New York, became the bride today of Henry Fletcher, a New York lawyer, at the beautiful Field Point Park residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. Helen A. Thompson. The ceremony was attended by about 200 friends from New York and a number of Greenwich friends. Among the guests were several well known in official life in New York. The marriage ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. J. H. Jowett, pastor of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church.

The bride was given away by her brother, Commissioner Henry S. Thompson. The matron of honor was Mrs. O. H. Van Norden of New York. There were no bridesmaids, but the Misses Adele and Dorothy Thompson, daughters of Commissioner Thompson, were flower girls.

The best man was Robert Fletcher of New York, brother of the bridegroom, and the ushers were Raymond B. Thompson, brother of the bride; George Sloane of New York, Henry W. Allen of New York, Raiph Fletcher, the bridegroom's cousin, of Sherbrooke, Canada; George B. Terry of Detroit, and Henry Silicocks and Devid Leahy of New York, law partners of the bridegroom. A reception followed the ceremony.

Morgan Historical Society.

J. P. Morgan was elected last night by succession a patron of the New York Historical Society. Mr. Morgan succeeds his father, J. Pierpont Morgan, who was a patron for many years. At the meeting the Misses Eliza R. and Mary M. Greenwood were elected Fellows of the society. They have just presented the library of Isaac J. Greenwood, their father, to the organization.



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DOG KILLS SQUIRREL IN HOTEL LOBBY

Flight of Little Wild Thing from Central Park Was Headed Off.

BRAVE FIGHT AGAINST ODDS

Curious Train of Events Follows Collision Between an Automobile and a Trolley Car.

An automobile came into collision with a trolley car in front of the Hotel Plaza yesterday, and the victim was a squirrel. As a matter of fact, the squirrel was not actually killed either by the automobile or the trolley car. Contact with a hungry bulldog which was waiting on a leash while his mistress ate her luncheon provided the poor little wild thing's finish; but this tragedy in the hotel lobby was the finale of a train of events that began with the mixup of the two vehicles outside the hotel.

It was exactly 2:50 P. M. by the self-registering chronometer that Assistant Manager Skinner carries in his left waistcoat pocket for the purpose of certifying for the newspapers events of importance, when a big limousine containing C. B. Alexander and two other men turned into Fifty-ninth Street from Fifth Avenue, and a few seconds later sought to remove from its pathway a crosstown car that was travelling leisurely eastward just in front of the main entrance of the Plaza. The automobile, or somebody in it, wanted to reach the entrance in a hurry, but as the vehicle turned, the trolley car happened to reach the spot, and the automobile, after butting the head of the car and finding it was hard enough to bend two lamps and smash a window, came to a stop. The two contestants for that space of street were separated without difficulty. Not so with two animals which later took up the quarrel.

In Central Park lived a squirrel. It was one of a fast diminishing family, whose life is made hideous by boys who, when the the little animals come to the Park wall to get the peanuts that more kindly disposed persons carry in their pockets, chase the little creatures and throw stones at them. A few youngsters had done just that to squirrels yesterday just at the time that the trolley and the auto chose for their meeting, and the little animal ran across the street and into the crowd that soon collected, from which it quickly sought safety through the open doorway of the hotel. It was not the first time that a squirrel had taken a peep into the Plaza, but it was the first time one encountered a foe.

From the opening into the Fifty-ninth Street cafe came most pleasant odors, and thither turned the squirrel, all unknowing that, just now, that thoroughfare was closed to little wild things such as he, with a great Cerberus on guard, who for an hour or more had been cherishing a grudge against somebody because he was tied up there to a least, and, with all those pleasant odors coming out, not allowed to sample the good things that produced them.

Down the narrow lane frisked the squirrel. A deep-throated challenge came from a fierce looking bulldog belonging to Miss Florence Malone of Brooklyn, who was taking luncheon inside with a party of friends. The squirrel turned. The dog sprang and the leash, which was only on a slipknot, pulled out. The maid at the hat stand shrieked. A pageboy yelled. The few persons who were trying new styles in summer sofa covers jumped over and rushed first in one direction and then in another, and one credible witness avers that a woman jumped on a chair and questioned everybody to know whether that thing was a rat or just a big mouse.

Around the lobby flew the squirrel, the dog after it. Unfortunately the little creature missed the advantage the setter's leash had given it, and stuck to the floor. Just in front of the newsstand the squirrel was caught, and then it showed fight. The dog, trusting to its superior strength, after the first grab and shake, dropped the little animal, and the latter bit savagely at the dog's ear and actually took a small piece of it. The squirrel scratched the bulldog's face as the latter sprang at it again. There was one pitiful little squeak, and a dead squirrel lay by the newsstand, and a savage looking dog with a gory mouth stood glaring down at it.

There are several societies that go to great lengths to protect dogs.

Mr. Ferris's Ushe..

Morris Douw Ferris, whose marriage to Miss Dorcas Williams, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Williams, will take place at Far Rockaway on June 14, will have his brother, Van Wyck Ferris, as his best man, and the six ushers selected are Thomas Resolved Williams and Henry Waldron Williams, brothers of the bride-elect; Chalmers Wood, Jr., Henry Bethune Weisse, and E. Throop Geer and William Montagu Geer. Mr. Ferris will give his bachelor dinner on June 10.

C. E. Laidlaw to Marry To-day.

Charles E. Laidlaw, son of the late Charles E. Laidlaw, the founder of the old banking firm of Laidlaw & Co., and Miss Alice Squire, daughter of George H. Squire of 21 West Seventy-sixth Street, will be married to-day at the bride's home by the Rev. Dr. Arthur H. Judge of St. Matthew's Episcopal Church. Mr. Laidlaw is a nephew of H. B. Laidlaw, formerly City Chamberlain. His brother, E. J. Laidlaw, is a member of the New York Stock Exchange, with offices at 45 Broadway.

Miss Rosenfeld's Engagemcnt.

The engagement of Miss Marion Rosenfeld of 235 West Seventy-first Street to Alfred Steckler, Jr., is announced. Mr. Steckler, who is a son of ex-Judge Steckler, is associated with the law firm of Charles & Alfred Steckler. He is a graduate of Columbia, class of '07. No date has been set for the wedding.

Miss Ruth Straat Engaged.

Mr. and Mrs. Francis Cyrus Straat of 247 West 104th Street announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Ruth Winifred Straat, to Harold Watson Haldeman, son of the Rev. and Mrs. I. M. Haldeman of 389 West End Avenue. Mr. Haldeman has just received his degree of electrical engineer from Columbia University. No date has been mentioned for the wedding.

SALVATION ARMY PARADE.

Miss Eva Booth on a Horse Leads the Marchers to Union Square.

The Congress of the Salvation Army will be brought to a close this morning when Miss Eva Booth, the Commander, will address a meeting of the officers. Last night there was a parade of 1,000 of the members of the army from Manhattan, Brooklyn, and New Jersey in Union Square. Miss Booth led the procession on horseback. The marchers then proceeded to the headquarters at 122 West Fourteenth Street. There were nine bands in the parade.

Commander Booth addressed a big meeting at the headquarters at 8 o'clock, in which she told of the work her father, the late Gen. Booth, had done.

$42,000 for Englewood Hospital.

Special to The New York Times.

HACKENSACK, N. J., June 3.—The whirlwind campaign planned for the purpose of raising $125,000 to enlarge and improve the Englewood Hospital begins to-morrow. A business men's dinner was given this evening in the Armory Hall, at which 500 were present, and during which the announcement was made that 20 men in Englewood had already pledged $42,000, providing the other $83,000 was raised.

PRINCESS'S DOWRY $200,000

Ex-King Manuel and His Bride Will Have an Income of $30,000.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Wednesday, June 4.—Gil Blas this morning announces that Prince William of Hohenzollern will give his daughter, the Princess Augustine Victoria, who is engaged to ex-King Manuel, a dowry of $200,000.

The income of the young couple will amount to about $30,000. Though the ex-King may think this insufficient, says Gil Blas, his mother, Queen Amelie, is satisfied. She hopes her son and his wife will live quietly at Sigmaringen till the possible restoration of the monarchy in Portugal, upon which the Princess Augustine is said to have set her heart.

WON'T MARRY THE UNFIT.

Rev. Dr. Nehemiah Boynton Stands with Those Who Favor Eugenics.

Demanding that couples coming to him to be married be sound physically and morally, the Rev. Dr. Nehemiah Boynton, pastor of the Clinton Avenue Congregational Church, Brooklyn, and head of the National Council of Congregational Churches, announced yesterday that he would not marry any persons whom he believed to be unfit for marriage. He said:

"I believe that the marriage ceremony should be surrounded with proper safeguards, and I shall not marry a couple, either of whom I know to be morally or physically unfit. The bride's father should know whether the man who is to marry his daughter is good. I say this because I am a father, and for this reason I am in favor of the principle. The people who are interested primarily should take the first interest in seeing that those about to be married are fit to enter into that sacred relation.

"The minister is the guardian of the law and stands for morals and righteousness, but he is in no sense an officer of inquiry."

OVATION TO ACTOR-KNIGHT.

Audience Cheers Sir Johnston and Lady Forbes-Robertson.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, June 3.—When Sir Johnston Forbes-Robertson appeared at Drury Lane to-night the audience showed its approval of the knighthood bestowed upon him by giving the actor an ovation which brought the play to a standstill for several minutes. A second outburst of cheering greeted Lady Forbes-Robertson's appearance on the stage. During the day the actor-knight received nearly a thousand messages of congratulation, among the senders being a Cabinet Minister and most of the prominent members of the theatrical profession.

Sir James M. Barrie, with his usual modesty, in order to avoid interviews, remained at home all day, abandoning his usual practice of going out for several hours.

CYRIL MAUDE COMING.

English Actor-Manager to Bring His Company for a Tour.

Word has been received by the Liebler Company from George C. Tyler, now in Europe, that a tour of America next season under their management by Cyril Maude is assured. The English actor-manager will arrive here late in October, bringing with him his London company, and will spend twenty weeks in this country and Canada, appearing in plays with which he has become identified abroad. These will include "The Second in Command," acted here by John Drew; "The Beauty and the Barge," by W. W. Jacobs and Louis N. Parker, acted here by Nat C. Goodwin; "Toodles," "The Headmaster," and "The Flag Lieutenant." He may also appear in the rôle of Sir Peter Teazle in "The School for Scandal."

"La Petite Adelaide' Weds Partner.

Mary Adelaide Dickey, known as a dancer under the stage name of "La Petite Adelaide," was married yesterday afternoon in Bensonhurst to J. J. Hughes, her dancing partner. The ceremony took place at the bride's home, and was performed by the Rev. Orville Fisher of the Dutch Reformed Church, only immediate members of the families attending. Carl Castmell was best man, and the bride was given away by Mrs. Adelaide Dickey of Troy, N. Y. Both have been married before.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel H. Valentine will leave for Berlin on June 10 on the Victoria Luise. They plan to make an automobile tour through Germany, Austria, and Italy, returning in October.

Mr and Mrs. August Rust-Oppenheim have returned from South America, and are at 122 East Eighty-second Street.

The wedding of Miss Hilda Holloway, daughter of Mrs. Joseph Holloway, and Henry Brevoort Renwick, a son of Mr. and Mrs. James A. Renwick of Flushing, L. I., whose engagement has just been announced, will take place shortly, although no date has been set.

Mrs. James C. Colgate and the Misses Colgate are at the Hotel Gotham for a brief visit, also Mrs. R. Neilson Hinckley and Julian Hinckley of Lawrence, L. I.

The costume ball in aid of the Long Island Nursing Sisters of the Poor is to be given on Friday night at the Garden City Hotel, instead of to-night, as formerly announced. Tickets at $5 each, which includes supper, may be had at the hotel. Trains will leave the Pennsylvania station at 8:15 and 9 o'clock that evening, returning at 1 and 2 A. M. There is a long list of well-known patronesses.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward C. Anderson of this city have returned from Lakewood and will be at the Wolcott before going to Richfield Springs, N. Y., for the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Morris Patterson Ferris and Morris D. and Van Wyck Ferris have left New York and now live in Garden City, L. I.

The marriage of Miss Bessie F. Yoakum, younger daughter of Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Yoakum, and Francis R. Larkin is will take place at 4 o'clock to-day in the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, and will be followed by a reception at the Yoakum town house, 16 East Sixty-seventh Street.

Miss Josephine Crosby will be married in Grace Church Chantry to-day to Dalton Fowler of Boston. The reception will take place at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Ashton Crosby, 29 Washington Square. It will be a small wedding.

Miss Miriam I. Larkin and Frank Seery will be married in St. Ann's Church this afternoon. The reception will be held at the home of the bride's parents, 240 Stuyvesant Square.

Mrs. J. Edward Simmons and Mrs. Andrew Little and Miss Little are at Briarcliff Lodge for the season. Mr. and Mrs. Frank H. Platt are there for the month of June.

Mrs. Charles T. Harbeck and the Misses Harbeck are sailing to-morrow for Europe on the Friedrich der Grosse.

To Get Brieux to Lecture Here.

Richard Bennett, who plays in "Damaged Goods," will sail for Europe on the Baltic on June 12. After seeing George Bernard Shaw in England Mr. Bennett will go to Paris for a conference with Eugene Brieux, the author of "Damaged Goods." He expects to be able to induce M. Brieux to come to America in the Fall to give a series of fifty lectures on eugenics.

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

The one hundredth performance of "Quo Vadis?" in motion-picture form at the Astor Theatre will occur on next Monday evening.

Werba & Luescher will send out through the South next season a production of "Little Miss Fix-It," with Lucille Parrish in the role formerly played by Alice Lloyd.

A recital of the compositions of Louis Arthur Russell will be given to-night at the Russell Studios at Carnegie Hall.

KERNOCHAN MEDAL FOR RESCUE IN 1886

American Cross of Honor Men Send It and the Mayor Presents It

WITH REMARKS ON BRAVERY

The Magistrate, Then a Boy of 10, Saved a Woman from an Overturned Boat Down the Bay.

When City Magistrate Frederic Kernochan was about 10 years old, in 1886, he rescued a woman named Louise Valet from an overturned boat at Navesink Highlands. Congress, in the Cleveland Administration, gave him a silver medal for his bravery, and yesterday the American Cross of Honor, which is composed of those who have received medals from Congress, gave him another. The Mayor made the presentation at the City Hall, and said:

"To show how little we know of one another in a great city, especially in the way of anything good—the bad we find out quickly enough—I can say to you that I never heard of this matter, and I suppose it will be news to the vast majority of the people of the city, that you did this heroic act for which this medal is being presented.

"There are acts of bravery that take place as a matter of course, because they are in the line of duty and the one performing them is required to perform them. They are most commendable. But there are other acts of bravery that transcend those done in the line of duty, like a soldier on the field. They are voluntary and unselfish acts of bravery. They transcend all the others. And this act for which I present this medal, being voluntary on your part and not in the line of any prescribed duty, is all the higher and all the more commendable."

MAYOR AFTER END-SEAT HOG

Board of Aldermen Receive His Message on Subject with Laughter.

Mayor Gaynor started after the end seat hog yesterday. In a letter to the Aldermen he asked that something be done to make people who monopolize the end seats of the Summer surface cars move along, so that passengers will not have to climb over them. This was his message:

City of New York,
OFFICE OF THE MAYOR.
June 3, 1913.

To the Honorable, the Board of Aldermen: The habit of all selfish people, and especially if they be big and fat, is to take the end place on the seats of the Summer cars, which run crosswise of the car, and stick there, instead of moving along to the other end as other people get on the car. This causes great inconvenience. All those who come after these selfish people have to climb over their legs and press by them as best they can. I would suggest to you to consider whether you should not pass an ordinance making this selfish practice a misdemeanor, and requiring those who enter cars with the ends of the seats so that there is a vacant space to sit down. The selfishness and hoggishness of some people in this matter is a distressing spectacle, to say nothing of the inconvenience which they cause, especially to mothers with little children.

W. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

The message was received with laughter by the board and immediately Alderman Stapleton introduced a resolution designed to abate the nuisance which he had introduced in 1904, but which was killed in the then Committee on Railroads. It provides that any person who refuses upon request to change to a vacant seat nearer the inner side of the car shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine not exceeding $100 or imprisonment not exceeding six months, or both. The message and resolution was referred to the Committee on Laws and Legislation.

SUIT FOR AIDING NEPHEW.

Printers Want Huyler Estate to Pay Debt of T. J. Gaines, Jr.

The question whether a man can aid his favorite nephew in starting a business enterprise without becoming responsible for all the debts of the concern is being thrashed out in a suit before Supreme Court Justice Amend against the estate of John S. Huyler, the candy manufacturer, and his nephew, Thomas J. Gaines, Jr. The plaintiffs are the Wyncoop, Hallenbeck-Crawford Company, printers of Paris Modes, a magazine issued by young Gaines, in which Mr. Huyler lost nearly $250,000.

The printers are suing to recover $26,757.11, the amount owing to them when Paris Modes went into bankruptcy. In naming as co-defendants the executors of the estate, the plaintiffs assert that the extension of credit which they had granted the magazine was due to Mr. Huyler's support. Had it not been for the supposition that Mr. Huyler was "back of" the publication, they could never have been misled, they say, even by the high rating given the magazine by mercantile agencies. Edmund L. Mooney, lawyer for the Huyler estate, said in his opening argument:

"If this jury should hold the late John S. Huyler responsible for the debts contracted by this magazine, with which he was not connected, but which he helped to the extent of a quarter of a million dollars out of love for his favorite nephew, then it would mean that no man could help his nephew or even his own son, in trying to start a business without becoming responsible for all the debts of the concern."

Arrivals on Two Liners.

Transatlantic liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

KRONPRINZESSIN CECILIE (Bremen)—Mr. and Mrs. A. Aldrich, Mr. and Mrs. W. Babcock, Mr. and Mrs. J. Bell, Mrs. W. Benjamin, Count Johann von Bernstorff, Mrs. C. Ledyard Blair, Miss Marjorie Blair, Mr. and Mrs. P. T. Campbell, Dr. J. Benedict Carter, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Christie, Miss M. Clarke, Malcolm Clephane, Mrs. T. S. Crawford, Mr. and Mrs. Norman H. Davis, Mrs. Elisha Dyer, Mrs. S. W. Fairchild, Mrs. P. Franklin, Mrs. W. Gibb, F. E. Gilbert, Adrian Iselin, Miss Louisa Iselin, Miss Georgina Iselin, Mr. and Mrs. Goodhue Livingston, Mr. and Mrs. G. L. McAlpine, Baron and Baroness de St. Marc, Mr. and Mrs. C. Mulholland, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Park, Mrs. G. Parmelee Prentice, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Richmond, H. W. Savage, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest T. Seton, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Sloane, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. C. Taylor, Marquis and Marquise de Wintworth, Countess C. Rastoni, Walter V. Bishop, Miss Dorothy Benz, and A. Whitney.

KROONLAND (Antwerp)—Mrs. S. Bellin, Mrs. Lindsay Best, Miss Christine Chaplin, Mrs. G. H. Dilworth, Miss Lola G. Givan, Mrs. C. C. Kennedy, Miss L. D. Mason, Paul Sodon, W. S. Smith, Mrs. Clothilde W. Taylor, the Rev. Brother E. Victor, and Mrs. W. P. Dubois.

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BIG SPUG DANCE ON A PIER.

Miss Morgan Witnesses 8,000 Vacation Girls in an Evening's Pleasure.

The word Spug in big electric light letters at the end of the recreation pier at East Twenty-fourth Street told the secret of the army of girls who filled it last evening. The Vacation Savings Fund girls, Miss Anne Morgan at the head to see that they had a good time, with their mothers and little sisters and friends, were opening the Summer season with a dance. The whole of the pier was thrown open to them, the street end being given over to a continuous moving picture show, while the other part was devoted to dancing and refreshments. There was a free lunch counter at the drinking fountain, where any one could have pure Croton for the drawing, but the restaurant counter, with ice cream, 10 cents, and lemon soda and sarsaparilla for 5 cents a bottle, including a straw, drew the crowd.

There were 8,000 of the vacation girls invited to come and bring their friends. Mrs. Mary Halpin, 63, "a widow this seven years," who used to be a prize dancer, she said, was the oldest dancer on the floor last night, dancing with a niece whom she had brought. No men were supposed to be invited, but there were a number of city officials, Dock Commissioner Smith's men, Capt. Sexton, the new Police Captain of the precinct; Commissioner of Recreation Johnson and R. G. Chomley-Jones of the Greenwich Neighborhood Association. Mrs. Richard Irvin, Miss Maud Wetmore, Miss Evelyn Smith, and Mrs. Mary Hatch Willard were among others present.

Mrs. August Belmont was expected, but, being out of town, did not arrive.

David L. Van Nostrand Dead.

David L. Van Nostrand, a banker and real estate dealer, once prominent in politics in Queens County, died at his home, 469 Broadway, Flushing, L. I., yesterday of apoplexy. He was largely interested in real estate holdings in Queens and Nassau Counties. He was a Justice of the Peace and Supervisor of the town of Flushing in 1888, Councilman of Queens Borough, Commissioner of Public Works under Joseph Cassidy's rule, and County Clerk of Queens at a time when the fees of the office were estimated to have amounted to between $50,000 and $100,000 a year. Mr. Van Nostrand retired last year as President of the First National Bank of Jamaica. He was born at Little Neck, L. I., in 1851.

Obituary Notes.

Lieut. FRANCIS J. O'ROURKE, who had been in the Police Department since 1888, died last night in his home at 1,229 Tinton Avenue, the Bronx. As a detective he made several important captures, and was known in the old days as successful in work that called for a good appearance and easy conversational powers.

MORRIS SELZ, a manufacturer of shoes, died yesterday in Chicago, aged 87 years. Mr. Selz was born in Neiderstetten, Germany. He is survived by three sons.

PAULINE KEANE TAYLOR, wife of Cortlandt E. Taylor, a broker of 2 Wall Street, died last night at her home, 226 West Seventieth Street. She was a daughter of the late James Keane and Anna Celeste Campion Keahe.

EVA LA COUR, wife of John W. La Cour, died at her home, 51 Walnut Street, Montclair, on Monday night. Until ten years ago she resided at Locust Valley, where Mr. La Cour was pastor of the Methodist Church.

JAMES HENRY MULFORD, at one time Vice President of the Kings County Republican General Committee, died yesterday morning at his home, 240 Hawthorne Street, Flatbush, from apoplexy.

JOSEPH W. ELLOR, ex-Surrogate of Essex County, N. J., died at Bradley Beach yesterday following an illness of several weeks. He was born in Bloomfield in 1837.

Mrs. FANNY LEVY, mother of Mrs. Louis Schlesinger of 74 Clinton Avenue, Newark, died early yesterday morning at her daughter's home. She was born near Prague, Bohemia, and came to this country more than seventy years ago. She leaves four sons, two daughters, eighteen grandchildren, and eight great-grandchildren.

The Rev. THOMAS LAYMAN POULSON, a retired Methodist minister and widely known temperance lecturer, died on Monday night at his home in Ridley Park, Philadelphia. He was 82 years old.

WILLIAM FLEMING, a retired painter and decorator, died at his home, 257 Prospect Place, Brooklyn, on Sunday, at the age of 73 years. He was one of the organizers of the First Presbyterian Church, and had been an Elder there and its Treasurer since the church was established.

FRANKLIN A. BOYDEN, Superintendent of the State Normal School Building in Montclair Heights, and at one time employed by the Public Library, died at his home in Spruce Street, Bloomfield, of a complication of diseases, on Monday. He was 53 years old.

ARTHUR LEUTHAUSSER, Sr., for more than thirty years proprietor of the Bloomfield Hotel, died on Monday at his home, 699 Bloomfield Avenue, of a complication of diseases. He was born in Germany, and came to this country when a boy.

AUGUST KRUEGER, Superintendent of Docks for the Mollenhauer Sugar Refining Company in Brooklyn, died of pneumonia at his home, 1,551 Forty-fifth Street, Bay Ridge, on Monday. He was 67 years old.

GEORGE W. WHITNEY, 71 years old, a veteran of the civil war, and for forty years Superintendent of the Stamford Water Company, died at Stamford, Conn., on Monday. He leaves a son, Dr. Edward P. Whitney of this city.

ISAAC A. STEELE, a Lieutenant of the Ancient and Honourable Artillery Company of Boston, who made the trip to London with that company in 1891, died on Monday at Gloucester, Mass.

NELLY YOUNG EGBERT, widow of Lieut. Col. Harry C. Egbert, U. S. A., and mother-in-law of Commander Yates Stirling, Jr., U. S. N., died at her daughter's home in Newport of acute neuritis on Monday. She was 70 years old.

The Rev. Dr. JOSEPH E. KING, President of the Fort Edward (N. Y.) National Bank and a well-known educator since 1847, died yesterday at his home at Fort Edward, aged 89 years. He was a Trustee of Wesleyan University, and a member of the Executive Committee of the

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Prices Recede Again After Firmness in Early Trading—Less Foreign Selling.

For a part of yesterday's Stock Exchange session prices showed firmness, but there was no sharp rebound from the heavy losses which were incurred on Monday. On the contrary, the market yielded again in the afternoon, although the volume of selling was much smaller than it had been the previous day, and enough new low prices were established to carry the average of quotations to a new low level. The foreign markets showed improvement, and buying and selling orders from abroad appeared to offset each other sufficiently closely to make the European participation in this market a much less important factor than it had been at the opening of the week. It seemed plain from the action of the market that sharp as had been the drop on Monday it had failed to call out a sufficient amount of buying to check the combined effect of liquidation, much of which has been directly related with the straining of credit to care for heavy issues of new securities, and of much bear pressure. Monday afforded an opportunity to many of those short of the market to cover at their ease, and many are believed to have profited by that opportunity. Further buying for the short account doubtless contributed to the moderate degree of strength which was shown in the early trading yesterday, but to the extent of which the short interest was thus reduced the market was left all the more open to fresh attack by the bears, and all the more vulnerable under renewed liquidation. This seemed sufficiently to account for the weakness which was shown at the close, for the volume of selling was at no time very heavy compared with the experience of the previous day.

The further hardening of time money rates yesterday was symptomatic of one set of conditions whose ramifications have been reflected in many quarters of the security markets. In part current interest rates are reflective of the strain to which credit has been put, and in part of the steps which bankers have been taking to correct that condition, and to put themselves in better position to meet the demands of the future. It is plain, and several recent incidents served to illustrate the point, that for a long time prior to the present large accumulation of undigested security issues the money markets were relied on to provide for many needs which should have been provided for in the capital market. Except for the most pressing requirements it is a wiser course when permanent capital cannot be obtained to postpone capital expenditures than to cover them by appeals to the short-time money market. Notes issued in lieu of permanent securities have proved the occasion of several of the most uncomfortable situations through which the security markets have passed. At the same moment, naturally enough, note issues are being practically confined to covering maturing obligations, but the inconvenience of providing for maturing issues in a money and security market such as we have lately been having suggests a lesson which should not be forgotten when borrowing again becomes easier. The enforced limitation of security issues to the filling of the most pressing requirements will gradually pave the way to a better investment situation. At the moment the absence of a normal relation between borrowing demand and capital supply offers the fundamental explanation of the conditions surrounding the security market.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2½@3 per cent., with the last loan at 2¾ per cent. The renewal rate was 3 per cent.

Time money rates were 3¾@4 per cent. for sixty days, 4@4¼ per cent. for ninety days, 4½@5 per cent. for four, five, and six months, and 5¼@5½ per cent. for seven months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 5½ per cent. for the best names. Short maturities, 5 per cent.

Clearing House exchanges, $584,781,286; balances, $32,816,338; Sub-Treasury debit balances, $553,265.

The local banks have lost $2,032,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

FOREIGN RATES.

Discount rates abroad yesterday were: London, 3 15-16 per cent. for short bills and 3⅞@¾ per cent. for three months' bills; Paris, 3¾ per cent., and Berlin, 5⅛@5½ per cent.. Money was 3¼@3½ per cent. in London and 5½ per cent. in Berlin.

The Paris check rate on London was 25f. 22c., and the Berlin check rate on London was 20 marks 43 pfennigs.

Foreign exchange rates at the points noted were quoted as follows:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8695; demand, high, $4.8670; low, $4.8660; last, $4.8660.

Paris—Cable, 5.18⅛ plus 3-64; check, 5.18¼ less 1-32.

Berlin—Cable, 95⅝ less 1-64; check, 95¼ less 1-64.

Switzerland—Cable, 5.18¾ less 1-16; check, 5.19⅜.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', 60 days, $4.8310; 90 days, $4.81⅛.

London—Commercial, 60 days, $4.82⅞; 90 days, $4.81⅝.

Paris—Commercial, 60 days, 5.22½ plus 1-16; 90 days, 5.23¾ less 1-32.

Berlin—Commercial, 60 days, 94¼ less 1-32; 90 days, 93 13-16.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, par; Chicago, 35c. premium; St. Louis, 35c. premium; St. Paul, 75c. premium; San Francisco, 60c. premium; Montreal, par.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was 1-16d. lower in London, at 27⅝d., and ¼c. lower in New York, at 59⅝c. per ounce.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Name. Rate.	Maturity.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal. Copper..5	Mar.15,'15	98¼	98⅝	
Am. Loco.....5	Oct., 1913	99⅞	100⅜	4.25
Aus. Gov.....4½	July,'14-15	99⅝	100	5.00
Boston & Me.6	June 2, '14	99⅞	99⅞	6.10
Boston & Me.5	Feb. 5,'14	98⅝	99¼	6.75
Brklyn. R. T...5	July, 1918	95¼	95½	5.90
C. & O. Ry..4½	June, 1914	98¾	99⅛	6.60
C. & O. Ry....5	Sep., 1915	98⅝	99¼	5.80
Chi. El. Ry..5	July, 1914	96¾	97¼	7.40
C., H. & D...4	July, 1913	99¾	100	4.00
Erie.....6	Apr. 8,'14	99¾	100	6.00
Erie.....5	Oct., 1914	98⅝	99⅜	5.65
Erie.....5	April, 1915	97⅞	98⅜	6.00
Gen. Motor..6	Oct., 1915	99¾	99⅞	6.15
Gen. Rubber..4½	July, 1915	95¾	96¼	6.05
Hocking Val..4½	Nov., 1913	99¼	100	4.50
Hudson Cos..6	Oct. 15,'13	99	100	6.00
Ill. Central..4½	July, 1914	99⅜	99⅝	4.75
Int. & Gt. N..5	Aug. 1914	96¼	97¼	7.10
Int. Harv.....5	Feb.15,'15	99¾	99¾	5.10
Lack. Steel...5	May, 1915	94¾	95¼	7.90
L. S. & M. S.4½	Mar.15,'14	99¾	99¾	4.50
Mex. Mon. C.4½	Sep., 1918	97	99¼	6.50
Mich. Cent...4½	Mar., 1914	99¼	99⅝	4.87
M. & St. L...6	Feb., 1914	99	99¾	9.45
M., K. & T...5	May, 1915	96¼	97¼	6.35
Mo. Pacific...5	June, 1914	95	96¼	9.00
Mont. T. & P.6	Apr., 1915	99½	100¼	5.90
N. Y. Central.4½	Mar., 1914	99½	99¾	4.80
N. Y. Central.5	Apr.21,'14	100	100¼	4.87
N. Y. Central.4½	May, 1915	98¾	99¼	4.85
N.Y.,N.H.&H.5	Dec., 1913	99¾	100	5.00
S. L. & S. F.6	June, 1913		85	
S. L. & S. F.6	Sep., 1914		95	
Sea. Air Line.5	Mar., 1916	96¼	98⅜	5.45
So. Railway..5	Feb., 1916	98⅞	99½	5.20
Schw. & Sul.6	June, 1916	97	99	6.65
U. S. S. R. M.5	Aug., 1914	98	99¼	5.05
Un. Typewri.5	Jan., 1916	95¼	96¼	6.05
United Fruit..5	May, 1917	99¾	100¼	5.95
Utah Co. ..6	Apr., 1915	99¾	100¼	5.98
We. El. & M.5	July, 1913	99¾	100¼	6.15
We. El. & M.6	Aug., 1913	100	100¼	4.00
Wis. Mt. ...5	July, 1915	98	99¼	4.25

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

A Small Short Interest.

The further recession of security prices yesterday on the heels of Monday's broad decline caused many traders to carry away with them at the end of the session a decidedly gloomy outlook. The trend of quotations was of a sort to convince them that under the influence of hurried European selling of the previous day a tremendous amount of short covering had occurred. In fact, there were numerous close observers of market occurrences who were persuaded that the short account had been narrowed down to very small proportions. In proof of this view they pointed to the way stocks sold off without sign of even feeble rallies, to culminate in weakness at the close, which was more impressive than the weakness of any other period of the day. They argued that the only support accorded the market on Monday had come from a worried short interest, and that, while sales on the short side undoubtedly helped to melt prices down in yesterday's last hour, still the steadying influence of short covering in other quarters was entirely lacking to impart even a moderate degree of stability.

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Trimming Off Prices.

There has been such poor support for the stock market in recent weeks that any deliberate selling movement, either in liquidation or the short interest, has depressed quotations regardless of values or other considerations. It is only necessary to decide on an issue, sell a few hundred or a thousand shares, and then wait a few moments for the execution of stop loss orders, after which it is usually possible to buy back the shares sold, with a profit of two or three points. At first the stocks subjected to attack were those occupying a weak technical position, such as the unseasoned industrials or those of the railroads expected to pass their dividends. In the past few days the selling has had the same effect in some of the high-priced stocks, concerning whose dividends there have been no unfavorable rumors. Canadian Pacific, American Telephone, Southern Pacific—whatever the stock, it has slumped off when its turn has come. Yesterday afternoon the selling was concentrated for a short while on Northern Pacific. From 113½ the price shaded down to 110⅝, where it closed at the lowest point touched in several years. The peculiar aspect of the selling of Northern Pacific is that it followed on the heels of the publication of an excellent earnings statement for April and the ten months. There is no question of the company's ability to earn its dividend this year, although enormous sums have been put into maintenance. It looks as though the current year would see a surplus of about 8 per cent. earned on Northern Pacific shares. Mr. Elliott says that the stockholders will have a much better railroad than they had on June 30, 1912, as a result of the sums taken out of earnings to provide improvements.

***

Stocks Under New Tax Law.

Only two stocks listed on the Stock Exchange are affected by the amendment to the Stock Transfer Tax bill, recently signed by Gov. Sulzer, which directs that a tax of two cents a share shall be paid on all stock sold, irrespective of its par value. The issues are Great Northern Ore certificates and Adams Express shares, upon which no tax has been paid in the past because they had no specified par valuation.

Great Northern Ore certificates are trust receipts, while each share of Adams Express Company capital represents an interest of 120,000th part in a joint stock association. Before the tax measure was amended it called for a two-cent charge in the transfer of each share of stock having a par value of $100.

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Let Gary Attend to Business.

The prosecution in the case of the Government against the Steel Corporation showed yesterday that, whatever evils it hopes to bring out in past operations of the trust, it has no intention of interfering with present routine matters of business. The weekly meeting of the Finance Committee was scheduled for the afternoon. Judge Gary was occupying the witness chair. He wished to attend the meeting, and in order that he might do so, the morning session of the hearing was continued a half hour longer than on former days, and reconvened a half-hour later.

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D. & R. G. Doing Well.

Chairman Jeffery of the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad Company said yesterday that he estimated that the surplus of the road this year, after meeting all interest charges, except what it may have to contribute toward Western Pacific first mortgage bond interest, would be about $1,700,000. The company is free from floating debt. The free treasury assets shown in the last annual report are all intact, according to Chairman Jeffery. At the end of the first ten months the Denver & Rio Grande had a surplus of $1,257,000, as compared with the $532,000 earned in the corresponding period of last year.

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Investment Begins at Home.

Some security issues, like prophets, are not without honor save in their own country. A speech delivered in London recently, prior to the Frisco trouble, by a former Chancellor of the Exchequer might have served a more useful purpose had it been delivered before the recent flotation of some rather questionable securities abroad. The speaker, Lord St. Aldwyn, said that during his tenure of office as Chancellor he had sold upward of $450,000,000 of British consols at about 18 points higher than they could be sold for now. He entertained a firm belief that in these matters the world went through a cycle of years, and that the day would come again when the public would discover, as it had discovered in past times, that the security offered by half-civilized countries under unsettled governments was not quite so good as the security that it could get at home, and when that lesson had been forcibly impressed upon it by some financial catastrophe abroad then would come the time for the revival of those gilt-edged securities which are now fallen on evil days. Lord Aldwyn said that the coming of that day would be accelerated if the English bankers were less ready to flood the market with new adventures, the high rate of interest on which is their claim to attention.

Want Ancillary 'Frisco Receiver.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., June 3.—Counsel for J. L. Driver and Mrs. Driver of Memphis applied to-day in the Federal Court for the appointment of an ancillary receiver for the St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad and the property belonging to the Kansas City and Memphis Bridge Company. Claim is made in the bill that the railroad company is indebted to the Drivers to the amount of $4,000 for damages rendered them in January, 1912, and that the debt remains unpaid. The motion will be argued on Saturday.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Curb Trading Continues in Small Volume, with Prices Irregular.

Transactions in unlisted securities yesterday showed very little increase in activity. Price movements were irregular with no special changes. Tobacco Products preferred added another point gain to the three-point advance of Monday, closing at 87. Bond trading was small.

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Transactions reported yesterday were:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,800	Brit.-Am. To.	21¾	22¾	21¾	21¾
100	Emerson-B....	25	25	25	25
100	Man. Tran..1	7-16	1 7-16	1 7-16	1 7-16
200	Puebla S. & R.	2	2	2	2
5	Stand. Oil of New Jersey.	365	368	365	368
1,500	Un. Cig. Stores Co. of Am.	91½	92¾	90½	90½
50	‡Un. Cig. Stores Co. of A. pf.	110	110	110	110
100	U. S. Lt. & H.	9	9	9	9
10	U. S. Lt. & H. pf.	63	63	62	63

MINING STOCKS.

900	Alaska Gold Mines	11	11	10¾	10¾
200	*Beaver Con.	84	84	84	84
100	Bessie Gold D.	17	17	17	17
2,250	*Big Four....	55	56	54	54
600	Braden Cop...	6¼	6¾	6½	6¾
3,600	Can. Gold S.	23	23	22	22
200	Davis-D. Cop.	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾
200	First Nat....	1 15-16	1 15-16	1¾	1¾
200	Giroux Min....	1 18-16	1 18-16	1¾	1¾
800	Greene-Can....	6¼	6¾	6¼	6¼
2,000	*Greenwater..	6	6	6	6
1,000	La Rose Con.	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
525	McKin.-Dar..	1 11-16	1¾	1 11-16	1¾
1,500	*Nevada Hills	95	95	94	94
500	Nip. Mines Co.	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾
500	Pacific Smelt.	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
2,500	Stewart	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾
100	Tonopah Min.	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
450	Tonopah Ext.	2¼	2 2-16	2¼	2 3-16
12,500	*Tono. Merger	72	72	69	70
300	Tuolumne ..	2¼	2 5-16	2¼	2 5-16
1,200	West End Con.	1¼	1¼	1 1-16	1 1-16
5,000	West. Sil. M.	10		9	10

LISTED PROSPECTS—MINING COS.

100	*New Utah B.	64	64	64	64
3,500	West End Ex.	8	9	8	9

BONDS.

$10,000	Braden Cop. 6s	140	140	139	139
3,000	Chi. El. 5s..	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾
	*Sells cents per share.		†Odd lots.		‡Ex dividend.

Note.—Not reported yesterday, 100 shares International Rubber Trust certificates at 9.

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Bid and asked prices of issues not traded in were:

INDUSTRIALS.

	June 3. Bid.	Asked.	June 2. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-American Oil..	18½	19	18	19
Am. Writing Paper..	1	1½	1	1¼
Bay State Gas..	3-16	5-16	3-16	5-16
Borden's Cond. Milk..	114½	114	114	114½
Borden's. C. Milk pf.	106½	107¼	106½	107¼
Brown Shoe ..	42	52	42	52
Brown Shoe pf..	85	92	85	92
Cluett-Peabody ..	45	52	45	52
Cluett-Peabody pf..	98	99	98	99
Con. Rubber Tire..	16	20	16	20
Con. Rubber Tire pf.	60	75	60	75
Continental Can ..	43½	48	43½	48
Continental Can pf..	89	91	89	91
Em.-Brantingham pf.	82	90	82	90
Havana Tobacco ..	2	4	2	4
Havana Tobacco pf..	5	10	5	10
Houston Oil pf..	16	17	18	20
Houston Oil pf..	55	65	55	65
Int. Rubber Tr. ctfs..	8½	10	8¼	10
Lehigh Val. Coal S. Co.	195	205	195	205
Marconi of Am., new..	2⅜	3	3⅜	4
Mays Oil ..	16	18	16	18
National Sugar ..	94	98	94	96
New York Transa..	4	5	4	5
Oil Fields of Mexico..	1¼	1½	1¼	1½
Otis Elevator ..	77	80	77	80
Otis Elevator pf..	95	98	95	98
R. J. Reynolds ..	255	265	255	265
Tobacco Products ..	120	140	120	140
Willys Overland ..	59	63	59	63
Willys Overland pf..	85	94	85	94

MINING STOCKS.

Alaska Copper ..	5	5½	5	5½
Bessie Gold D. pf..	13½	14	13½	14
British-Col. Copper..	2⅜	2¾	2⅜	2⅞
Buffalo Mines..	2¼	2¾	2¼	2⅞
Blue-Bird New York ..	½	¾	½	¾
C. O. D. Con..	½	¾	½	¾
Cons. Ariz. Smelt..	5-16	⅜	5-16	⅜
Diamond Black B..	2	3	2	3
Diamond Field D....	3	4	3	5
Florence ..	37	40	35	40
Goldfield Midway..	2	3	2	3
Halifax Tonopah....	90	95	90	100
Kerr Lake ..	3 1-16	3 3-16	3 1-16	3 3-16
Mines Co. of America	6	6½	6	6½
North Butte Dev....	2⅝	2¾	2⅝	2¾
Ohio Copper ..	⅞	1	⅞	1
South Utah M. & S.	13-16	⅞	13-16	⅞
Tri-Bullion ..	3-16	¼	¼	⅜
Tularosa ..	¼	⅜	3-16	⅜
Union Mines ..	¼	⅜	¼	⅜
United Copper ..	1-16	3-16	1-16	3-16
United Copper pf..	⅜	⅝	⅜	⅝
Yukon Gold Mines..	3	6	3	6

LISTED PROSPECTS—MINING COMPANIES.

Lightning C.-G. D...	2⅞	3¼	2¾	3¼
*New Jersey M. Co..	16	17	16	17

BONDS.

B. R. T. 5% notes....	95¾	95¾	95¾	95¾
Havana Tobacco 5s..	61	63	61	63
N. Y. City 4½s, '60..	95¾	96	95¾	96
N. Y. City 4½s, '62..	95¾	96	95¾	96
Western Pacific 5s..	75	80	78½	80

STANDARD OIL QUOTATIONS.

	June 3. Bid.	Asked.	June 2. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-Am. Oil	18½	19	18	19
Atlantic Refining....	620	623	610	620
Borne-Scrymser	290	310	290	310
Buckeye Pipe Line...	168	171	168	171
Chesebrough Mfg....	660	680	660	680
Colonial Oil	100	115	100	115
Continental Oil	1875	1925	1850	1925
Crescent Pipe Line..	60	63	60	63
Cumberland Pipe Line.	70	75	70	75
Eureka Pipe Line....	365	371	365	371
Galena-Signal Oil..	190	195	190	197
Galena-Signal Oil pf.	138	143	140	145
Indiana Pipe Lines..	127	130	127	130
National Transit	41	42	40	42
New York Transit....	337	342	342	347
Northern Pipe Line..	107	112	107	112
Prairie Oil and Gas..	130	133	129	132
Solar Refining	305	308	298	305
Southern Pipe Line..	735	750	735	750
South Penn. Oil....	243	247	244	249
S. W. Penn. Pipe Lines	217	222	220	225
Standard Oil (Cal.)..	160	163	160	164
Standard Oil (Ind.)..	175	178	175	178
Standard Oil (Kan.)..	324	327	322	327
Standard Oil (Ky.)..	275	295	275	285
Standard Oil (Neb.)..	418	425	415	430
Standard Oil (N. J.)..	265	268	265	280
Standard Oil (N. Y.)..	363	367	368	368
Standard Oil (Ohio)..	703	708	700	705
Swan & Finch....	190	200	270	275
Union Tank Line....	69	71	69	70
Vacuum Oil	176	179	176	179
Washington Oil....	31	33	31	33
Waters-Pierce Oil..	1450	1525	1450	1525

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	June 3. Bid.	Asked.	June 2. Bid.	Asked.
British-American	270	280	270	280
Johnson Tinfoil & M.	170	180	170	180
Liggett & Myers....	160	168	160	168
MacAndrews & F....	195	205	195	205
P. R.-Am. Tobacco....	205	215	200	215
R. J. Reynolds	250	260	255	265
R. J. Reyn. pf. w. l.	110	120	110	120
Tobacco Products	110	120	110	130
Tobacco Products pf..	85½	87½	86	86½
United Cigar Stores..	90¾	90¾	91	91½
Un. Cigar Stores pf...	110	113	110	115

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Light & Traction....	370	380
Am. Light & Traction pf....	106	108
Adirondack Electric Power....	16	18
Adirondack Electric Power pf....	56	60
Am. Gas & Electric....	70	75
Am. Gas & Electric pf....	44	46
Am. Power & Light....	69	71
Am. Power & Light pf....	79	81
Am. Public Utilities....	55	58
Am. Public Utilities pf....	72	74
Appalachian Power Co. pf....	9	12
Cities Service	102	103
Cities Service pf....	81	83
Commonwealth P., R. & L....	84	87
Commonwealth P., R. & L. pf....	97	98
Denver Gas & Electric gen. 5s....	94½	96½
Electric Bond Deposit pf....	70	74
Electric Bond & Share....	99	101
Empire District Electric 5s....	89	90
Empire District Electric 5s pf....	70	80
Federal Light & Traction....	27	30
Federal Light & Traction pf....	76	80
Federal Utilities Co., Inc....	34	36
Federal Utilities Co., Inc., pf....	70	74
Gas & Electric Securities....	120	130
Gas & Electric Securities pf....	90	94
Lincoln Gas & Electric....	90	94
Montana Power Co....	87	87½
Montana Power Co. pf....	97	99
Northern Ont. Light & Power....	10	14
Northern Ont. Light & Power pf....	58	61
Northern States Power....	79	79½
Northern States Power pf....	77½	78¼
Ozark Power & Water Co....	45	50
Pacific Gas & Electric....	49	51
Pacific Gas & Electric pf....	85	88
Republic Ry. & Light Co....	22	24
Republic Ry. & Light Co. pf....	73	75
Standard Gas & Electric....	9½	10¼
Standard Gas & Electric pf....	87½	89
Tennessee, Ry., L. & P. Co....	17	18
Tennessee Ry., L. & P. Co. pf....	73	75
Union Ry., Gas & Electric....	64	67
Union Ry., Gas & Electric pf....	87	90
United Light & Rys....	73	75
United Light & Rys. 1st pf....	77	79
United Light & Rys. 2d pf....	71	74
United Utilities Co....	25	28
United Utilities Co. pf....	100	102½
Utilities Improvement....	16	18
Utilities Improvement pf....	82	86
Western Power	70	72
Western Power pf....	15	17

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
410	H. O. com. tr. ctfs.	17½	17	17
20	Maryland Casualty..	99¾	99¾	99¾
20	Mer. Mec. Bank....	34	33¾	33¾
75	Penn. W. & Power..	60	60	60
350	United Railways....	36¾	36½	36½

BONDS.

$1,000	C. & O. 1st con. 5s.	105¾	105¾	105¾
1,000	Con. Coal con. 6s...	99	99	99
5,000	Chic. Railways 5s...	97¼	97¼	97¼
1,000	G. B. S. Brewing 4s.	38	38	38
2,000	Milwaukee rfdg. 4½s	91	91	91
1,000	Maryland Elec. 5s..	96½	96½	96½
3,000	Minn. & St. P. 1t. 5s	100¾	100¾	100¾
9,000	United Railways 4s	83½	83¼	83¾
2,000	United Rwys. rdg. 5s	86¾	86¾	86¾

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Adventure	1¼	1¼	1¼
10	Abmeek	300	300	300
25	Alaska Gold	11¼	11	11½
45	Algomah	35c	35c	35c
20	Allouez	31	31	31
610	Amal. Copper	71¾	70¾	70¾
120	Am. Zinc	22	21½	21½
62	Anaconda	86	86	86
35	Arizona Com'l	3	2¾	2¾
1,962	Boston & Corbin....	50c	25c	30c
10	Butte & Bal....	2	2	2
610	Butte & Superior....	27¼	26¼	26¼
645	Cal. & Arizona	68¾	68½	68½
12	Cal. & Hecla	440	440	440
70	Chino	39	38¾	38¾
169	Copper Range	41¾	41	41
685	East Butte	11¼	11	11
78	Franklin	5	5	5
455	Giroux	1¾	1¾	1¾
1,145	Granby	61¼	60	60
1,149	Greene-Cananea	6¾	6½	6¾
140	Hancock	17½	17½	17½
200	Indiana	9	9	9
320	Island Creek	46¾	46¼	46¼
80	Island Creek pf....	81½	81½	81½
110	Isle Royale	22	22	22
80	Kerr Lake	3¼	3 1-16	3 1-16
25	Keweenaw	1½	1¼	1¼
258	Lake	12	11¾	11¾
25	Lasalle	4	10½	10½
50	Mason Valley	6	3¾	3¾
50	Mass. Con	6	6	6
110	Mayflower	3¾	3¾	3¾
90	Mohawk	61½	61½	61½
25	Nevada Con	48¾	48	48
100	New Arcadian	16¾	16¾	16¾
425	Nipissing	1¼	1¼	1¼
602	North Butte	8¾	8¾	8¾
5	Oilbway	28¼	27½	27½
70	Old Colony Mining.	1	1	1
165	Old Dominion	4	3¾	4
250	Pond Creek	46	45½	45½
5	Quincy	83¾	83¾	83¾
150	Rex Con	61¼	61¼	61¼
155	Shannon	18¼	18¼	18¼
80	Shattuck	8¾	8¼	8½
180	Superior & Boston..	24¾	24	24
105	Superior	2½	2½	2

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, JUNE 3, 1913.

Stocks, (Shares.)

Total sales June 3, 1913	338,382
Same day last year	329,616
Total year to date	37,334,079
Same period last year	63,129,088

Average closing price 50 stocks, with day's	High.	Low.
net change	68.21	—.44
Same day last year	81.15	+.51
Range year to date	79.10	69.45
Same period last year	83.76	75.24

	—Call Money.— High.	Low.	Ren'al.	—Sterling Exchange.— High.	Low.	Close.
June 3, 1913	3	2½	3	$4.8670	$4.8660	$4.8660
Same day last year	3	2½	2⅞	4.8705	4.87	4.8705
Range year to date	7	2	...	4.8790	4.8570	...
Same period last y'r	5	1¾	...	4.8760	4.8630	...

Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
134	142	50	Adams Express	135½	135½	135¾	135¾	...
70½	70⅝	24,000	Amalgamated Cop	71⅛	71⅝	70½	70⅝	— ½
92½	93	200	Am. Agri. Chem. pf	92⅝	92⅞	92½	92½	—1
25½	26	1,000	Am. Beet Sugar	25	26½	25	26	+ ½
30½	30¾	3,750	Am. Can	31⅞	32	30⅝	30½	—1⅝
90	91	1,300	Am. Can pf	91⅝	91⅝	90	90	—1⅝
45¼	45½	900	Am. Car & Fdry	47	47	45½	45½	—1½
..	37¼	100	Am. Cities	37¼	37¼	37¼	37¼	— ¼
20	22	100	Am. Hide & L. pf	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜	—1⅝
23	23¼	400	Am. Ice Securities	23¼	23⅜	23¼	23¼	+ ⅛
24	26	200	Am. Linseed pf	24	24	24	24	...
31½	31½	200	Am. Locomotive	31¼	31¼	31¼	31¼	...
102	103	100	Am. Locomotive pf	102	102	102	102	— ¼
46½	49	200	Am. Malt pf	47	47¼	47	47¼	+ ¼
62	62¼	21,000	Am. Smelt. & Ref	64	64⅜	61½	62	—2⅝
100¾	101½	200	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	101	101	100⅞	100⅞	— ½
81½	82½	200	Am. Smelt. S. pf. B	82⅞	82⅞	82½	82½	— ½
107¼	108¼	100	Am. Sugar Ref	107⅞	107⅞	107⅞	107⅞	— ⅛
128¾	129	500	Am. Teleph. & Tel	128⅞	129	128⅝	129	+ ⅛
226	230	100	Am. Tobacco	230	230	230	230	+3
17¼	20	720	Am. Woolen	18	18	17½	17½	— ½
35½	35⅞	2,400	Anaconda Cop. Co	36	36	35⅜	35⅝	— ⅛
97⅜	97⅝	2,300	Atch., Top. & S. F	98	98⅛	97½	97½	— ⅜
97½	98½	100	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	98⅝	98⅝	98⅛	98⅛	— ⅜
95¼	95⅜	3,100	Baltimore & Ohio	96⅜	97⅛	95¼	95¾	—1⅜
31½	32	300	Bethlehem Steel	32	32	31¾	31¾	— ⅜
69¼	70	200	Bethlehem Steel pf	69⅝	69⅝	69¼	69½	...
89⅜	90¼	4,300	Brook. Rapid Tran	90	90⅝	89⅞	89⅝	— ⅛
36	36⅛	2,400	California Petrol'm	36	36⅝	35¾	35⅞	— ⅛
63½	64	800	California Pet. pf	64	64	63	63½	—1
217⅛	217¼	23,820	Canadian Pacific	217½	218⅝	216½	217⅛	+2¼
211½	213½	300	C. P. sub. cfs. 2d pd	212⅝	212⅝	211½	211½	+1½
20	21	300	Central Leather Co	20	20	20	20	...
91	92	110	Cent. Leather Co. pf	91⅛	91⅛	91⅛	91⅛	— ¾
104	108	15	Cent. & So. Am. Tel	106	106	106	106	...
62½	62⅝	6,800	Chesapeake & Ohio	63½	63⅞	62¼	62⅜	— ⅛
12	12¼	600	Chicago Gt. West'n	13	13	12¾	12¾	— ⅛
27¼	28	400	Chi. Gt. West'n pf	27¾	27¾	27	27	—1
105½	105¾	2,700	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	106	106½	105½	105½	— ¼
127½	128	300	Chi. & Northwest'n	128	128	128	128	+ ½
38¼	38½	2,100	Chino Copper	38¾	38¾	38⅝	38⅝	— ⅛
46	47	550	Chev., C. & St. L	48⅞	48⅞	47⅞	47⅞	—1
28½	29½	300	Col. Fuel & Iron	29½	29½	28¾	28¾	+ ½
67	68	100	Col. & South. 1st pf	68	68	68	68	...
130¾	131	1,400	Consolidated Gas	131¼	131⅝	130⅜	130¾	— ⅛
9¾	9⅞	800	Corn Products Ref	10	10	9¾	9¾	— ⅛
64	65	100	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	64½	64½	64¼	64½	— ⅛
97	97⅜	300	Deere & Co. pf	97½	97½	97	97	— ¼
150	152	400	Delaware & Hudson	152¾	152	151½	151½	—1¼
15⅝	15⅞	300	Den. & Rio Grande	15½	16¼	15½	16⅛	— ⅛
23	28	5	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	27	27	27	27	...
65	70	215	Detroit United Ry	68	68	67½	67½	—5½
25¾	26	5,300	Erie	26	26¾	25⅝	25⅞	— ⅛
40	40¼	700	Erie 1st pf	40½	40½	40	40	—1¼
31¼	33	300	Erie 2d pf	32	32	31⅜	31⅜	— ⅝
104½	105½	8	Gen. Chemical pf	105½	105½	105½	105½	...
135¼	136	800	General Electric	135⅞	136½	135¼	135½	— ¼
1⅞	1⅞	17,050	Goldfield Consol	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	...
91	93	100	Goodrich pf	92	92	92	92	— ½
123⅜	124½	5,151	Great Northern pf	125¼	125½	123⅜	123⅜	—2
120	124	130	G. Nor. pf. 40 p.c. pd	123	125	123	123	— ½
31½	32½	200	G. N. certs.ore prop	31⅝	32	31⅝	32	+ ⅝
140	160	100	Helme (G. W.) Co	150	150	150	150	...
112	112⅜	1,400	Illinois Central	114	114	112	112	—2
16	16¼	100	Inspiration Copper	16	16	16	16	...
13⅝	13¾	2,100	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs	13⅜	13⅞	13⅜	13⅜	...
47¼	47⅝	2,700	Inter.-Met. pf	49	49½	47½	47½	— ¾
9	9¼	100	Int. Paper	9	9	9	9	...
7	10	100	Int. Steam Pump	8	8	8	8	+ ⅞
22	22¼	1,200	Kan. City Southern	22¼	22⅝	22	22	...
57½	58	100	Kan. City South. pf	58½	58½	58½	58½	— ½
31	37	200	Lackawanna Steel	32	32	32	32	—1
92	93	150	Laclede Gas	92¼	92½	92½	92½	—2½
153	153½	3,100	Lehigh Valley	153¾	154¼	153	153	— ¾
213	215	100	Liggett & Myers	214	214	214	214	—2½
112	114	50	Liggett & Myers pf	113⅞	113⅞	113⅞	113⅞	...
34	39	100	Long Island	36	36	36	36	—1
165	172½	900	Lorillard (P.) Co	170	170	170	170	...
131	131¾	700	Louis. & Nash	132½	132½	131	131	— ⅛
65¼	69	100	May Dept. Stores	68	68	68	68	— ⅞
14	15	200	Mercantile Mar. pf	14	14	14	14	— ⅝
63	64	400	Mexican Petroleum	62⅞	63	62⅞	63	...
22¼	22½	550	Miami Copper	22¼	22½	22¼	22¼	— ¼
124¼	128	900	Minn.,St.P. & S.S.M.	124⅝	125⅞	124¼	124½	—7
19½	19⅝	1,800	Mo., Kan. & Tex.	20	20	19¼	19¼	— ⅝
55	57	300	Mo., Kan. & Tex. pf	55⅝	55⅝	55⅜	55⅜	—1¼
30	30½	2,400	Missouri Pacific	30½	30⅝	30⅜	30⅜	— ⅛
...	...	25	Morris & Essex	161	161	161	161	...
9¾	10	500	Nat. Enam. & St. Co	9¾	10⅛	9¾	10⅛	+ ⅛
16⅝	16⅞	800	Nevada Con. Copper	16⅝	16⅝	16½	16½	— ⅛
98½	98¾	1,400	N. Y. Central	99	99	98½	98½	—1
105½	106	420	N. Y., N. H. & H	105½	106¼	105½	106	+ ½
27½	27⅝	800	N. Y., Ont. & W	26⅞	27½	26⅞	27⅛	— ⅛
103½	104½	300	Norfolk & Western	103½	103½	103½	103½	— ⅛
48	49	100	North American	48¾	48¾	48¾	48¾	— ⅛
110⅝	110½	11,210	Northern Pacific	113	113½	110⅝	110⅝	—3½
20¾	21⅞	110	Pacific Mail	21	21	21	21	...
29½	30½	100	Pacific Tel. & Tel	30	30	30	30	...
107⅞	108⅜	6,200	Pennsylvania R. R	108	108⅜	107⅞	107⅞	— ⅛
107⅝	108	200	People's Gas Chicago	108	108	107⅞	107⅞	...
19⅜	19¾	200	Pittsburgh Coal	19⅜	19½	19⅜	19½	+ ⅛
80	80½	350	Pittsburgh Coal pf	80	80	80	80½	+ ⅛
...	...	35	Pitts., Ft. W. & C	155	155	155	155	...
94½	100	50	Pittsburgh Steel pf	98½	98½	98½	98½	...
22½	23	200	Pressed Steel Car	22½	22½	22½	22½	— ⅝
113½	115	100	Pub. Serv. Corp., N.J	114	114	114	114	—1
152½	153½	250	Pullman Co	153¾	153¾	153	153	— ½
3	4	200	Quicksilver	3	3	3	3	...
25¼	26¼	100	Ry. Steel Spring	26	26	26	26	—1
18⅜	18⅞	2,045	Ray Consol. Copper	18½	18⅝	18⅜	18⅜	...
157⅜	157⅞	44,800	Reading	158⅝	159⅜	157⅞	157⅞	— ⅛
88	90	200	Reading 1st pf	88	88½	88	88½	— ½
87	90	100	Reading 2d pf	88	88	88	88	+ ½
20½	21¾	500	Rep. Iron & Steel	20½	20⅝	20⅜	20⅝	— ⅛
81	82	40	Rep. Iron & Steel pf	82	82	82	82	...
15⅝	15⅞	2,300	Rock Island Co	16⅜	16½	15⅜	15⅜	— ⅝
27½	27¾	1,800	Rock Island Co. pf	29	29	27⅞	27⅞	—1⅝
23	24	500	Rumely (M.) Co	25	25	23½	23½	—1⅞
48	50	200	Rumely (M.) Co. pf	48¾	48¾	48½	48½	—1⅝
4	4¼	1,000	St. L. & San Fran	4¼	4¼	4	4	—⅛
13	15	150	St. L. & S. F. 1st pf	15	15	15	15	—1⅝
7½	7⅝	500	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	7¾	7⅞	7½	7½	—⅛
69	70	100	St. Louis S. W. pf	70	70	70	70	—½
40¼	43	100	Seaboard Air L. pf	40½	40½	40½	40½	—¾
165	167	1,100	Sears, Roebuck & Co	166¼	167½	165	165	—2
29	35	10	Sloss-Sheff. S. & Iron	30	30	30	30	...
93¼	93½	7,200	Southern Pacific	93⅝	94¼	93¼	93½	— ¼
22⅜	22⅞	1,010	Southern Ry. ext	22⅝	23	22⅝	22⅝	...
75¾	76	500	Southern Ry. pf. ext	76⅜	76⅝	75⅝	75⅝	—1¼
24	24½	200	Studebaker Co	24½	24½	24½	24½	...
88½	90½	100	Studebaker Co. pf	88½	88½	88½	88½	— ⅝
33	33⅝	400	Tennessee Copper	33	33⅜	33	33	...
10⅜	11¼	1,100	Texas & Pacific	12	12	11	11	—1
29⅜	30	875	Third Avenue	29⅞	30	29⅝	30	+ ¼
...	17½	100	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞	—3½
101	102	50	Twin City Rap. Tr	101½	101½	101½	101½	...
5	5½	200	Union Bag & P. Co	5	5	5	5	...
145¼	145⅞	27,500	Union Pacific	145⅜	146¼	145¼	146¼	+ ½
83½	83⅞	100	Union Pacific pf	83⅞	83⅞	83⅞	83⅞	+ ⅛
10½	11	100	U.S.Cast I. Pipe & F	10½	10½	10½	10½	—1
45	55	50	U. S. Express	50	50	50	50	...
23	26½	300	U. S. Indus. Alcohol	26¼	26¼	26	26	—1½
60¼	60⅞	200	U. S. Rubber	60¼	60⅝	60½	60⅝	+ ⅛
104	105	200	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	104⅜	104⅝	104¼	104¼	— ½
57⅛	57¼	50,340	U. S. Steel	57⅝	58	57⅛	57¼	— ⅝
105	105¼	1,400	U. S. Steel pf	105¼	105¼	105	105	— ⅝
48⅝	48¼	1,300	Utah Copper	48¼	48⅝	48⅜	48½	— ⅛
27	27⅛	170	Va.-Car. Chemical	27	27	27	27	+ ½
102½	105	100	Va.-Car. Chem. pf	103	103	103	103	+ ½
38	48	1,000	Va., Iron, Coal & C	39	39	38	38	—2
2¼	2⅝	630	Wabash	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼	...
7	7¼	400	Wabash pf	7⅛	7⅞	7⅛	7⅞	...
36¾	37½	800	Western Maryland	38½	38½	37	37	—2½
59⅞	60	800	Westingh. E. & M	60⅛	60¼	60	60	— ⅛
45½	47	400	Wisconsin Central	45	46	45	45¼	— ¾
91	91¾	10	Woolworth (F.W.)Co	91¼	91¼	91¼	91⅝	...
111	111½	10	Woolworth pf	111½	111½	111½	111½	...

ALDEN DEBTS $4,090,828.

Against Them Boston Rubber Concern Has $1,605,084.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, June 3.—The sequel to the recent proceedings in involuntary bankruptcy taken against the rubber-manufacturing concern George A. Alden & Co. of this city was staged in the United States District Court this morning, when schedules showing the fiscal condition of the company were filed by Adelbert H. Alden of New York, Arthur W. Stedman of this city, G. Edwin Alden of Wellesley, Frederick W. Dunbar of Montclair, N. J., and J. Frank Dunbar of Wakefield, the copartners.

A summary of figures discloses total liabilities of $4,090,828, with assets of $1,605,084. Of these liabilities $748,956 is secured to foreign and New York banks, there being a deficit of approximately $90,000 between the value of the securities held and the claims. About 100 claims are scheduled as unsecured, aggregating $1,133,984. The more important are those of the New York Commercial Company, $1,052,421; A. H. Alden & Co., London, $47,940; Harriet J. Alden, Wellesley, $19,552; Wallace L. Lougee & Co., Boston, $2,175, and F. F. McClintock, Westfield, N. J., $3,685. The concern also is liable as indorser of notes, aggregating over $500,000, held by banks in New York and this city.

In addition to the foregoing liabilities, George A. Alden & Co. are involved as indorsers of a large number of notes of the New York Commercial Company. These aggregate approximately $1,052,500, and are held in amounts, ranging from $2,500 to $100,000, almost exclusively by about 160 banks, scattered all over the Eastern States.

The assets scheduled at $1,605,084 consist chiefly of stock in treasury, valued at $532,956; promissory notes, $122,880; debts due, $438,000, and stocks and bonds, $292,053. In addition, the firm has deposits of $202,550, attached by creditors.

The individual petitions of Adelbert H. Alden show liabilities of $25,000, with assets of $8,336; Arthur W. Stedman, liabilities $53,774, assets $10,050; G. Edwin Alden, liabilities $70,227, assets $130,243; Frederick W. Dunbar, liabilities $28,553, assets $3,597, and J. Frank Dunbar, liabilities $58,838, assets $202.

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday trading continued quiet, but prices on about a parity with yesterday's closing, with the exception of tin, which eased off ¾c.

The closing bid and asked prices follow:

	—Tuesday.— Bid.	Asked.	—Monday.— Bid.	Asked.
Standard copper				
Spot	15.00	..	15.12½	
June	15.00	..	15.00	
July	15.00	..	15.00	
Lead	4.30	4.40	4.30	4.40
Spelter	5.25	5.35	5.25	5.35
Tin	46.25	46.75	46.60	47.00
Zinc	5.25	5.35	5.25	5.35

London prices yesterday, for copper and pig tin, compared with Monday, follow:

	Tuesday. £	s.	d.	Monday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	67	2	6	67	17	6
Copper, futures	67	0	0	66	15	0
Pig tin, spot	212	0	0	212	10	0
Pig tin, futures	209	15	0	209	5	0

The market ended firm. Spanish pig lead £19 12s 6d, up 2s 6d. Spelter, £22 17s 6d, unchanged. Cleveland warrants 58s 9d, unchanged.

UP-STATE BANK FIGURES.

The combined reports of State banks and trust companies outside of Greater New York for the week ended May 31, 1913, as compiled by the State Banking Department, follow:

STATE BANKS.

	Amount.	Decrease.
Loans and discounts	$116,350,800	$43,500
Total deposits	121,981,700	721,700
Total reserve	21,940,700	574,000
Average reserve 19.2 per cent.		
Reserve required, 15 per cent.		

TRUST COMPANIES.

Loans	$178,713,500	$182,800
Total deposits	183,386,100	878,800
Total reserve	22,600,000	218,000
Average reserve, 13 per cent.		
Reserve required, 10 per cent.		

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Total sales June 3, 1913	$2,071,500
Same day last year	2,384,000
Total year to date	244,493,000
Same period last year	363,167,500
Average closing price 40 bonds, with day's net change	87.70 —.15
Same day last year	92.75 +.05

Chinese Ry 5s, rcts, full pd 11,000 87
Jap Gov 4½s, s in 20,000 86
U S of Mex 5s 2,000 93
N Y Can 4s, 1962 6,000 99
Va 6s, def, Brown Bros & Co ctfs 5,000 47
10,000 46
10,000 45
N Y City 4s, 1959 1,000 92
4½s, 1960 20,000 96
4½s, 1957 17,000 100⅝
new 3,000 c 100⅝
4½s, 1963, temp rcts 140,000 100
25,000 99⅞
21,000 100
registered 500 100⅛
A15 & Susq 3½s 5,000 84
2,000 84½
Am Ag Ch cv 5s 1,000 97½
Am Sm Secur 6s 2,000 103
2,000 103¼
Am T & T cv 4½s, rcts, full pd 25,000 100⅜
11,000 100⅝
11,000 100⅜
15,000 101
6,000 101⅛
5,000 101
Am Wr Paper 5s 4,000 85
20,000 84⅞
1,000 85
Ann Arbor 1st 4s 1,000 72½
Armour & Co 4½s 1,000 90
A, T & S F gen 4s 10,000s20f 93⅜
35,000 93⅝
adj 4s, stpd 2,000 84
conv 4s, 1909 8,000 98
2,000 97⅞
5,000 98⅜
3,000 98
10,000 97⅝
conv 5s 2,000 99½
5,000 99
Trans S L 4s 1,000 86⅞
Atl Coast Line 4s 2,000 91¼
L & N col 4s 10,000 87⅜
B & O gold 4s 1,000 92
1,000s20f 91⅞
1,000 91⅝
1,000 91⅞
14,000 91⅝
5,000 91⅞
5,000s20f 91⅞
conv 4½s 24,000 91¼
500 91½
500 91⅝
1,000 91⅝
70,000 91⅝
27,000 91⅝
5,000 91½
1,000 91⅜
1,000 91⅝
12,000 91⅞
21,000 91⅝
Beth Steel 5s 1,000 96
1,000 95⅞
1,000 95¾
1st & ref m 5s 4,000 82⅜
B R T ref cv 4s 15,000 88½
30,000 88⅝
30,000 88⅜
1,000 88⅞
35,000 88⅝
20,000 88⅝
11,000 88½
5,000 88¾
1,000 88½
gold 5s 5,000 101¼
Bklyn U El 1st 5s 1,000 99½
Cal Gas & Elec 5s 3,000 93¼
10,000s10f 93¼
Can Southn con 5s, Ser A 2,000 105¾
Carol Central 4s 1,000 90
Cent Leather 5s 6,000 95¼
Cent Pac gtd 4s 1,000 91¼
10,000 91⅜
1,000 91
Ches & O con 5s 1,000 105⅜
gen 4½s 2,000 95¼
4,000 95
conv 4½s 5,000 85
5,000 84¼
Chi & Alton 3½s 100 86
1,000 85½
C, B & Q gen 4s 3,000 93½
joint 4s 6,000 94⅜
5,000 94½
3,000 94½
15,000 94⅜
5,000 94½
2,000 94⅝
Chi, M & St P gen 3½s, Ser B 2,000 81¼
gen 4s, Ser A 5,000 91¼
gen 4½s, temp ctfs 16,000 99⅜
10,000 99⅝
7,000 99⅝
conv 4½s 54,000 101⅜
sub r, full pd 22,000 101¾
C & N W gen 4s 1,000 95
registered 1,000 94¼
C, R I & P 6s 2,000 104⅞
Chi. Rock Isl & P Ry ref 4s 1,000s20f 81⅝
4,000 82
5,000 81½
1,000 81½
deb 5s 1,000 80
C, R I & P-R R 4s 2,000 57¼
18,000 57⅛
10,000 57
7,000 57⅛
1,000 57
5,000 56⅝
10,000 56⅜
Chi, St P, M & O 5s 5,000 88⅜
14,000 88⅝
5,000 88½
Chino Copper 6s 1,000 156
Col Industrial 5s 8,000 78⅝
Col & So 1st 4s 3,000 90
Consumers Gas of Chicago 1st 5s 1,000 102
Del & H conv 4s 1,000 97
10,000 96⅞
lien equip 4½s 1,000 97
1st & ref 4s 2,000 96
Den & Rio Gr 1st & ref 5s 3,000 75
3,000 74⅜
Dist Sec Corp 5s 10,000 57¼
1,000 57⅛
3,000 57⅛
8,000 57
Du Pont de Nem Powder 4½s 2,000 83⅞
Erie 1st con 4s 1,000 83
1st gen 4s 5,000 72
Pa col tr 4s 5,000 89
Gen Elec deb 5s 6,000 103¼
Gt Nor ref 4½s 3,000 98
5,000 97½
Hock Val 1st 4½s 4,000 97
Ill Steel 4½s 5,000 84
2,000 84¼
Indiana Steel 5s 3,000 100
Insp Con Cop 6s, sub r, 3d pd 7,000 100¼
Inter-Met 4½s 16,000 75⅝
5,000 75⅞
Int Rap T 5s 3,000 104⅜
47,000 104½
5,000 104⅝
15,000 104½
9,000 104⅝
30,000 104½
Int Steam P 5s 2,000 65½
K C, Ft S & M 6s 1,000 105
K C, Ft S & M 4s 1,000 68¼
1,000 68⅜
1,000 68⅝
6,000 68⅜
7,000 68⅝
Lack Steel 5s, 1915 3,000 98
L S & M So 4s, 1928 8,000 90½
Laclede Gas Lgt of St L 1st 5s 1,000 100
Lieg & M 5s 9,000 98
1,000 98⅛
1,000 98⅝
Ligg & Meyer 7s, temp bonds 2,000 121
Lorillard Co 7s, temp bonds 2,000 119⅝
Lorillard Co 5s 1,000 96⅜
4,000 96⅝
1,000 96¾
1,000 96½
Louis & Nashville unified 4s 5,000 93⅜
L & N, Atl, K & Cin 4s 1,000 88½
Mich State T 5s 1,000 98
Mil, L S & W 1st 6s 1,000 108½
Mo Pac conv 5s 5,000 83¼
3,000 83
1,000 82¾
Mo Pac 5s, 1917 1,000 97
Mo Pac 4s 1,000 68½
Mob & O, Montg Div 5s 2,000 107½
Nat Tube 5s 1,000 95⅞
N Y Cent gen 3½s 3,000 84⅜
10,000 84½
deb 4s, 1934 5,000 80¼
L S col 3½s 5,000 80¼
35,000 80
N Y, C & St L 1st 4s 4,000 94⅞
N Y G, E L H & P col tr 5s 2,000 102
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s 6,000 119½
N Y, O & W ref 4s 1,000 88
N Y Rys adj 5s 51,000 56
N Y, Susq & W 1st ref 5s 1,000 96
N Y, Westchest & Boston 4½s 5,000 90
Norf & West cv 4½s, sub rects full paid 1,000 103½
5,000 103
North Pac 4s 4,000 93¾
5,500 93½
registered 1,000 93¾
1,000 93⅝
Nor Pac 3s 4,000 66
Oregon Short L ref ref 4s 1,000 89¼
2,000 89½
Pac T & T 5s 3,000 97⅜
1,000 97½
Penn conv 3½s 1,000 97
1,000 97¼
4,000 97
5,000 96⅞
Penn 4s, 1948 2,000 99⅜
Pub Serv Corp 5 f 5s 1,000 90¼
1,000 90
Ray Cons 1st 6s 1,000 103½
Reading gen 4s 5,000 94½
1,000s20f 94
2,000 94
12,000 93⅝
35,000 93⅜
10,000s20f 93¾
3,000 93⅝
Rio Gr W 1st 4s 1,000 82¼
Rome, W & Og con 5s 1,000 103
St L, Ir Mt & So unify & ref 4s 10,000 80
St L & S F Ry gen 6s 1,000 105
St L & S F R R gen 5s 5,000 57
10,000 56¼
5,000 56½
2,000 56¾
1,000 56¼
4,000 56¼
5,000 56
4,000 56¼
ref 4s 7,000 68⅜
1,000 68⅝
10,000 68⅝
Seab Air Line adj 5s 3,000 71
So Bell Tel & Tel 1st 5s 4,000 99¼
5,000 99
So Pac conv 4

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IN THE BUSINESS WORLD

Rubber Buying Fair at London.

Buyers were fairly active at the fortnightly auction of crude rubber in London yesterday, and 310 of the 1,000 tons of plantation grades which were offered were disposed of. Prices on pale crepe were reported at 3s 1¾d, while smoked sheets were held at 3s 2½d. Pale crepe at this time last year sold at 4s 10½d. Prices at the last previous sale were 3s 3½d and 3s 4¾d, respectively. The opening prices of yesterday touched the previous low record for these grades, made on April 15. Upriver fine, which was very scarce here, was nominally quoted at 91 cents.

Boston Club Arouses Interest.

Manufacturers and importers showed considerable interest yesterday in the report from Boston telling of the formation of the Millennium Club in that city. The club's membership is made up of women. The members have pledged themselves to refrain from wearing kid gloves, leather shoes, slippers, and belts. They will wear no aigrettes, wings, or quills; in short, they will have nothing to do with any article that is produced by the torture or death of a living thing. They will eat no meat. Silk and cotton gloves will supplant kid, cloth shoes will be worn, and artificial flowers and ribbons will decorate the hats of the members. No shell combs will be worn.

How a Business Name Is Watched.

There is a firm of candy manufacturers in this city which is so jealous of the good name of its business and the reputation of its product that it maintains a "diplomacy corps." The duties of the men in this corps are to investigate all complaints, correct all errors, and do everything possible to keep the public eating the firm's candy. Not long ago one of the investigators personally delivered a pound box of candy to a woman living in an up-State city who had complained to the firm that the candy she had bought from a retailer there was stale at the time she got it. To prevent its candy from getting stale in the hands of the retailers the firm has an elaborate system of regulating sales.

Wheat Exports Decline Sharply.

Exports of wheat from New York last week declined sharply. The total was 850,981 bushels, nearly 700,000 bushels less than the total of the week before. Shipments of beef also showed a marked decline. The total exports of the week, exclusive of specie, amounted to $13,276,969 in value, compared with $12,367,087 for the same week in 1912. The 1913 total to date is $414,439,676.

Hard Coal Orders Fall Off.

The Coal Trade Journal, in its issue of to-day, will say:

"The opening days of June have been marked by a lull in the demand for anthracite, following a spurt last week which represented the desire of retailers to get their orders accepted at the May circular. The greater part of this eleventh-hour buying, however, was entered as June business, and with other orders carried over from May will insure a full time operation at the collieries during the first half of the current month.

"The bituminous market is firm, having suffered no reverses in the last week. Coal of all grades is in limited supply at the loading ports."

THOMSON IN JARVIS'S PLACE

New Yorker Chosen President of the American Hardware Corporation.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRITAIN, Conn., June 3.—Directors of the American Hardware Corporation to-day chose Henry M. Thomson of Hodgson Brothers Company of New York as President to succeed Col. Charles M. Jarvis, resigned.

Mr. Thomson, who was graduated from Yale in 1888, is an experienced hardware man. For several years he represented P. & F. Corbin as a salesman in the Middle West, afterward becoming Western manager. He has been with Hodgson Brothers Company ten years.

Less centralization of authority will be the programme of the new President, who will give the managers of the plants that comprise the corporation more latitude.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

The United States Court of Customs Appeals has sustained a protest made by Alexander W. Murphy & Co. relative to the classification under the Tariff act of 1909 of machines for making jute yarn, assessed 45 per cent. ad valorem under Paragraph 199, as manufactures of metal not specially provided for. The importers contended for 30 per cent. under the provision for jute manufacturing machinery. The Board of General Appraisers sustained the importers.

The court affirmed the general board in holding that meat-slicing machines imported by Slaughter & Ascher are not machine tools suitable at 30 per cent. within the meaning of the act of 1909. The assessment at 45 per cent. ad valorem under Paragraph 199, as manufacture of metal not specially provided for, stands.

The board sustained a contention by F. W. Myers & Co. regarding cedar poles assessed by the Collector at Plattsburg, N. Y., at 10 per cent. ad valorem under Paragraph 204, act of 1909, as telephone poles. Free entry was asked under Paragraph 712 for round, unmanufactured timber.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—The following is the forecast for Wednesday and Thursday as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for the cotton and grain States:

North and South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, and Alabama—Local thunder showers Wednesday and probably Thursday; light variable winds.

Mississippi—Local thunder showers Wednesday, Thursday probably fair; light variable winds.

Louisiana—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday; light variable winds.

Eastern Texas—Fair Wednesday and Thursday; moderate south winds.

Western Texas, Utah, Missouri, and Kansas—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday.

Oklahoma, Arkansas, Tennessee, and Kentucky—Cloudy Wednesday; Thursday fair.

Ohio, Lower Michigan, and Indiana—Fair Wednesday and Thursday; light variable winds.

Illinois—Fair Wednesday and probably Thursday; light variable winds.

Upper Michigan, Wisconsin, and Minnesota —Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday; rising temperature; light variable winds.

Iowa—Fair Wednesday and probably Thursday; warmer Thursday.

North and South Dakota and Nebraska—Local thunder showers and warmer Wednesday; Thursday fair and warm.

SIDELIGHTS ON SELLING.

One of the oddities of the present fashion in footwear is that the high toes are shown in high-grade shoes for women, in the cheaper and medium grades, retailing up to $4, high toes are commonly seen.

Warp prints, softened by use, with plain colors, will have a fairly good place among the silks which will be popular this Fall. In some of them the futurist influence is seen.

There is an idea in the local underwear trade that opening prices on these goods for the coming wholesale season will not be high. It is said that the manufacturers will probably introduce their lines at figures that will insure good advance business, leaving the profit to advances that will be made when duplicate orders begin to come in.

CONSULAR TRADE NOTES.

Statistics of the cream and ice cream trade in 24 Canadian cities, collected in 1912, show that the manufacture of ice cream in these places uses up cream that would make 1,000,000 pounds of butter, or over 4,000,000 pounds of cheese. This estimate takes no account of the hundreds of similar smaller businesses in the various towns of the Dominion. The managers of these ice cream establishments report that their trade in 1912 showed an increase of 70 per cent. over 1911, notwithstanding it was a phenomenally cool season.

A number of new German potash mining companies, on account of the difficulty of raising money for their development, have opened negotiations with the potash syndicate looking to a suspension of work.

The Live Stock Department of Argentina has authorized the introduction into that country of 300 goats, which are being imported from Europe for the municipality of Buenos Aires. They will be placed in cars of the zoological gardens, where they will be looked after and tested for their economic value as milk suppliers.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

PETO REALTY COMPANY.—Isaac Grossman, a builder, of 225 Fox Street, the Bronx, and Charles Michael, a builder of 848 Whitlock Avenue, the Bronx, who were President and Treasurer of the Peto Realty Company, filed separate petitions in bankruptcy to get rid of liabilities mainly incurred by indorsing notes of the company and guaranteeing contracts for materials, supplies, and labor for the company. A petition in bankruptcy was filed against the company on Oct. 10, 1911. Mr. Grossman's liabilities are $120,625 and assets consisting of 10 shares of stock of the Peto Realty Company of no value. Mr. Michael's liabilities are $85,584 and assets 10 shares of the Peto Realty Company of no value. The actual liabilities are considerably less than the above figures, as many of the debts are put in twice where the creditors hold notes.

HARRY LEVINE, formerly a clothing dealer at 832 Seventh Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $6,968 and no assets.

ROBERT MEYER of 123 Liberty Street has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $2,606 and no assets.

SIGMUND KREUTER of 71 St. Mark's Place, formerly a dealer in wines and liquors, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $3,091 and no assets.

MORRIS HERTZBERG.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Morris Hertzberg, dry goods dealer, of 1,760 Washington Avenue, Liabilities, $3,000.

SIEGEL & RUBINSTEIN.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Siegel & Rubinstein, furniture dealers at 248 Essex Street, show liabilities of $6,872 and assets of $1,625.

GOLDSMITH & WILLNER, wholesale dealers in jewelry at 225 East Houston Street, have made a settlement with creditors at 25 cents on the dollar, payable 5 cents cash and the balance in four notes of 5 cents each, payable in 100, 200, 280, and 320 days, and the petition in bankruptcy filed against them on May 17 has been dismissed.

PHYLLIS HAZELTINE.—Judge Hand has appointed Roger Clarke receiver for Phyllis Hazeltine of 905 West Seventy-first Street. It was stated that it was necessary to have an examination to ascertain all the circumstances regarding the removal of her property to Jersey City, that she was sued in Hudson County, N. J., by the Simpson-Crawford Company for $1,000, and part of her assets in New Jersey were attached in that suit.

NEVADA-UTAH MINES AND SMELTERS CORPORATION.—Judge Holt has affirmed the order of Peter B. Olney, referee in bankruptcy, allowing the claims of L. Vogelstein & Co. for $89,000 and of C. J. Caughey for $13,977 against the Nevada-Utah Mines and Smelters Corporation and 100 Broadway, against which concern a petition in bankruptcy was filed on Nov. 23, 1911.

RECTOR'S.—Edwin C. Ward, receiver of Rector's, which formerly operated the hotel and restaurant at Broadway and Forty-fourth Street, has obtained from Judge Hand an order for the examination of Charles E. Rector, President of the corporation; William A. Milligan, Secretary and Treasurer, and John C. Graus, Vice President. The examination will take place before United States Commissioner Alexander Gilchrist, Jr.

CONTINENTAL FINANCE COMPANY.—Justice Gerard of the Supreme Court has appointed Thomas D. McCarthy receiver for the Continental Finance Company, formerly of 25 Broad Street, on application of Oscar J. Gude, a judgment creditor for $58,634, on two judgments obtained on Jan. 11 and Jan. 18 last. About the same time the Assets Realization Company also obtained a judgment for $41,604. The company was incorporated on Nov. 1, 1906, with capital stock of $500,000, and financed several industrial corporations, one of which was the Dover White Marble Company, which was put into bankruptcy on May 14, 1912, with the Continental Finance Company a creditor for $28,530.

JUDGMENTS ENTERED.

The following judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the creditor:

Bierman, Herman—M. Berger, $146.
Brown, Kathrine S.—R. E. Allen et al., $335.
Bishop, Abigail K.—Charlton & Co., $612.
Black, Edward B.—United States Tire Co., $157.
Cappilla, Charles—M. J. Goldner, $349.
Coleman, John M.—L. C. Tetard, $152.
Dubin, Moses—C. F. Milch, $309.
Dietrich, Conrad—C. J. Kraemer et al., $165.
Datha, Edmund L.; Filippo Maschiavarna—Same—Same, $1,594.
Diorio, Vincenzo—Boston Excelsior Co., $250.
Emden, Victor—Tel. Electric Co., $444.
Evans, Bertha, and Norman G. Kenan—C. J. Peterson et al costs, $688.
Faas, John—W. E. Baker Co., $115.
Gooderson, Frank W.—W. Kaufman, $118.
Griffin, Gerald A.—A. J. Diamond et al., $106.
Govern, Susan T., and Ida M. Govern, and Ella Ahearn—J. Fitzgibbon, $503.
Gooderson, Frederick W., Jr.—E. J. O'Shaughnessy, $226.
Greenberg, Ann—M. Dorfman et al., $321.
Gray, Gerald H., receiver—J. H. Hoadley, $3,188.
Goodman, Bernard, and Robert L. Jewett—United States Trust Co. of N. J., $146.
Herman, Isabella—Burns Brothers, $146.
Izseks, Jacob—Charles Weissberg Plumbing Supply Co., $153.
Harvey, Raymond A.; William Harper, Harold A. Davidson, and Eleanor M. Burns—B. Kinney et al., $492.
Haas, Julius H.—E. J. Reilly, $139.
Hurstace, William A.—G. H. Schmale, $98.
Henry, Max—Ahrenfeldt Brothers, $170.
Hall, Charles B.—E. C. Graves, $178.
Heller, Morris—S. K. Pierce & Son, $483.
Horn, George—Kimberly Co., $485.
Holmes, Joshua H.—H. Steels et al., $1,180.
Kingsley, Cornelius G.—Sachs & Co., $113.
Kirwen, Richard—Fulton Mfg. Co., $149.
Kearney, James and Thomas —Abendroth Bros., $192.
Kaufman, Adolph—Importers & Traders' National Bank of N. Y., $398.
Kantor, Saul D.—M. S. Cohen, $226.
Koech, Harry G.—L. Schuster, $486.
Kaufman, J.—Engel Schoss, $252.
Larking, Katherine—Empire State Liquor Co., $338.
Levin, Jacob—L. J. Sloane et al., $3,077.
Lovitz, Philip—De Long Rubber Corset Co., $860.
Lerich, John—C. J. Kraemer et al., $250.
Lewen, Henry L.—Wm. T. Comstock Co., $104.
McConnell, Hugh—H. F. Herts, $209.
Massie, Gertrude F.—Saks & Co., $159.
Morton, Thomas F.—M. J. R. Clapp, $225.
Massie, Wm.—J. H. Caldwell et al., $6,177.
McGibbon, James W.—Adguire Realty Co., $124.
Morris, John—Royal Baking Powder Co., costs, $106.
Meirowitz, Max and Sol—A. Schwartz et al., $338.
Muller, Marie, Albert Schmid, and Anna R. Schmid—E. Schurk, $119.
Maddin, Jennett—Dreslan et al., $145.
McDavitt, John J.—D. J. Cheahan, $385.
McEwan, John F.—Northern Bank of N. Y., $2,788.
Oppenheim, Max—C. J. Kraemer et al., $113.
Orser, Horace—J. F. Schlehr et al., $181.
Reed, Horace S., and Randolph Vinson (not summoned)—N. Y. Telephone Co., $182.
Reich, Martha, and Lena Bosrick—People, &c., $500.
Roeder, Peter, and Edward R. Krueger—Sensco Glass Co., $112.
Reichhard, Edmund—E. Maier, $331.
Rabow, Jacob—Schapiro & Co., Inc., $183.
Rubin, Joseph—C. Fuhlsang, $113.
Steiner, Lucy F.—Convent of Marie Reparatrice, $691.
Spats, Bernard—First National Bank of Scranton, Penn., $594.
Shepherd, Ethel D.—Aitken, Son & Co., $1,881.
Schleicher, John—F. Jandort et al., costs, $112.
Samuels, Jacques—J. L. Herschmann, $467.
Stanley, Alexander S.—A. W. Shaw Co., $306.
Smith, William A.—C. Edelstein, $413.
Sutton, Geo. H. and Samuel F.—Citizens Central Nat. Bank of N. Y., $1,529.
Sutton, Geo. H. and Samuel F.—Same, $1,827.
Sutton, Geo. H.—Same, $1,123.
Same—Same, $1,594.
Scharsmith, John B.—M. G. Lowenthal, $168.
Stewart, Chauncey R.—R. E. Tucker, $449.
Simmonds, Philip R.—W. J. & J. McKim, $583.
Skylinsky, Morris and Ellis—C. Rakuson, $1,038.
Schwartz, Nathan, and Abraham Seaman—People, &c., $500.
Struhl, Harry—W. I. & J. Cohen, $207.
Schrager, Leon, and Samuel Suslewsky (not summoned)—Mutual Alliance Trust Co., $129.
Tousey, Sinclair and Annie R.—N. I. Steers, $3,025.
Uhlfelder, Blanche S. and Manfred S.—W. W. Bryan, $574.
Wolff, Gertrude—H. N. Saul, costs, $111.
Wightman, Hester C.—Hamilton Trust Co., $530.
E. A. F. Holding Co.—T. G. Field, $6,248.
Empire Express Co.—Gottfried et al., $198.
Sealzo Realty Co.—H. Hecht, $3,450.
Acken Nightingale Construction Co.—Newell, Field & Goddard, Inc., $568.
Hungarian Co-operative Press—Laddell-Bigelow Co., $106.
Pugh Building Improvement Co.—Monolith Realty Co., $194.
Independent Order Ahawas Israel—J. Mannstein, $619.
N. Y. Herald Co.—J. D. Bell, $5221.
Hudson Woodworking Co.—Louis Bossert & Sons, $575.
Kramer Contracting Co.—S. Naccarato, $784.
The Panhellenic—D. J. Vlastra, $750.

JUDGMENTS SATISFIED.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date when judgment was filed:

Wells, Charles—American Exchange Cigar Company, Jan. 20, 1911. (Cancelled.) $128.
Collins, Sarah E.—City of New York, June 20, 1912, (vacated,) $264.
Rosenblum, Morris—City of New York, Sept. 16, 1908, (vacated,) $210.
Biggio, James and Marie Tossie—People &c., Dec. 6, 1912, (vacated,) $500.
Eckenstein, Mitchell and Herman Stuetzer—H. W. Adams et al., May 16, 1913, $947.
Koellsted Contracting Company—W. H. Winn, Jan. 10, 1913, $111.
Trepel, Adam A.—G. Statford, Sept. 3, 1909, $145.
Trepel, Jack—Same, Sept. 3, 1909, $287.
Tompkins, Raymond W.—United States Radiator Company, Jan. 19, 1910, $196.
Winterfield, William J.—Wise, April 10, 1911, $326.
United States Banking Company—R. L. Dean, July 3, 1910, $278.
R. L. Cochran Company—Tegler Company and others, May 14, 1913, $106.
Belden, George C.—administrator—G. L. Record, April 23, 1913, $136.
Colen, Sigrid S.—City of New York, Jan. 10, 1911, $178.
Dashmann, Marie E.—E. Borg, May 9, 1913, $495.

TO TRAIN SOUTH AMERICANS

Boys Coming Here Ultimately May Increase Export Business.

Under the auspices of the Pan-American States Association, one hundred young men are coming this Fall from South and Central America to enter famous manufacturing establishments in this country. They will endeavor to learn the industries with which they are associated, and at the same time will try to give hints to the manufacturers which will help them to increase their export trade to South American countries. The business students in turn will learn how to sell goods, and when their course of instruction is ended will return to their homes ready to help in the expansion of American trade. The expenses of the journey here will be paid for the boys.

Each manufacturer taking one of these boys into his plant will make his own selection, and will pay the boy what he earns. Each boy will have had adequate and special schooling before he arrives.

Eleven young men from the southern countries are already here under similar arrangement. Four hundred more young men ultimately will follow those who are expected to arrive by Sept. 1.

The plan originated with the oldest exporter of New York, Kaufman Mandell, now retired. Mr. Mandell feels, as do all interested in the movement, that the results will be far-reaching. It is hoped to get a larger share for the United States of the business of the southern countries.

HEINZE'S $149,825 VERDICT.

Court Rules It Should Be Deducted from Bank's Claim of $300,000.

Argument on the interpretation of a verdict for $149,825 given by a jury to F. Augustus Heinze, after a trial before Justice Clark in the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, of a suit brought against Heinze by the defunct Union Bank to recover $800,000, was heard yesterday before that court. At the trial Heinze admitted, after Justice Clark threw out of the case several notes the bank presented against the defendant, that he owed the institution $195,451.74. At the conclusion of the argument yesterday Justice Clark decided that the amount of the verdict of the jury in favor of Heinze should be deducted from his indebtedness to the bank, and directed a judgment in favor of the bank for $45,626.74.

The action of the bank against Heinze was to recover on several notes given for loans. Heinze filed a counter-claim against the bank for $250,000, which he said represented a depreciation in the value of the collateral he gave the bank, because it was sold contrary to an agreement he had with the institution. He said the collateral was not sold at a time when he wanted it disposed of.

Max Steuer, attorney for Heinze, took exception to the ruling of the court. The defendant claimed that he should receive judgment against the bank for the full amount of the verdict of the jury. Rufus O. Catlin, attorney for the bank, dissatisfied with the outcome of the suit, said an appeal would be taken.

J. G. WHITE & CO. PROSPER.

Earn 11.7 Per Cent. and Set Aside $504,892 Against Shrinkage.

The net income of J. G. White & Co. in the year ended on Feb. 28, 1913, was $296,647, after a reserve fund of $504,892 had been set aside from earnings to offset declines in securities owned and to cover possible depreciation of this sort in the coming year.

The usual 6 per cent. dividend was paid on the preferred stock, the balance of profits being carried to the surplus account. This balance was equivalent to about 11.7 per cent. on the common stock.

The balance sheet showed aggregate assets of $4,543,643, including $474,178 cash, securities valued at $2,167,774, and bills receivable amounting to $326,419. Undivided profits were set forth as $728,160.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Meetings of the notions buyers of the Dry Goods Alliance will be held at 75 Spring Street to-day and to-morrow.

F. A. Frazer, special representative of Titus C. Boulles, upholstery and patent leathers, 252 Canal Street, left last night for an extended business trip in Canada.

Announcement is made by B. Altman & Co. that on and after Saturday, June 7, their store will be closed at noon on Saturdays and at 5 P. M. on other business days. These business hours will be observed throughout the months of June, July, August, and September.

John & Rosenberger, wholesale jewelry, have engaged about 10,000 square feet of space in the Marbridge Building, Broadway and Thirty-fourth Street. They are now at 686 Broadway.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Marcus, S., Reading, Penn.; jobs dresses; 15 East 26th.
Havens & Geddes Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; V. Gude, a judgment creditor for $58,634, on two judgments obtained on Jan. 11 and Jan. 18 last. About the same time the Assets Realization Company also obtained a judgment for $41,604. The company was incorporated on Nov. 1, 1906, with capital stock of $500,000, and financed several industrial corporations, one of which was the Dover White Marble Company, which was put into bankruptcy on May 14, 1912, with the Continental Finance Company a creditor for $28,530.
W. Woodward, domestics; 72 Leonard.
Howland & Co., Bridgeport, Conn.; W. E. Tiffney, cloaks, suits; T. J. Murphy, notions; 75 Spring.
Silverman, M., & Son, Philadelphia, Penn.; A. Silverman, cloaks, suits; W. Silverman, dress goods, woolens; 72 West 22d.
Fahnley & McCrea Millinery Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; W. H. Cook, millinery, ribbons; York.
Stabler & Robertson, Lansing, Mich.; H. E. Robertson, clothing, furn. goods; Collingswood.
Fliegues, W., Sons Co., Boston, Mass.; L. L. Rivers, asst. mdse. mgr.; F. Phillips, ladies' bathing suits; F. Johnston, men's clothing; Mr. Jackson, ladies' waists; C. Belderman, misses' suits; F. M. Spear, misses' suits; F. Ring Co., dresses, costumes, (basement;) 116 West 32d.
Smith, McCord, Townsend D. G. Co., Kansas City, Mo.; A. B. Hestwood, domestics, flannels, blankets; 42 Leonard.
Martin, O. J., Charleston, West Va.; notions, ready to wear; Arlington.
Braun, L., & Co., Pittsburgh, Penn.; L. Braun, muslin underwear; Albert.
Stearns, R. H., & Co., Boston, Mass.; L. S. Root, silks; 45 E. 17th.
Hochschild, Kohn & Co., Baltimore, Md.; D. H. Ellison, boys' clothing; A. J. Fry, cloaks, suits; 220 5th Av.; Herald Square.
Jordan-Marsh Co., Boston, Mass.; G. H. Guest, housefurnishing goods; Mr. Mulvihill, men's clothing; F. A. Burdick, ladies' coats, skirts; Mrs. M. E. Darlington, ladies' suits, dresses; J. G. Hawthorn, glassware, crockery; J. Grainger, hdkfs.; Miss Maynard, dress goods; 31 Union Square.
Clawson & Wilson Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; C. B. Bechtold, domestics; 48 Leonard.
Lyman Bros. Co., Cedar Rapids, Iowa; W. H. Stark, silks, ribbons; 621 Broadway.
Ascher, T., Co., Chicago, Ill.; J. L. Strauss, hats; 621 Broadway.
Chicago Mercantile Co., Chicago, Ill.; R. J. Bryden, hats; 621 Broadway.
Kann, S., Sons & Co., Washington, D. C.; T. F. Finnin, notions, jewelry; 215 4th Av.
Lawson & Wilson Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; A. Hamling, embroideries; 88 W. 32d.
White, R. H., Co., Boston, Mass.; H. J. Gibbs, men's furn. goods; 1,270 Broadway.
Lewis, A. J., & Son D. G. Co., Denver, Col.; W. H. McGee, ready to wear; 16 W. 18th.
Block, W. H., Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; W. W. Wolf, carpets, rugs; 1,261 Broadway.
Rothschild & Co., Chicago, Ill.; B. W. Van Sycken, men's, boys' clothing; 215 4th Av.
Empsall, F., & Son Watertown, N. Y.; F. A. Empsall, ready to wear; 1,114 5th Av.
Lowenstein, B., & Bros., Memphis, Tenn.; V. Richter, shoes; 22 E. 17th.
Lazarus, S. R., Co., Columbus, Ohio; H. Simmons, ladies' gloves, hosiery; 45 E. 17th.
Cahn-Cobiens Co., Baltimore, Md.; E. Weisman, ladies' silk dresses, waists; 7 W. 22d.
Bradford-Wilcox Co., Rockford, Ill.; Mr. Watt & Shand, Lancaster, Penn.; P. Watt, linens; 83 White.
Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Pottsville, Penn.; J. D. Gardner, cloaks, suits, waists; 2 Walker.
Davidson Brothers, Sioux City, Iowa; A. Davidson, dry goods; 1,261 Broadway.
Lasalle & Koch Co., Toledo, Ohio; Miss G. Dallett, muslin underwear, petticoats; 1,270 Broadway.
Sage, Allen & Co., Hartford, Conn.; H. L. Eliot, notions; 75 Spring.
Ives, Upham & Rand Co., Meriden, Conn.; Miss A. Brown, notions; 75 Spring.
Bunce, J. H., Co., Middletown, Conn.; W. W. Bunce, notions; 75 Spring.
Shartsenberg & Robinson, New Haven, Conn.; W. E. Snegg, notions; 75 Spring.
Reid & Hughes Co., Norwich, Conn.; C. I. Reid & Hughes Dry Goods Co., Waterbury, Conn.; A. K. Burnham, notions; 75 Spring.
Ferdyce, C. L., & Co., Youngstown, Ohio; E. S. Morgan, notions; 75 Spring.
Harris & Mowry Co., Pawtucket, R. I.; Miss E. T. Burbank, notions; 75 Spring.
Shartenberg & Robinson Co., Pawtucket, R. I.; F. Maher, notions; 75 Spring.
Hager & Brother, Lancaster, Penn.; I. U. Graff, notions; 75 Spring.
Barney, H. S., Co., Schenectady, N. Y.; J. Harbeck, notions; 75 Spring.
McWhirr, R., Co., Fall River, Mass.; F. Sanford, notions; 75 Spring.
New Bedford Dry Goods Co., New Bedford, Mass.; A. J. Potvin, notions; 75 Spring.
Webber, W. G., Co., Salem, Mass.; M. Van H. Densmore, notions; 75 Spring.
Barnard, Sumner & Putnam Co., Worcester, Mass.; R. Illsley, notions; 75 Spring.
Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Reading, Penn.; E. N. Stoner, linens; 2 Walker.
Hess Bros., Allentown, Penn.; H. Newhard, domestics; 215 4th Av.
Chapman, G. E., Boston, Mass.; clothing; Brostell.
Harbert, W. P., Troy, N. Y.; cloaks, suits; Brostell.
Woodward & Lothrop, Washington, D. C.; Mrs. J. C. Nourse, notions, art goods, trimmings; 334 4th Av.
Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Harrisburg, Penn.; W. H. Speakmaker, linens; 2 Walker.
Klina, Epphimer & Co., Reading, Penn.; R. T. Lenhart, domestics, linings, notions, hosiery; 315 4th Av.
Garfunkle, J., & Co., Washington, D. C.; Miss L. Wenner, ladies' wear; Wolcott.
Diehl, E. W., & Co., Boston, Mass.; E. W. Diehl, piece goods; Wolcott.
Gutman, Joel & Co., Baltimore, Md.; Miss M. Campbell, laces, dress trimmings; 200 5th Av.
Sturtevant, H. H., Co., Zanesville, Ohio; H. H. Sturtevant, dress goods, silks, cloaks, suits; 320 Church.
Snellenberg, N., & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; H. C. Arnold, infants' wear; 1,261 Broadway.
Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Mrs. A. J. Gray, fancy knit goods; 104 Worth.
Wolf, H. C., & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; H. C. Wolf, millinery; St. Denis.
Adam, J. N., & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; C. E. Stock, cloaks, waists; 214 Church.
Gimbel Bros., Philadelphia, Penn.; Mrs. G. Savidge, furs; Miss Monahan, furs; Broadway and 32d.
Herzog, Young & Co., Chicago, Ill.; L. P. Hersog, ladies' Fall coats; 43 West 27th.
Rudd, H., Denver, Col.; "jobs" Spring coats; 43 West 27th.
Horne, P., & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; P. Horn, waists, dresses; 200 5th Av.; Albert.
Collins, M. J., Boston, Mass.; cotton goods; St. Denis.
Goldenberg Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; D. Rosenberg, silks; Pierrepont.

AUCTION SALES.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF STOCKS AND BONDS.
By ADRIAN H. MULLER AND SON, OFFICE, No. 55 WILLIAM ST.
Wednesday, June 4th, 1913, at 12:30 o'clock, at the EXCHANGE SALESROOM, NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.
BY ORDER OF EXECUTOR.
50 shs. Henry H. Worthington Co. Prefd.
FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
$267,000 New Orleans, Mobile & Chi. R. R. 1st and Refdg. Mtge. 5 p. c. Bonds, 1960.
$685,000 New Orleans, Mobile & Chi. R. R. 1st and Refdg. Mtge. 5 p. c. Bonds, 1960.
$1,000 Sierra & San Francisco Power Co. 2d Mtge., 6 p. c. "Series A" Bds., 1949.
$1,000 Illinois Central R. R. Collateral 4s, 1953.
50 shs. The Grieve Co. Common.
400 shs. Macon Hotel & Restaurant Co.
8 shs. Maxwell Motor Co. 1st preferred.
60 shs. Maxwell Motor Co. 2d preferred.
50 shs. New York Harlem R. R. preferred.
25 shs. New York Mutual Gas Light Co.
$19,000 St. Louis & San Francisco R. R. 6% Notes due Sept., 1914.
15 shs. Maxwell Motor Co. 1st Prefd.
49 shs. The Yale & Towne Mfg. Co.
400 shs. Upland Realty Co. common.
4 shs. Upland Realty Co. Prefd.
$5,000 Studebaker Corporation 6% Notes due Sept., 1913.
$10,000 International Agricultural Corpn 1st Mtg. & Coll. Trust 5% S. F. Bds., 1942.
112 shs. Maxwell Motor Co. 2d Prefd.
50 shs. Maxwell Motor Co. 1st Prefd.
72 shs. Maxwell Motor Co. Common.
$34,675 Ocean Falls Co., Ltd., Vancouver, B. C., 7% demand Notes Protested.

RARE IRISH BOOKS.
THE MERWIN SALES CO., 16 EAST 40TH ST., OFFER FOR SALE THIS DAY great collection of books and manuscripts relating to Ireland, many of them in the Irish language.
The books number 5,500 and are the property of Steven J. Richardson, formerly Editor of the Gael and at one time President of the Gaelic League in America. He has been collecting these books and manuscripts for 30 years, with an ultimate view to the publication of an Irish encyclopedia. These rare books include a manuscript copy of Keating's History of Ireland in three large quarto volumes, beautifully bound in calf, entirely in the Irish language, by the famous Irish scholar, Prof. Eugene O'Curry. The catalogue includes 116 Histories of Ireland, all of great rarity; a set of Abbe McGeoghegan's History of Ireland, in the French language, published in Paris in 1758; sets of Irish Parliamentary Reports from 1310 to the Union with Great Britain; the Earl of Dunraven's Works on Irish Architecture; the writings of Carbery, Patrie, Marcus Keane, Henry O'Neill; rare books on the Irish Stage, the Famine, the Penal Laws, Rebellions of 1641 and 1798, the Emmet Insurrection, Emigration, Church, Young Ireland, Fenianism, Home Rule, and Parnell Movements; sets of the Ulster and Kilkenny Journals of Archæology, Facsimiles of the Ancient Irish Historical Manuscripts; Reproductions of the Books of Leinster, Book of Kells, the Yellow Book of Lecan, Book of Ballymote, &c.; complete sets of rare County Histories, Works of Sir John T. Gilbert, O'Hanlon, O'Hart, Moore, Standish O'Grady, Dr. Madden, Swift, Shirley, Orway, Danfean, O'Donnor, Whitley Stokes Dalton, Walker, and Maxwell.

$35,000 Stock of high-grade very latest imported
LACES
Embroideries, Allovers,
Dress Trimmings, Braids, &c., will be sold TO-DAY, Wednesday, June 4th, 1913, commencing 10:30 A. M., at salesrooms, No. 8 Greene St., N. Y., (near Canal St.,)
by D. HARTMANN, Auctioneer.
The above offering consists of a very choice line of Oriental, French, and German Vals. Cluny, Torchon, chantille silk

READY FOR ORPHANS' AUTOMOBILE DAY

Final Details Arranged for Outing of 4,000 To-morrow--Cars Needed--Berkshire Routes.

Final preparations are being made for Orphans' Automobile Day to-morrow, and banners and identification numbers have been assigned to the various institutions which will send children to the outing at Glen Island, New Rochelle. The undertaking has assumed such large proportions that those in charge of it have been ceaselessly busy during the last few days in making sure that all things were arranged. Considerably more than 4,000 children will take part in the big automobile parade from Central Park West to the scene of the picnic, and with such a gathering of youngsters the marshals and committee men are looking forward to the busiest kind of a day.

Although arrangements were practically completed last night, the car question was still worrying the members of the Orphans' Automobile Day Association somewhat. Several cars which had been promised will not be available, and it is hoped that any one who desires to contribute his automobile for the use of the children will communicate to-day with the association's headquarters at 1,790 Broadway.

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Some idea of the conditions of the roads between New York and the Berkshires may be gained from the experience of J. W. Gogarn of "Automobile Row," who returned yesterday from a three days' trip to Litchfield, Conn., Bantam Lake, and the Berkshire country. He reports the roads in much better condition, on the whole, than they were last Autumn. The State road through Danbury, Litchfield, and Torrington, Conn., has been rebuilt to New Preston and Lake Wauremaug. Except for one or two unimportant detours made necessary by sandy stretches, the roads from Danbury to Litchfield and Bantam Lake by way of New Milford are in excellent condition.

From New York to Danbury the roads are being rebuilt, and if one would avoid many unpleasant detours it would be well, according to Mr. Gogarn, to go by way of Elmsford, East View, Pleasantville, Mount Kisco, Bedford, Cross River, and North Salem. By this rute new macadam or other hard surfaces may be followed most of the way, and the gently rolling country and fine scenery make the run delightful. Motorists are cautioned not to go by way of Kensico or Armunk, since the roads are badly torn up between those places and White Plains. The route to Danbury by way of Mount Kisco, Katonah, Golden's Bridge, Somers, Brewster, and Mill Plain, is in good condition save for a short stretch south of Golden's Bridge.

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According to the report of the Commissioners of Fairmount Park, Philadelphia, on the work during 1912, there are now in the park forty-three miles of drives, forty-four miles of foot paths, and twelve miles of bridle paths. The growth of automobile traffic, says the report, has made the cost of using macadam roads in the park prohibitive, and, therefore, seventy miles of bituminous surface have been laid in the centre of the East River Drive and at other points, leaving a ten-foot macadam driveway on each side of this strip. The report says that in 1899, the first year the park was open to automobiles, 604 motor vehicles passed through it, while last year the number was 900,000.

***

The Executive Committee of the Motor Dealers' Contest Association held a meeting yesterday. For the present, at least, there appears to be little enthusiasm for the construction of a motor speedway near New York by the association.

***

The Governors of the International Travel Club have elected Frederick H. Tiliott, former Secretary of the American Automobile Association and the Touring Club of America, General Secretary of the club. He succeeds Cyril Oskar Assmus, resigned.

NICKEL PROFITS GROW.

Assets Increased and Earnings Equal 11.8 Per Cent. on Stock.

The International Nickel Company earned profits of $5,020,305 in the fiscal year ended on March 31, after meeting interest charges and making liberal applications to the sinking fund and depreciation accounts. Of this amount $584,755 was required to pay preferred dividends, and the balance, applicable to the common stock was $4,485,550, or the equivalent of 11.8 per cent. on the outstanding common shares. In the previous year the surplus after preferred dividends, fixed charges, and depreciation reserves, amounted to $3,581,960.

President Monell informed stockholders in the annual report, issued yesterday, that in the course of the year the company's entire bonded indebtedness had been retired. Business showed a substantial growth, he said, owing to an increased demand for nickel among the steel companies.

The balance sheet showed properties valued at $44,485,043, in contrast with $26,197,764 at the close of the preceding year. Total assets were set forth as $54,140,706, including $4,442,064 cash, against $3,854,177 cash in the statement for 1911.

OFFER MEXICO RAILWAYS.

Underwriters Put Out $26,000,000 6 Per Cent. Notes at 97.

Kuhn, Loeb & Co., Speyer & Co., and Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co. are offering at 97 and accrued interest the unsold balance of the $26,730,000 two-year 6 per cent. secured notes of the National Railways of Mexico. They are part of an authorized issue of $50,000,000.

The entire issue is to be ultimately secured by the pledge, as notes are issued, of $24,800,000 of the company's prior lien 4½ per cent. and $17,000,000 of its general mortgage 4 per cent. bonds. The latter are unconditionally guaranteed by the Mexican Government.

A simultaneous offering of the new notes will be made in London by Speyer Brothers and J. Henry Schroeder & Co., in Amsterdam by Hope & Co. and Teixeira de Mattos Brothers, and in Switzerland by the Schweizerischer Bankverein, Basel and Union Financiere, Geneva.

HAMMOND OUT AS DIRECTOR

No Explanation of His Withdrawal from Guggenheim Company.

Announcement was made in the financial district yesterday of the resignation of John Hays Hammond as Director of the Guggenheim Exploration Company. No explanation was given for Mr. Hammond's withdrawal. He was succeeded in the directorate by O. B. Perry, a consulting engineer for the company.

The stock of the Exploration Company has been raised from a 10 to a 12 per cent. annual basis by the declaration of a quarterly dividend of 3 per cent. During the past year two new placer properties were added to the company's holdings, one in Alaska and the other in California.

SCHOOLS.

The Brown School of Tutoring

Frederic L. Brown, B. S., Head Master. Founded 1906. Boarding and Day School. Separate Buildings. Exceptional success preparing pupils for school, college and regents examinations in one-half time taken by class schools. Lessons at home or the school. Either sex. Personal interviews welcomed.

"A school with an atmosphere of work."
241 WEST 76TH ST., N. Y. Tel. Col. 8894.

Eastman School — Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Penmanship, Civil Service and Stenotype Departments. Day & Night Sessions. Call or write for Catalogue. 122d Street and Lenox Avenue.

Walworth — Business Institute, B'way & 72d St. Stenography, Bookkeeping, Secretarial Course, Civil Service. Summer Session.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

Wheat regained the losses of the early part of the session and closed ⅛ to ⅜c net higher. Corn closed firm and from ⅜ to 1⅛c. net higher and oats final prices were ¼ to ½c net higher. Cotton closed barely steady at a net decline of 9 to 10 points. Cottonseed oil prices were about the low of the day at the close, and 5 to 12 points lower.

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WHEAT.

Early developments in the wheat market had a bearish trend, and prices during the forenoon sold off ½c to ⅝c per bushel. This was in response to depression abroad, reports of further rains in Kansas, and a bearish weekly foreign crop review. Selling became quite aggressive, and the market appeared to have very little support, with sentiment inclined to be more bearish on the idea that the Kansas outlook should materially improve with the rains. That the market was still very nervous, however, and sensitive to bullish crop news was shown in the last hour, when in response to complaints about low temperatures again in the Canadian Northwest the market turned suddenly strong, and, regaining its early losses, closed ¼c to ⅜c net higher. The late buying movement was also influenced by large seaboard clearances and a rather bullish construction placed upon the weekly Government weather report. Most of the foreign markets came lower, Liverpool closing ½d to ¼d off, Paris ⅜c down, Berlin and Budapest unchanged, and Antwerp ⅝c to ¾c lower. Part of this depression was due to the more favorable European crop outlook. In world's stocks there was a decrease for the week of 2,579,000 bushels, compared with 5,388,000 bushels decrease for the corresponding week last year. The European visible increased 2,026,000 bushels, but there was a decrease in American and Canadian stocks of 4,579,000 bushels. No fresh export business was reported, but sales of 35 loads worked at outports late Monday came to light. One of the big Chicago commission houses issued an estimate of 204,000,000 bushels of Winter wheat and 240,000,000 bushels of Spring wheat, figuring the latter area at 6 per cent. under last year. No. 1 Northern Duluth in the local market was quoted at $1.00½, free on board, afloat.

WHEAT—FUTURE MARKETS.

New York—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July.....	99¼	98 5-16	99¼	98 13-16	110½
Sept.....	97⅞	97 3-16	97⅞	97⅝	111⅝
Chicago—					
July.....	91¼	90¼	91¼	90¾	110¼
Sept.....	90⅞	90	90⅝	90⅜	106⅝
December..	93	92¼	92⅞	92⅝	106½

CORN.

Throughout the entire day corn showed a remarkably firm undertone, and in the afternoon sold up 1¼c on the July position, which was in demand from shorts and commission houses. The whole market closed very firm and from ⅝ to 1¼c net higher. Although receipts at interior points were over a million bushels, the Eastern cash demand was liberal. Bulls appeared ready to support the market on any signs of weakness and it responded easily to their buying. Export corn in the local market was quoted entirely nominal at 66½c free on board, afloat. At Liverpool there was a decline of ⅜ to ¾d for the day.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July.....	58⅝	57¾	58⅝	57¾	74
September ...	59⅛	58½	59⅛	58¼	72⅝
December	57¼	56½	57¼	56⅝	63

OATS.

The market for oats showed little change early in the session, but developed a firm undertone during the afternoon with other markets and closed ¼ to ½c net higher. The movement was heavy at interior points and with more favorable crop news tended to weaken sentiment somewhat. At New York cash oats were firm, closing as follows: Standard white, 46¾c; No. 2 white, 47¼c; No. 3 white, 46¼c; No. 4 white, 45¼c; ordinary clipped white, 45½ to 46¾c; fancy clipped white, 47¼ to 47¾c, all delivered.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July.....	39⅜	38¾	39⅜	38⅞	50¾
September ..	38⅜	38¼	38⅜	38⅝	42
December ...	39¼	38⅞	39⅛	39⅛	42¾

PROVISIONS.

On account of big receipts and generally lower hog markets, provisions declined quite sharply during the forenoon, with commission house selling a feature. The steadiness of grain caused a covering movement in the last hour, which rallied the market. Total Western receipts were 132,000 hogs, of which 15,000 were at Chicago, 21,000 at Kansas City, and 24,000 at Omaha. Chicago expected 88,000 hogs on Wednesday.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
July	11.02	10.87	10.92	11.10	10.82½
September	11.12	10.97	11.00	11.17	11.00
Ribs—					
July	11.75	11.55	11.60	11.80	10.40
September	11.40	11.22	11.27	11.45	10.52½
Pork—					
July	20.27	19.95	20.07	20.32	18.62½
September	19.85	19.65	19.12	19.92	18.72½

COTTON.

The cotton market was easier yesterday, losing practically all it had gained on the bullish official condition figures of Monday, and closing barely steady, at a net decline of 9 to 10 points. Trading was not particularly active, and for a time the market seemed to be fluctuating between the low June condition report and generally favorable weather in the South, and prices gradually eased off and reached the lowest level of the day in the late trading, when active new-crop months sold within 4 or 5 points of Monday's low levels.

The opening was steady, at unchanged prices to an advance of 3 points, on scattered covering and relatively steady cables. Liverpool seemed to be buying new-crop months here, but was a seller of July. After showing a loss of 4 or 5 points the market rallied 2 or 3 points on the weekly report of the Weather Bureau, which proved rather less favorable than expected, but a moderate flurry of covering was followed by renewed weakness, owing to good crop accounts from the Southwest and the failure of demand to improve on the bulges. Closing prices were the lowest of the day.

Private cables reported Continental buying in Liverpool on the low June condition figures, but one of the prominent Liverpool firms advised sales on strong markets, and the foreign buying of new-crop positions here seemed to be offset by accompanying sales of old-crop months. The Southern selling attracted considerable attention, and tended to create an optimistic view of the new-crop outlook, notwithstanding the weekly weather report, which complained of insufficient rainfall in Oklahoma, Missouri, and parts of the Eastern belt, notably South Carolina. Southern spot markets, as officially reported, were unchanged. New Orleans and several other Southern markets were closed, owing to the holiday.

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, and 10 points lower, at 11.70c for middling upland; sales nil.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
June	.....	.....	11.20@11.31	11.39
July	11.54	11.38	11.39@11.40	11.49
August	11.41	11.28	11.28@11.29	11.38
September...	11.24	11.11	11.11@11.13	11.20
October	11.16	11.04	11.04@11.05	11.13
November ..	.....	.....	11.02@11.04	11.11
December ...	11.16	11.03	11.03@11.04	11.13
January	11.11	10.99	10.99@11.00	11.08
February ...	.....	.....	11.00@11.02	11.09
March	11.20	11.11	11.09@11.11	11.18

COTTONSEED OIL.

Liquidation was rather active in the oil market yesterday, induced by the weakness of lard and the sharp break in cotton. Room shorts and refiners were the chief buyers on the decline, but failed to check the heaviness and last prices were 5 to 12 points net lower, and about bottom for the day.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	.....	.....	7.20@7.50	7.27
June	7.20	7.20	7.20@7.22	7.28
July	7.28	7.18	7.17@7.18	7.25
August	7.31	7.28	7.22@7.23	7.31
September ..	7.32	7.24	7.24@7.25	7.32
October	6.95	6.91	6.90@6.91	6.96
November	.....	.....	6.45@6.46	6.50
December	6.40	6.40	6.36@6.40	6.45
January	6.40	6.40	6.35@6.39	6.41

COFFEE.

After showing a slightly steadier tone early, the coffee market again established low records, closing only slightly above bottom at a net loss of 10 to 13 points. Total sales, 74,500 bags. Cost and freight offers from Brazil declined 5 to 12½ points. European markets were fairly steady. Rio was 200 reis lower, and Santos unchanged.

Spot market dull and weak; 10⅝c for Rio 7s.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
June	.....	.....	10.21@10.23	10.33
July	10.35	10.25	10.24@10.25	10.35
August	10.47	10.47	10.34@10.35	10.45
September	10.53	10.42	10.49@10.44	10.55
October	10.58	10.58	10.43@10.44	10.56
November	.....	.....	10.44@10.45	10.56
December	10.60	10.48	10.45@10.46	10.57
January	.....	.....	10.47@10.49	10.58
February	.....	.....	10.49@10.51	10.60
March	10.65	10.50	10.51@10.53	10.61
April	.....	.....	10.52@10.53	10.62
May	10.66	10.50	10.53@10.54	10.63

COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Creamery, extras, 28¼@28½; firsts, 27½@28c; seconds, 26@27c; State dairy finest, 27½; good to prime, 26@27c; common to fair, 24@25½c; process, extras, 26@26½c; firsts, 25@25½c; imitation creamery, firsts, 25@26c;; factory, firsts, 24s; seconds, 22½@23c; packing stock, No. 2, 21@21½c; No. 3, 20@20½c.

CHEESE.—State, whole milk, fresh, colored, specials, 14½c; white and pale, specials, 14½c; colored, average, fancy, 14c; white and pale, 14c; undergrades, 12¾@13¾c; State, skims, fresh, specials, 10@10½c; skims, fresh, choice, 7½@9½c; skims, poor to fair, 5@6½c; State, full skims and badly defective, 2½@4c.

EGGS.—Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 22@23c; extra firsts, 20½@21½c; firsts, 19½@20c; seconds, 18½@19c; thirds, 17@18c; dirties, No. 1, 17¾@18¼c; No. 2, 16¼@17¼c; checks, good to choice dry, 16@17c; undergrade, case, $3@$4.30; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery white, as to size and quality, 24@25c; gathered white, as to size and quality, 22@24c; Western gathered white, 20@23c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery brown, 23c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 20@22c.

Miscellaneous Markets.

BEEF.—The following are current wholesale market prices for Western beef cuts in New York City: Ribs, No. 1, 16c; No. 2, 13½@14c; No. 3, 12c; loins, No. 1, 15c; No. 2, 13½@14c; No. 3, 12c; rounds, No. 1, 13c; No. 2, 12c; No. 3, 11c; chucks, No. 1, 12c; No. 2, 11c; No. 3, 10c.

SUGAR.—The refined sugar market was steady, with a fair withdrawal. Prices were unchanged on the basis of $4.20 for fine granulated. The local raw sugar market was steadier, but without important change. London cabled the beet sugar market at 9s 5¼d for June, 9s 6d for July, and 9s 7½d for August. Stock in the United Kingdom is 83,000 tons.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS.—There were no important developments in this market yesterday.

RICE.—The rice market was steady, with buyers operating in a hand-to-mouth style because of tariff uncertainty.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—The flour market was quiet, but showed steadiness with wheat.

OILS.—There were no changes in this market yesterday.

NAVAL STORES.—Spirits turpentine, resin, and tar were generally unchanged.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

New York.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 3.—These companies were incorporated to-day:

The North Virginia Corporation, of Manhattan, personal property, stocks, and bonds; $5,000,000. John T. Watson, Adolphus F. Long, and Earle L. Beatty, 414 West 118th Street, New York.

Grisdete Brothers, Incorporated, of Manhattan, boxes, cartons, cans, and bottles; $200,000. Charles Grisdete, Diedrich Grisdete, and Charles Bruning, all of 1,891 Park Avenue, New York.

J. M. Lowden, Incorporated, of Manhattan, general trucking; $125,000. Benjamin B. Lowden, Arthur C. Bang, and Clarence E. Thornall, 50 Church Street, New York.

Keator Patents Company, of Manhattan, rubber tires, pneumatic cushions; $100,000. George E. Starr, Harold A. Forbes, and Charles H. Merchant, all of 34 Nassau Street, New York.

The Davitt-Halloran Company, Incorporated, of Troy, general contractors; $50,000. John W. Davitt, Henry McCarthy, and W. Halloran, 208 Tully Street, Syracuse.

Plumbly Steel Egg Case Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan; $100,000. Frederick K. Plumbly, James C. McEachen, and Thomas Byrnes, 45 Broadway, New York.

Madame Givens Toilet Preparations Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan; $20,000. George S. Simons, Jr., Henry L. G. Dalrymple, and Horace S. Meese, 3 Park Place, New York.

Reform Suit Box Company, Incorporated, of Amityville, suit boxes and novelties; $20,000. Henry F. Gove, F. V. Hamill, and Harry W. Hamill, all of 13 Astor Place, New York.

Aermeet Dairy Company, Incorporated, of Meridale, dairy products; $25,000. F. Wayland Ayer, Frank P. Hoag, and Howard Bundy, Meridale.

Turner & Von Kummer, Incorporated, of Brooklyn, drugs and chemicals; $10,000. William G. Turner, Gustav V. Von Kummer, and William J. Cook, 50 Sands Street, Brooklyn.

Superior Press, Incorporated, of Manhattan, printing; $10,000. Jacob Brown, Frank Brown, and Ray Stein, all of 14 East Eighth Street, New York.

J. S. McKenzie & Co., Incorporated, of Manhattan, commission merchants; $15,000. William De Burgh Whyte, John S. McKenzie, and Stephen P. Anderson, 52 William Street, New York.

Amphibious Garage Company, Incorporated, of Buffalo; $25,000. George K. Staples, Thomas H. Noonan, and Harry L'Hommedieu, all of Buffalo.

Dainty Realty Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan; $10,000. Joseph L. O'Brien, Raymond A. O'Brien, and Gertrude A. O'Brien, all of 27 East 130th Street, New York.

Foreign corporations authorized to do business in this State:

Henderson Coal Company, of Pittsburgh; $20,000. C. K. Porter, Marine National Building, Buffalo.

Keystone View Company, of Meadville, Penn., stereoptic and photographic productions; $200,000. Daniel W. Steele, Jr., 115 Broadway, New York.

The Empire Electric Company, of Franklinville, has increased its capital stock from $84,300 to $1,000,000.

Delaware.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., June 3.—Articles of incorporation were filed here to-day as follows:

United States Sewage Disposal Corporation of Brooklyn, N. Y., to construct, maintain, and replace concrete disposal plants, sewers, water works, and public works of all kinds; $3,000,000. Harry H. Pogle, Lawrence H. Babbage, Newark, N. J., and John T. McGovern, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Grape Ola Company, of New York, to plant, grow, cultivate, and deal in grapes; $500,000. Phillip Hurley, William A. Menne, and Mathew H. Oltham, all of New York City.

Scientific Concrete Pile Bulkhead Company, of New York, to construct and maintain concrete docks, piles, wharves, columns, &c.; $500,000. L. A. Sorensen, M. F. Friedberg, and F. F. Passman, all of New York City.

NEW YORK—Adirondacks.

Mountain View Cottages

Located on the south shore of beautiful Fourth Lake. The cottages are well furnished, homelike, and afford every comfort of the large hotels. Private bathing beach, canoeing, excellent trout fishing, hunting, and many attractive walks through well worn trails.

The good home cooking is a feature so thoroughly enjoyed by our guests. For SPECIAL JUNE RATES and illustrated booklet apply to

Chas. D. Petrie, Prop., Old Forge, N. Y., or 235 Vermont Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

THE ADIRONDACKS.

STEVENS HOUSE

Lake Placid, New York.

SPECIAL RATES FOR JUNE.

A Select and Restricted Resort. Greatly enlarged; thoroughly renovated and refurnished; 65 Bath Suites.

FINE GOLF LINKS.

Choice Furnished Cottages For Rent, overlooking Lake Placid and Mirror Lake; 12 to 14 rooms, all conveniences, ice and wood. Booklet.

STEVENS HOTEL CO., Lake Placid, N. Y.

The Summer Home of Refined People.

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COTTAGES AND CAMPS TO RENT.

UPPER SARANAC LAKE

ADIRONDACKS. NOW OPEN.

Golf, Tennis, and All Adirondack Attractions.

Address HARBINGTON MILLS, Mgr., UPPER SARANAC, N. Y.

THE LONG LAKE **SAGAMORE** ADIRONDACKS

High class family hotel, located on a high bluff at Long Lake; elevation 1,800 feet; bathing, bathing, fishing, tennis, golf.

Opens June 20—New Management

Cuisine highest standard; daily concerts; ballroom. Special rates for bachelors.

JAMES RUNCIMAN, Prop.

N. Y. Office, 19 W. 44th. Phone 1860 Bryant.

NEW YORK—Lake Champlain.

Westport Inn

Westport, on Lake Champlain, N. Y. June 21 to October 1. $21 a Week Up. Booklet.

H. P. SMITH.

NEW YORK—Lake Mahopac.

THE THOMPSON HOTEL

LAKE MAHOPAC, N. Y.

Select family hotel. Superior accommodations. Excellent cuisine. Golf, Tennis, etc. Illustrated booklet. Emerson Clark, Prop.

NEW YORK—Orange County.

JUST OPENED, the VALLEVUE COUNTRY CLUB. (For Convalescents.)

BEAUTIFUL Central Valley, Orange Co., (Only 48 miles N. Y. City.)

Absolute privacy with medical service; a clean, quiet place in which to recuperate at moderate expense. Write or telephone THE VALLEVUE COUNTRY CLUB, Central Valley, N. Y.

NEW YORK—Ulster County.

CHODIKEE LAKE

Hotel, Bungalows and Golf Course. HIGHLAND, ULSTER COUNTY, NEW YORK.

NOW OPEN

About 1,000 feet up; air the driest; water the purest; an ideally situated mountain beauty spot; EXCEPTIONALLY GOOD RESTAURANT; gas and running hot or cold water; rooms unusually large; fine orchestra, concerts, dancing; golf, tennis, boating, fishing, &c.; saddle horses; 2 hours by West Shore or N. Y. Central R. R.

For Auto Maps, Rates and Booklet Address B. F. Kenyon & Henry Pick, Managers, at Highland, or c|o Town & Country Bureau, 389 5th Ave., N. Y. City.

NEW YORK—Grange County.

Pepperday Inn

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y.

Ideal American and European plan hotel; 37 minutes to 42d St.

M. LUEZ, Manager.

'Phone New Rochelle 2085.

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A most enjoyable and healthful vacation awaits you in beautiful Sullivan, Ulster, Delaware, or Orange Counties, New York. "SUMMER HOMES" contains 130 pages of pictures and descriptions. Gives accommodations, distances, rates of nearly 1,000 hotels, boarding and farm houses. Send 6c. postage to J. B. STEWART, Gen'l Passenger Agent, Dept. C, New York, Ontario and Western Railway, Grand Central Terminal, N. Y. C.

NEW YORK—Long Island

Manhattan Beach

SWEPT BY OCEAN BREEZES.

Oriental Hotel

America's leading Seashore Hotel. Musical concerts. Open air Restaurant.

Hampton Hall, Bellport, L. I., Opposite Golf Links.

This is a select family house, replete with antique furnishings, and is unique in its appeal to such as desire refinement and rest. Opens May 15th, 1913.

THE HALL, Glen Cove, L. I.

Within commuting distance of New York. Private Beach. No mosquitoes. Tennis, golf, boating, bathing, fishing. New Wing. Absolutely Fireproof. Private baths. Now Open. References. Tel. 238 Glen Cove.

"The Tuthill Point" EAST MORICHES, L. I

on great South Bay. All aquatic sports, tennis, dancing; auto accommodation. Comfort and refinement. Booklet. M. M. SAMMIS, also, New Hotel Clinton, East Orange, N. J.

ELMORE HOTEL,

SAYVILLE, L. I., Great South Bay. Bathroom Suites. Music, Casino, Golf, Tennis, Surf and Still Water Bathing. John Secor.

COOPER HOUSE Quogue, L. I.

Near the ocean. Write for terms. G. V. Raynor.

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MIDLAND BEACH,

STATEN ISLAND

Refined Amusement Amid Refined Surroundings.

Reached via Staten Island Ferry, foot of Whitehall St., terminus of Subway, elevated roads, and surface lines; 20 minutes' invigorating sail through the lower bay and a short trolley ride through the most picturesque part of Staten Island. Cleanest and safest bathing on the Atlantic Coast.

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"THE WORLD FAMED VIEW."

CATSKILL MOUNTAIN HOUSE

OPENS JUNE 28. ALTITUDE 2,350 FEET. Electric lights, steam heat. Orchestra. Pure Spring Water. Canoeing. Tennis. Garage.

WEEKLY OR SEASON RATES FOR GUESTS ARRIVING BEFORE JULY 4TH.

$21 and $25 Per Week.

Booking office with Raymond & Whitcomb, 225 Fifth Avenue, N. Y.

GEORGE H. BEACH, Manager. CATSKILL, N. Y.

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The Otesaga

A thoroughly delightful summer hotel on Otsego Lake, Cooperstown, N. Y. Opens June 28th, 1913

New York Office, c/o Clark Estates, Singer Bldg. Tel. Cortlandt 7460

NEW YORK—Lake Champlain.

Lake Champlain, famed for its past battles—to-day famed for its abundant pleasures.

The wonderful Lake Champlain region of mountain and water and wood is reached over the lines of

The Delaware & Hudson

The Highway To Canada's Famous Resorts

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Make no vacation plans without reading "A Summer Paradise"—an interesting book, an inspiring book—*but above all a practical one.* Sent free upon receipt of 6 cents postage.

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N.Y. City Information Bureau, 1354 B'way

THE DELAWARE & HUDSON LINES

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

The SHELBURNE Atlantic City, N. J.

The Ocean Front Hotel of Comfort

EUROPEAN PLAN

(Operated Under American Plan from June 1 to September 15)

WITH ITS

Famous French Grill and Rose Room

French Service and Cuisine; Orchestra of Soloists

OPEN ALL THE YEAR

JACOB WEIKEL

HOTEL DENNIS

Facing the sea and overlooking the famous Boardwalk. Every room connected with private bath or having hot and cold running water. Capacity 600. WALTER J. BUZBY.

Hotel RUDOLF

Ocean front; American and European Plans. Sea water in all baths. Running water in guest rooms.

A. S. Rukeyser, Mgr. Joel Hillman, Pres.

HOTEL GLADSTONE

Directly on the beach; rooms en suite, with baths, hot and cold salt water; elevator; reopens May 28; booklet mailed. N. J. COLLINS.

NEW HOTEL MERION

Homelike hotel of high class. Newly built brick. Cuisine unsurpassed. Vermont Ave., near Beach. MACK LATZ & CO.

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ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY

ARLINGTON Michigan Ave., near Beach. Every modern convenience and comfort. Good meals and absolute cleanliness special features. Attractive early season rates. B. J. OSBORNE & SON.

HOTEL THEDFORD 6th Av. overlooking ocean; suite with bath; refined patronage; booklet. HARRY DUFFIELD, Owner and Proprietor.

NEW JERSEY—Lake Hopatcong.

ENJOY THE BEAUTIES OF SPRING CROWNED WITH THE JOY AND INVIGORATING MOUNTAIN AIR AT

New Hotel Breslin

On Lake Hopatcong, Mt. Arlington, N.J.

Elevation 1,400 feet; no mosquitoes; no malaria; 300 rooms with hot and cold running water; 100 private baths. Boating, canoeing, fishing, bathing, tennis, golf, orchestra, saddle horses, Cafe, Grill. Excellent motoring. Booklet and special June rates mailed.

G. FRANK COPE, Formerly of The Kittatinny, Delaware Water Gap. Phone No. 1 Hopatcong.

NEW JERSEY—Asbury Park.

NEW MONTEREY

North Asbury Park, N. J.

Constructed of brick and stone.

Will open for its second season on

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Hot and cold sea water baths.

Superior cuisine. White service.

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SEA BRIGHT, N. J.

NOW OPEN—27th Season.

A Modern Seaside Hotel one hour from N. Y. via the fast Atlantic Highlands boats.

Rooms and Suites, with private baths, facing the water. Excellent Bathing Beach and all Outdoor Amusements. American and European plan.

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WEST END, N. J.

THIS WORLD-FAMOUS HOTEL now under the management of Dincin Bros.

NOW OPEN.

Ideal location. Wonderful surf bathing. Tennis courts on grounds. Private lake for boating and fishing. Hot and cold running water in every room. 100 private baths. Electric light. All modern improvements.

CAPACITY 500

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THE TAK-A-NASS-EE

WEST END, N. J.

This up-to-the-minute hotel of concrete construction and possessing all improvements of the best city houses, continuing under the same management.

WILL OPEN JUNE 14TH.

It appeals to all appreciating exquisite music, dancing, tennis, golf, croquet, surf bathing, motoring, superior social attractions, and a most excellent cuisine and service.

J. D. THROCKMORTON, Mgr.

New York Booking Office, 1,180 Broadway. 'Phone Madison Square 4748.

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DIAMOND SPRING INN, DENVILLE, N. J. Within commuting distance of New York, in the mountains of Northern New Jersey; canoeing, fishing, tennis, horseback riding, swimming pool; fresh vegetables from hotel gardens. Booklet. Opens May 31.

WEST VIRGINIA.

Mountain Bridle Paths

Always cool. No Flies or Mosquitoes. Every Outdoor Sport. Magnificent Swimming Pool. Sulphur and Medicinal Baths. Half a million spent in improvements. The present hotel opened June 25, the new $1,000,000 Greenbrier Oct. 1. For information address GEORGE F. ADAMS, White Sulphur, W. Va.

MAKE YOUR SUMMER RESERVATION EARLY, JUNE IS A MOST ATTRACTIVE MONTH AT

Atlantic City

America's Famous All-Year Resort

Outdoor life at this time of the year is unusually delightful at the seashore. Atlantic City offers all the opportunities for pleasure and recreation that can be desired—seven miles of Boardwalk, with its rolling chairs, novelty shops, ocean piers, and sumptuous bathing establishments; golf, yachting, fishing, good motor roads, and the finest bathing beach in the world. The leading hotels are noted for the excellence of their service and appointments.

THE LEADING HOUSES

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Both American and European Plans.
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American Plan.
Open Entire Year.
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Galen Hall
Hotel and Sanatorium.
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Always open.
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European Plan.
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Open all year.
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In the fashionable Chelsea Section. Open all year.
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The Holmhurst
Open all year.
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Open all year.
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Seaside House
Open all year.
F. P. Cook's Sons.

Convenient through trains in three hours from New York, via Central R. R. of N. J. or Pennsylvania R. R.

NEW ENGLAND—Massachusetts.

"Overlooking the Broad Atlantic"

HOTEL PRESTON stands on a bluff, 50 feet directly above the beach, commanding unobstructed view of both ocean and country.

Every Out-of-Door Pastime. Sailing, Fishing, Riding, Driving, Dancing, Motoring, Walking, Golf, Tennis, Bathing in the ocean, Orchestra, Soloists—all are superb.

Cuisine Unexcelled.

Illustrated Booklet on Request.

Open June 20th

HOTEL PRESTON BEACH BLUFF, MASS. J. A. Sherrard, Proprietor.

Also Proprietor Gedney Farm Hotel, White Plains, N. Y.

In the Mountains of Berkshire.

HOTEL ASPINWALL

Lenox, Massachusetts,

ALMON C. JUDD, MANAGER

ON THE IDEAL TOUR.

Will Open June 14th, 1913.

With 50 bathrooms added and redecorated throughout, it is pre-eminently the finest mountain resort hotel adjacent to New York, being but three hours via N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Located within a beautiful estate of 600 acres at an altitude of 1,500 feet; it is the ideal solution of the summer problem for business men and others who desire a resort of accessibility. One desirable cottage to offer in connection with the hotel service. Booking representative at 1180 Broadway, Tel. Madison Sq. 4748.

Under same Management,

The Bilton, Waterbury, Conn.

MAHANNA HOTEL

LENOX, MASSACHUSETT

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..4:31|Sun sets..7:26|Moon sets..—

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	7:12	7:30	1:10	1:07
Governors Island	7:17	7:43	1:45	1:20
Hell Gate	9:07	9:33	3:25	3:10

Arrived—Tuesday, June 3.

SS Kronprinzessin Cecilie, Bremen, May 27.
SS Krooniand, Antwerp, May 24.
SS Indiana, Naples, May 20.
SS Napoli, Palermo, May 19.
SS Parima, St. Thomas, May 19.
SS Armenia, Hamburg, May 17.
SS Aiden, Para, May 22.
SS Santa Clara, Sagua, May 17.
SS Fristur, Sagua, May 13.
SS Denver, Galveston, May 28.
SS Nueces, Tampa, May 29.
SS City of St. Louis, Savannah, May 31.
SS Navahoe, Georgetown, May 30.
SS Carrillo, Port Limon, May 26.
SS Prinz Joachim, Kingston, May 29.
SS Scottish Monarch, Norfolk, June 3.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Cleveland	Hamburg	May 24
Broadmayne	London	May 21
Albania	Fowey	May 19
Monviso	Leghorn	May 18
Wells City	Dublin	May 29
Europa	Naples	May 21
Overdale	Antwerp	May 17
Oceania	Palermo	May 21
Buffalo	Hull	May 29
Cubana	Manzanilla	May 29
Hagen	Hamburg	May 19
Orubs	Kingston	May 30
Havana	Havana	June
Rock Light	Manchester	May 19
El Occidente	Galveston	May 29
Lenape	Jacksonville	June 1
Antonio Lopez	Havana	May 31

DUE TO-MORROW.

Oceanic	Southampton	May 21
Sant' Anna	Marseilles	May 24
Lazio	Naples	May 24
Creole	New Orleans	May 31
Santa Marta	Kingston	May 31
Huron	Jacksonville	June 2
Orotava	Bermuda	June 3
President Lincoln	Southampton	May 26
Minnesota	Port Antonio	May 31
Iroquois	Turks Island	May 31
Archimedes	Barbados	May 29

DUE FRIDAY.

Mauretania	Liverpool	May 31
Excelsior	Huelva	May 24
Fedora	Shields	May 25
Floride	Dunkirk	May 25
La Coq	Bilbao	May 22
Californian	Avonmouth	May 22
Saxonia	Gibraltar	May 27
Zulia	Mayaguez	May 31
Monterey	Havana	June 2
El Sud	Galveston	May 31
Mohawk	Jacksonville	June 4
City of Atlanta	Savannah	June 3

DUE SATURDAY.

Provence	Havre	May 31
Baltic	Liverpool	May 29
Philadelphia	Southampton	May 31
Allianca	Colon	June 1
Brandenburg	Bremen	May 28
Louisiane	Las Palmas	May 27
Perugia	Palermo	May 23
Tonawanda	London	May 22
Sabine	Galveston	May 31

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Philadelphia, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	9:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Almirante, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Madonna, Naples		3:00 P.M.
Comanche, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.
San Marcos, Galveston		1:00 P.M.
Olinda, Cardenas		12:00 M.
Proteus, New Orleans		12:00 M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

France, Havre	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Cedric, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Fr. der Grosse, Bremen	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Mexico, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Allemania, Inagua	1:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
Hellig Olav, Copenhagen		2:00 P.M.
President Grant, Hamburg		9:00 A.M.
El Alba, Galveston		12:00 M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah		3:00 P.M.

SAIL FRIDAY.

Christopher, Para		7:00 A.M.
Lenape, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.

SAIL SATURDAY.

Oceanic, Southampton	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Barbarossa, Gibraltar	6:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Stephano, St. Johns	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Coamo, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Guantanamo, Tampico	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Carrillo, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Pr. Joachim, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Advance, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Indiana, Naples		11:00 A.M.
Carona, Liverpool		10:00 A.M.
Cleveland, Hamburg		9:00 A.M.
Kroonland, Antwerp		10:00 A.M.
California, Glasgow		10:00 A.M.
Minnetonka, London		10:30 A.M.
Europa, Naples		11:00 A.M.
Denver, Galveston		1:00 P.M.
S. Luckenbach, San Juan	12:00 M.	
Orubs, Jamaica	1:00 P.M.	
Nueces, Tampa	1:00 P.M.	
City of Atlanta, Savannah		3:00 P.M.
Antilles, New Orleans	12:00 M.	
El Sol, Galveston	12:00 M.	
Huron, Jacksonville	1:00 P.M.	

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of sailing.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., JUNE 3.

SS Oceanic, Southampton to New York, was 590 miles E. at 8:30 P. M.; due 5th, 8 A. M. White Star Line.
SS Cleveland, Hamburg to New York, was 270 miles E. at noon; due 4th, 8 A. M. Hamburg-American Line.
SS Europa, Naples to New York, was 220 miles E. at noon; due 5th, 8 A. M.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Creole, New Orleans to New York, was 154 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at 7 P. M.
SS Minnesotan, Puerto Mexico to New York, was 247 miles N. of Jupiter at 8 P. M.
SS Oruba, Kingston to New York, was 304 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Comanche, Jacksonville to New York, was 511 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Havana, Havana to New York, was 200 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Vesta, Baton Rouge to New York, was 80 miles S. at 7 A. M.
SS Lenape, Jacksonville to New York, was 140 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Iroquois, Turks Island to New York, was 160 miles S. at Sandy Hook at 8 P. M.
SS El Sud, Galveston to New York, was 42 miles E. of Jupiter at noon.
SS City of Savannah, Savannah to New York, passed Tybee at 6:30 P. M.
SS El Valle, Galveston to New York, crossed Galveston Bar at 5:15 P. M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Finland, at Antwerp, June 3.
SS Polonia, at Trieste, May 25.
SS Roma, at Marseilles, May 30.
SS Minnehaha, at London, June 3.
SS Cambodge, at Marseilles, May 31.
SS Goya, at Callao, June 2.
SS Lutetian, at Havre, June 2.
SS Sverne, at Port Natal, June 3.
SS Kaiser Wilhelm II., at Bremen, June 3.
SS Prinzess Irene, at Gibraltar, June 2.
SS Thames, at Barbados, June 2.
SS Kura, at Oxelosund, May 31.
SS La Hesbaye, at Antwerp, June 1.
SS Indian Prince, at Santos, June 2.
SS Prinz Wilhelm II., at Havre, June 2.
SS Tweeddale, at Liverpool, June 3.
SS Suruga, at Suez, June 3.
SS United States, at Copenhagen, June 3.
SS Calabria, at Gibraltar, June 2.
SS Indramayo, at Port Said, June 3.

Sailed.

SS Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, from Bremen, June 3.
SS Kursk, from Libau, May 27.
SS Mendoza, from Naples, May 29.
SS Navarino, from St. Vincent, C. V., May 30.
SS Kalemo, from Calcutta, May 31.
SS El Lovito, from Hamburg, May 31.
SS Mississippi, from Havre, June 1.
SS Berlin, from Gibraltar, June 3.
SS Orotava, from Bermuda, June 3.
SS American, from Antwerp, June 1.
SS Crispin, from Para, June 1.
SS Indrakula, from Yokohama, June 2.

Passed.

SS Mongebello, for New York from Genoa, passed Gibraltar.
SS Rugia, New York for Hamburg, passed Scilly.
SS Niagara, New York for Havre, passed Brow Head.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close in New York at 6:30 P. M.

Japan, Korea, and China (via Tacoma)—Mexico Maru.....June 5
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Honolulan.....June 5
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via Vancouver, B. C.)—Niagara.....June 6
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Protesilaus..June 6
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, and China, (via San Francisco)—Siberia.....June 7
Japan, Korea, and China, (specially addressed only,) via Seattle—Flintshire.....June 8
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Sierra..June 12
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver)—Empress of Russia.....June 13
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, and Australia (specially addressed) (via San Francisco)—Manuka.....June 20

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Manila, May 3; Hongkong, May 6; Shanghai, May 9; Yokohama, May 17, and Honolulu, May 27—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Siberia, were dispatched east at 6:40 P. M. June 2, and are due in New York on the morning of Saturday, June 7.

For Latest Shipping See Page 1.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—Pressure continues high off the Atlantic Coast and over the North Central States, and it is low over the Rocky Mountain regions and New England.

This distribution has been attended by moderately warm weather throughout the East and South States and on the Pacific slope. There were light scattered rains during the last twenty-four hours in the South Atlantic and East Gulf States, the Ohio Valley, the region of the Great Lakes, and the Middle Plains States.

With the exception of scattered showers Wednesday and Thursday in the South Atlantic and East Gulf States, the weather will be generally fair during the next forty-eight hours throughout the country.

No important temperature changes are indicated during Wednesday and Thursday.

Winds along the New England Coast will be moderate variable, becoming west and northwest; Middle Atlantic Coast, light to moderate variable; South Atlantic Coast, light variable.

Steamships departing Wednesday for European ports will have moderate west winds and generally fair weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND THURSDAY.

Eastern New York—Cloudy Wednesday, cooler in interior. Thursday, fair, moderate west and northwest winds.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Cloudy Wednesday. Thursday, fair and slightly cooler, moderate variable winds.

Western New York—Fair Wednesday and Thursday, light variable winds.

Southern New England—Cloudy Wednesday. Thursday, fair and cooler, moderate variable winds, becoming northeast.

Northern New England—Fair Wednesday, slightly cooler in interior. Thursday, fair, moderate variable winds, becoming west and northwest.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1912.	1913.		1912.	1913.
3 A. M.	68	62	4 P. M.	79	72
6 A. M.	68	60	6 P. M.	78	70
9 A. M.	73	68	9 P. M.	74	65
12 M.	75	70	11 P. M.	70	65

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 66; for the corresponding date last year it was 74; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 65.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 66; at 8 P. M. it was 66. Maximum temperature, 73 degrees at 4:45 P. M.; minimum, 59 degrees at 5 A. M. Humidity, 50 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 85 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.01 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.86 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M. Loss.
2:45—102 E. 127th St.; not given....Trifling
8:45—884 Courtlandt Av.; Bertha Beech....Trifling
8:55—60 E. 134th St.; Mary Jeffries..Trifling
P. M.
1:30—331 E. 117th St.; Tony Viola..Trifling
1:35—122 Park Row, W. Taylor.....Trifling
2:00—36 E. 110th St.; H. Napleson..Trifling
2:10—131st St. & 3d Av.; not given...$100
2:15—157 W. 28th St. Q. Lee.....Trifling
2:45—91 Henry St.; Charles Bloom..Trifling
2:57—1,151 Hoe Av., Bronx; W. Schrieber. Trifling
4:48—740 Trinity Av.; Bancer & Miller.. Trifling
5:39—Edgewater Road & Lafayette St.; Central R. R. of N. J.....Trifling
6:00—Foot of Lincoln Av.; Central of New Jersey.....$200
7:15—811 E. 139th St.; J. Ciacciti.....$50
7:46—1 West 139th St.; Schubert Piano Manufacturing Co...Trifling
8:40—421 Manhattan St.; Frank Costino.. Trifling
8:55—261 West 22d St.; Eppert Runnels.. Trifling
9:20—208 East 8d St.; Mrs. Kruger..Trifling
9:55—225th St. and Broadway; not given.....Trifling
9:55—240 West 135th St.; Sloan estate...$10
10:00—305 East 110th St.; J. Cohen..Trifling
10:15—26 East 3d St.; Mrs. Fanning..Trifling
10:20—202 West 69th St.; J. Tyne.....Trifling

EDUCATION NOTES.

Word was received at the Board of Education Hall yesterday that the schoolship Newport arrived at Hamilton, Bermuda, and that all aboard were well.

The compensation of the janitor of Public School 54, Brooklyn, for the care of the school's leased annex on Walworth Street, near Myrtle Avenue, has been fixed at $132 a year.

The temporary assignment made on April 7 of Patrick Tenny as janitor of Public School 87, Manhattan, with compensation at the rate of $3,204 a year, has been made regular.

Vacation playgrounds, kindergarten centres, open-air playrooms, and athletic fields will be established as follows for the Summer, beginning on July 1:

VACATION PLAYGROUNDS.

Manhattan.—Public Schools 2, 3, 4, 5, 10, 12, 13, 15, 16, 17, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 26, 27, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 44, 46, 49, 51, 53, 54, 56, 57, 58, 59, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 71, 72, 74, 75, 77, 78, 79, 82, 83, 84, 85, 89, 91, 92, 95, 96, 101, 104, 105, 107, 109, 110, 112, 114, 119, 121, 122, 126, 127, 130, 131, 132, 135, 137, 140, 147, 150, 151, 157, 159, 160, 161, 162, 165, 168, 176, 171, 172, 174, 177, 179, 184, 186, 188, 190.

The Bronx.—Public Schools 3, 4, 10, 20, 23, 25, 30, 32, 37, 40, 42, 48.

Brooklyn.—Public Schools 5, 6, 7, 17, 18, 19, 24, 27, 29, 30, 38, 36, 37, 42, 43, 45, 47, 49, 50, 52, 58, 54, 57, 63, 64 66, 71, 78, 75, 79, 82, 84, 85, 86, 91, 93, 94, 109, 120, 122, 123, 124, 126, 129, 130, 137, 141, 142, 145, 144, 147, 148, 149, 150, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 164, Brooklyn Orphan Asylum.

Queens.—Public Schools, 1, 4, 7, 16, 77, 84.

Richmond.—Public Schools 18, 20.

KINDERGARTEN CENTRES.

Manhattan.—Educational Alliance, East Broadway and Jefferson Street; Greenwich House, 26 and 28 Jones Street; Bellevue Hospital, East Twenty-sixth Street; Brightside Day Nursery, 89 Cannon Street; Nursery and Children's Aid Society, Henry Street; ferryboat Westfield, foot of Jackson Street.

The Bronx.—Bronx House, 1,637 Washington Avenue.

Brooklyn.—Sea Breeze Home, Coney Island.

OPEN-AIR PLAYGROUNDS AND ATHLETIC FIELDS.

Manhattan.—Public Bathing Public School 13, East Houston and Essex Streets; land at First Avenue and Sixty-seventh Street; 18 and 20 Jones Street; land adjoining High School of Commerce, Sixty-fifth Street; land on Clinton and Cherry Streets; plaza under Williamsburg Bridge.

The Bronx.—Crotona Athletic Field, Prospect Avenue, opposite Crotona Park.

Brooklyn.—Land adjoining Public School 72, New Lots Road; land adjoining Public School 76, Wyona Street; land on Nostrand Avenue, opposite Hart Street; land on Auburn Place, Portland Avenue and North Elliott Place; Commercial High School Field.

Richmond.—Curtis High School Athletic Field.

On Steamship Piers.

Double postage is required except for Sea Post vessels. Whenever mail vessels of the American, Cunard, French, Hamburg-American, North German Lloyd, White Star, New York and Cuba Mail, New York and Porto Rico, Panama, and Red D Lines sail between the hours of 9 A. M. and 5 P. M., supplementary mails are opened on the steamship piers one and a half hours before sailing time and close ten minutes before sailing time. There is no pier supplementary mail for the Cunard Wednesday steamers sailing at 1 A. M., but supplementary mail, prepaid double postage, is accepted at the Foreign Station after the close of the regular mail and up to 10:30 P. M.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

SPECIAL ORDERS 124.

Lieutenant promoted to Captain, transferred and assigned as indicated, to take effect 3:50 P. M., June 2: Joseph A. Conboy, 169th Precinct, to 165th.

Probationaries having qualified as patrolment, appointed and assigned as indicated, to take effect June 3: J. Taeschner, Jr., 2d; T. Lally, 5th; H. Barnett, 13th; J. J. Willey, 13th; E. S. Brubaker, 15th; C. J. Flanagan, 31st; J. Chapman, 32d; W. W. Lewis, 36th; R. H. Barman, 37th; P. Bulger, 42d; J. J. Friedrich, 42d; J. F. J. Healey, 42d; B. J. Mensing, 42d; F. H. Claus, 42d; E. A. Smith, 42d; W. J. Kehoe, 42d; A. N. Harriott, (Mounted,) 65th; G. Murray, 7th; J. J. Lawler, 8th; T. F. Mullen, 13th; L. Cleis, 15th; G. A. E. Grosch, 31st; J. W. Spicliarich, 32d; H. J. Held, Jr., 35th; P. C. Pitsch, 37th; J. E. Gerry, 40th; J. Cohen, 42d; B. J. Deuery, 42d; A. Keane, 42d; G. Scott, 42d; J. J. Duffy, 42d; J. P. Welgold, 42d; A. Traynor, 42d; J. J. Corbett, C. O. Squad.

Transfers, to take effect 3:30 P. M., June 2: Capts. John Becker, 164th to 151st; Isaac Frank, 165th to 164th. Patrolmen, to take effect 5:35 P. M., June 2: M. F. Monigan, 154th to 2d; to take effect 8 A. M., June 3, J. Elwood, 146th to Detective Division, as acting Detective Sergeant, second grade; C. H. Eason, 140th to C. O. Squad; W. J. Smith, C. O. Squad to 276th; to take effect 4 P. M., June 8, F. J. McGuire, 26th to 25th; to take effect at noon, June 8, W. J. File, 31st to 169th; W. F. M. Bishop, C. O. Squad to 156th; to take effect 8 A. M., June 4, J. F. Duncan, 25th to Traffic B.

Assignments: Patrolmen: P. J. Coyle, 26th, to drive patrol wagon, from 4 P. M., June 3; W. J. Smith, 276th, mounted, from 8 A. M., June 3. (Temporary)—Lieutenant: Charles A. Place, 6d, to command 68th, 18 days, from noon, June 7. Sergeant: C. W. Willemse, 21st, to Detective Division, District Attorney's office, 5 days, from 4 P. M. June 2. Patrolmen: M. Isaacson, 7th, to C. O. Squad, 10 days, from 2:25 P. M. June 2; A. D. Downs, 29th, to Detective Division and District Attorney's office, 5 days, from 4 P. M. June 3; A. Anderson, 156th, to C. O. Squad, 10 days, from 8 A. M. June 2; W. J. Jones, 21st, to Detective Division, 5 days, from P. M. June 2; H. Baden, 285th, to Detective Division and District Attorney's office, Queens, 5 days, from 8 A. M. June 3; J. Byrne, Traffic D, to training stable, 30 days, from noon, June 2. To Detective Division from precincts indicated, 5 days, from noon, June 3: J. Bruns, 12th; T. Moffit, 12th; J. Murphy, 12th; R. Gallo, 12th; L. Gambardella, 37th. To office of Chief Counsel, Excise Department, from precincts indicated, 2 days, from 9 A. M. June 4: J. E. Kelly, 144th; W. A. Asip, 146th; F. B. Ahlborn, 162d; W. J. Smith, 276th; H. C. Jessup, C. O.; W. J. Dowling, C. O.; E. J. Dungate, C. O.; J. O. Sullivan, C. O.; H. Berje, C. O.; P. H. Donnelly, C. O. Acting Detective Sergeant, Second Grade: J. G. Reynolds, Detective Division, to C. O. Squad, 10 days, from 2:25 P. M. June 2. Matron: Adele D. Freise, 6th, to C. O. Squad, 10 days, from 6 P. M. June 2.

Leaves of Absence, (with full pay.)—Capt. Denis F. Ward, 68th, for 18 days from noon June 7, vacation. Without pay: Patrolmen G. T. Magee, 32d, 8 days from 4 P. M. June 8; J. J. O'Brien, 37th, 1 day from 12:01 A. M. June 8.

Sick Leave.—Patrolman E. E. Gross, 26th, 80 days from 8 A. M. June 8.

Application for Full Pay Approved.—Patrolman M. Horan, 146th, from 9:30 P. M. April 28 to 12:01 A. M. May 5, while on sick leave.

Dismissed from the Force, (to take effect 8:40 P. M. June 2.)—Patrolman J. R. Shephard, 87th; charge, May 9, violation of rules, (1) not civil and orderly; (2) unlawful arrest.

Fire Department.

SPECIAL ORDERS 107.

Appointment: Russell A. Fairbanks as architectural draftsman, Telegraph Bureau, at $1,050 per annum, for an emergency period of 15 days, from 9 A. M. June 2.

Emergency appointments renewed for 15 days: P. J. Garvey, J. Geraghty, and I. Shapero, as Assistant Inspectors of Combustibles, Bureau of Prevention, from 9 A. M. June 1.

Special leaves of absence without pay: Fireman, first grade, F. W. Oppe, Engine 33, 12 hours from 8 A. M. June 4, and Fireman, first grade, Leaver, Engine 101, 12 hours from 8 A. M. June 5.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—Major G. H. MacDonald, Thirteenth Cavalry, detailed as Inspector-Instructor, Organized Militia; to Chicago and report by letter to Chief Division of Militia Affairs, office of the Chief of Staff.

Major F. M. Caldwell, Fourteenth Cavalry, relieved from duty as Inspector-Instructor, Organized Militia, Aug. 31.

Capt. S. P. Vestal, retired, relieved from duty at Hitchcock Military Academy, San Rafael, Cal.

Order of May 16 relating to First Lieut. R. Blain, Tenth Cavalry, revoked.

Second Lieut. H. M. Groninger, Fifth Cavalry, relieved from treatment at Walter Reed General Hospital and detailed as Range Officer for the National and international matches; report to Brig. Gen. R. K. Evans, Executive Officer of the matches, Washington, for duty in arranging preliminary details of the matches.

Capt. C. T. Harris, Jr., Ordnance Department, to Fort Winfield Scott, Cal., to proof fire seacoast carriages.

The following named officers will report at Gettysburg, Penn., not later than July 6, for duty in connection with camp of instruction for college students, July 7 to Aug. 15: Major C. H. McRae, Fifth Infantry; Capt. S. P. Brown, Seventeenth Infantry; B. Enochs, General Staff; W. T. Merry, General Staff; R. C. Van Horn, General Staff; T. MacArthur, Corps of Engineers; First Lieut. S. E. Gunner, Infantry; J. F. Ware, Infantry; T. H. Lowe, Twenty-eighth Infantry; H. T. Bull, Cavalry; C. H. Muller, Cavalry; W. R. Pope, Cavalry.

Major J. H. McRae, Fifth Infantry, to Governors Island, New York, and report to Commanding General, Eastern Department; thence to Washington, D. C., for consultation with Chief of Staff in regard to instruction camp at Gettysburg, Penn.

First Lieut. H. G. Sharpe, Eighth Infantry, relieved from treatment at Letterman General Hospital, Presidio of San Francisco; return to proper station in the Philippine Department.

The following named officers of the Medical Reserve Corps are ordered to active duty: First Lieut. H. S. Baketel, W. M. Brickner, R. Siee, M. M. Stark, H. M. Hays, and H. Fox. These officers will proceed June 29 to Gettysburg, Penn., to report with Provisional Field Hospital, and return home by July 10.

Orders May 29 relating to First Lieut. G. R. Callender, Medical Reserve Corps, amended to direct him to report to Surgeon General of the Army for duty as Assistant to Attending Surgeon, Washington, D. C.; thence to Fort Bayard, New Mexico.

Leaves: Capt. C. P. Elliott, U. S. A., retired, Recruiting Officer, seven days; Major W. H. Brooks, Medical Corps, leave extended one month; First Lieut. M. E. Malloy, Twenty-ninth Infantry, one month; Capt. E. B. Vedder, Medical oCrps, one month; Capt. W. A. Kent, Fourth Infantry, one month; Capt. O. A. McGee, Fifth Cavalry, fifteen days from July 1.

The Navy.

Capt. W. W. Gilmer, detached command the Colorado; to command the Pittsburgh.

Commander W. V. Pratt, detached Naval War College; to staff of commander torpedo flotilla, Atlantic fleet.

Commander C. J. Lang, detached command Pittsburgh; to command the Colorado.

Commander E. L. Bisset, detached the Colorado; to the Pittsburg as executive officer.

Lieut. Commander B. T. Bulmer, detached the Colorado; to the Pittsburgh as senior engineer officer.

Lieut. J. M. Enochs, detached the Colorado; to the Pittsburgh as navigator.

Lieut. H. G. S. Wallace, detached the Colorado; to the Pittsburgh as ordnance officer.

Ensigns R. H. Hawkins, E. W. Coll, R. E. Kerr, V. L. Kirkman, Jr., G. L. Woodruff, C. B. Byrne, F. Weldon, F. B. Melendy, J. C. Thom, R. E. Bell, H. B. Berry, detached the Colorado; to the Pittsburgh.

Gunner J. Harder, Chief Machinist J. Bryce, and Machinist J. C. Parker, detached the Colorado; to the Pittsburgh.

Ensign C. M. James, detached the Pittsburgh; to the Colorado.

Passed Assistant Surgeon M. C. Baker, detached the Colorado; to the Pittsburgh.

Chaplain L. N. Taylor, detached the Pittsburgh; to the Colorado.

The following midshipmen, who will graduate from the Naval Academy June 6, have been assigned to duty as follows: H. L. Abbott, the Wyoming; G. A. Andrews, Georgia; L. B. Art, Vermont; R. Asserson, Idaho; L. L. Babbitt, New Jersey; T. G. Berrien, South Carolina; W. H. P. Blandy, Florida; S. E. Bray, Pittsburgh; J. E. Brenner, Pittsburgh; H. M. Briggs, Vermont; J. A. Brownell, Florida; H. V. Bryan, California; S. F. Bryan, Rhode Island; P. Cassard, Wyoming; W. I. Causey, Jr., Virginia; L. L. Clarke, Connecticut; F. B. Conger, Jr., South Carolina; T. A. M. Craven, Delaware; F. G. Crisp, Minnesota; G. S. Dale, South Carolina; R. B. Daughtry, South Dakota; E. Davis, Florida; G. B. Davis, Kansas; H. C. Davis, Nebraska; F. W. Dillingham Rhode Island; A. H. Donahue, Virginia; O. L. Downes, Vermont; W. E. Doyle, Maryland; L. T. Du Bose, Connecticut; R. Dudley, Florida; P. H. Dunbar, Jr., Georgia; A. W. Dunn, Jr., Arkansas; E. F. Enright, Michigan; H. K. Fean, Nebraska; H. F. Floyd, California; E. L. Gayhart, Kansas; S. H. Geer, Utah; H. R. Gellerstedt, Connecticut; N. C. Gillette, Idaho; L. R. Gray, California; R. H. Grayson, Michigan; G. L. Greene, Jr., Florida; A. H. Haas, Kansas; J. L. Hall, Jr., North Dakota; W. G. B. Hatch, Arkansas; C. G. Helmick, Ohio; J. R. Henderson, Michigan; P. Hender, New Hampshire; W. O. Henry South Dakota; J. L. Hill, Louisiana; K. E. Hinze, Pittsburgh; C. E. Hoard, Pittsburgh; J. H. Hoffman, Minnesota; M. Hudson, South Carolina; C. T. Hull, Arkansas; G. D. Hull, Pittsburgh; B. T. Hunt, Michigan; G. Hutchins, Rhode Island; C. M. Ingraham, Virginia; F. L. Johnston, North Dakota; J. C. Jones, Jr., Delaware; J. D. Jones, Kansas; G. B. Junkin, Utah; W. B. Juph, North Dakota; J. M. Kates, Utah; H. G. Kelsiker, Delaware; R. D. Kirkpatrick, Maryland; R. H. Knight, Ohio; D. R. Lee, South Carolina; J. A. Lee, New Hampshire; B. G. Leighton, North Dakota; B. H. Line, New Hampshire; E. S. McCauley, New Jersey; C. P. McFeters, New Jersey; T. W. McQuire, Nebraska; A. Marcus, Pittsburgh; W. Masek, Vermont; J. T. Matheny, New Hampshire; W. W. Meek, Arkansas; J. M. C. Miller, Minnesota; S. N. Moore, South Dakota; E. J. O'Keefe, Georgia; H. B. Page, Georgia; J. R. Palmer, Delaware; H. F. Parmelee, Maryland; I. E. Parrish, Vermont; C. L. Pearse, New Hampshire; R. Paff, South Dakota; L. D. Pickering, Nebraska; A. V. S. Pickhardt, Ohio; H. W. Pillsbury, New Jersey; P. P. Powell, Delaware; E. H. Quinlan, South Dakota; P. A. Stevens, Minnesota; J. H. Strong, North Dakota; L. Thebaud, Wyoming; T. B. Thompson, Michigan; S. S. Thurston, Kansas; J. B. Timberlake, Arkansas; G. M. Tisdale, Utah; C. C. Todd, Jr., Ohio; E. L. Vanderkloot, Maryland; H. C. Van Valseah, Wyoming; R. S. H. Venable, Ohio; P. C. Ransom, Virginia; G. Robinson, Delaware; L. J. Roth, Michigan; W. J. Ruble, Florida; P. J. Searles, Idaho; T. M. Searles, Louisiana; W. Selbert, Kansas; H. A. Seiler, Rhode Island; T. Shinn, Pittsburgh; T. M. Shock, Louisiana; H. G. Skinner, Jr., Louisiana; J. Q. Smith, Minnesota; K. R. R. Wallace, Idaho; A. S. Walton, Maryland; C. H. Wank, Connecticut; J. R. Wellborn, Arkansas; H. L. White, California; L. Wild, Louisiana; R. J. Wilson, Ohio; C. Withers, Utah; G. W. Wolff, Utah; G. W. Wolf, Connecticut; V. Wood, North Dakota; W. L. Wright, Wyoming; E. F. Zemke, California.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Wyoming, Florida, Delaware, North Dakota, New Hampshire, South Carolina, Virginia, Georgia, New Jersey, Rhode Island, Kansas, Sonoma, Ontario, and Yankton at Hampton Roads; Alert, F-1, F-2, F-3, and Pittsburgh at San Francisco; Worden at Philadelphia; Whipple, Paul Jones, Preble, Stewart, and Truxton at Mare Island; Justin at Tiburon, Cal.; Lebanon at Norfolk Yard; Caesar at Sewall Point, and Scorpion at Constantinople.

Sailed—Osceola and Tacoma from Guantanamo for Guacanayabo Bay; Nashville from Santo Domingo City for Guantanamo, and Yorktown from Norfolk for Tangier Sound, Chesapeake Bay.

The Foote has been ordered placed in commission at navy yard, Washington, D. C., and out of commission at navy yard, Norfolk, Va.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission has approved the following requests for restoration to the eligible lists specified:

William F. Lang, gardener, on the record as having declined appointment in the Department of Correction because he was employed in the Department of Parks, the Bronx.

Reuben Friedel, clerk, second grade, for temporary work; he said that when certified to the Finance Department he was having his eyes treated, for which reason he could not accept.

Joseph T. Kiernan, mechanical draughtsman. His name was taken from the list because he declined a permanent appointment, saying that it was a temporary one.

William Abbott, preferred list of temporary clerk. His declination of appointment on account of temporary inability to accept was approved at a recent meeting of the commission.

Warren C. Metz, preferred list for transit men, grade C, seeking appointment at more than $1,200 a year. It was reported by letter from the office of the President of Queens that he had failed to respond; he says that he did not receive a notice from that department.

Katherine C. Sullivan, nurse; the commission granted her request that certification of her name be withheld until June 1; she says that she is now in a position to accept appointment.

Joseph B. Gillen, clerk, second grade, temporary work; says that he did not receive notice sent to him by the Board of Elections, due to the fact that he was out of the city, and the notice was not forwarded to him.

United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces that on certain dates examination, open to men only, will be held at the New York Custom House on June 18. The examination is for appointment as electro-metallurgist to fill a vacancy in the Bureau of Mines, Department of the Interior, for service in the field, at a salary ranging from $1,500 to $1,800 a year, and to fill vacancies in places requiring similar qualifications as they may occur. As only one approved application was filed for the examination for this place held on May 7, qualified persons are urged to enter this examination. The duties will be to conduct investigations and inquiries into metal and metallurgical problems, the investigation of ores with reference to their constitution and treatment, both mechanical and chemical, including smelter operations, and especially the investigation of ores with reference to the feasibility of their treatment by electrometallurgical processes.

Competitors will be examined in practical questions in electro-metallurgy; general education and scientific training; professional experience and fitness. An educational training equivalent to graduation from a college or university of recognized standing, such training to include courses in geology, chemistry, physics, and metallurgy, and actual experience in electric furnace work, are prerequisites for consideration for this place. Applicants possessing a thorough knowledge of metal mining and metallurgical work, including smelting operations, will receive additional credit under Subject 2.

Applicants must have reached their twenty-fifth, but not their fortieth birthday on the date of the examination.

Further information may be obtained from the United States Civil Service Commission, Washington, D. C.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

BROWN, MARGARET, (died April 12:) left not more than $600 realty, $2,700 personalty; $300 to sister, Frances Brown; $50 to sister, Mary Brown; $500 to the Rev. John T. Smith, $250 to St. Joseph's Seminary and College, $250 to the Nursery of the Sisters of the Sick Poor, $150 to sister, Mrs. Dora Brown Franklin; residue to sister, Annie Brown Murphy.

CUNNINGHAM, JEAN GRAEME, (died May 9;) left $4,000 realty, $5,000 personalty, to sister, Anna M. Church.

EGBERT, HENRY LEMINGTON, (died April 28, 1906)) left realty of unknown value to wife, Abbie Eloise Egbert.

EUSTACE, JOHN C., (died May 21;) left $25,000 personalty; $5,000 in trust for son, A. Le Roy Eustace; $5,000 in trust for daughter, Beatrice G. Eustace; $2,000 to sister, Lillian L. Eustace; residue to wife, Helen A. Eustace.

GUTH, JOHN, (died May 10;) left about $2,000 realty to wife, Pauline Guth.

MALAGODI, CESARE, (died Feb. 7;) left $1,000 realty to wife, Rose Malagodi.

MARTIN, ROSA, (died May 28;) left $2,700 personalty in equal shares to sons, Edward and Samuel Martin.

VAN BUSKIRK, LOUISE J., (died May 22;) left realty of unknown value, $5,000 personalty, to son, Anzi H. Van Buskirk.

COURT CALENDARS

FEDERAL.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Holt, J.—Court opens in Room 43, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M. Jury calendar. 11—Harned v. International Magazine. 231—U S v. Economa. 65—Lynch v. Wright. 77—Bowers v. Wright. 227—Poneda v. Penn R R. 146—A H Andrews v. Phoenix Am Co. 201—Marshall v. Penn R R. 18—Sickles v. Hudson Nav Co.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J. Admiralty. 233—Phoenix S & G Co v. Tug Luzerne. 59—McLane v. Tug Bern. 183—Mason v. Tug Bern. 11—Jamieson v. Kennedy v. Wright. 227—Poneda v. Penn R R. 146—A H Andrews v. Phoenix Am Co. 201—Marshall v. Penn R R. 18—Sickles v. Hudson Nav Co.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J. Admiralty. 233—Phoenix S & G Co v. Tug Luzerne. 59—McLane v. Tug Bern. 183—Mason v. Tug Bern. 11—Jamieson v. Kennedy v. Wright. 227—Poneda v. Penn R R. 146—A H Andrews v. Phoenix Am Co. 201—Marshall v. Penn R R. 18—Sickles v. Hudson Nav Co.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Hand, J. Admiralty. 100—Texas Co v. Tug McCaldin Bros.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 3.—The Court of Appeals day calendar for Wednesday: 688—Hessen v. McKinley. 690—Matter of Bensel. Southern Aqueduct Department. Sects. 15-17: 675—People ex rel Ray v. McAneny. 691—Matter of Young Women's Christian Association of Brooklyn. 692—Matter of Roth-Grossman. 695—Trotter v. Lisman. 696—Matter of Dick. 695—Matter of City of New York, Chauncey St. 698—Matter of will of Keefe. 699—Matter of North River Steamboat Co. 700—People ex rel Golding v. Board of Education. 701—People v. O'Brien.

New York County.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Supreme Court—Ingraham, McLaughlin, Clarke, Dowling, and Hotchkiss, JJ. Enumerated motions. 776—Berg v. Keber. 778—Wakefield Const Co v. City of N Y. 783—Kuntner v. N Y Vesi and Manton Co. 753—Caskie v. Plass. 785—Burrieel v. Pelham Operating Co. 605—Gordon v. Farrell. 806—People v. Stilwell. 786—Lenehan v. City of N Y. 787—Kehoe v. Baeker. 789—Tuttle v. Field. 790—Leerburger v. Watson. 791—Braun v. Martin. 793—Standing v. Brady. 794—U S Trust Co v. Van Damm. 796—Stewart v. Am Kennel Club.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Giegerich, J. Litigated motions. 1—Matter of Reichert, (Siegel.) 2—Same v. same. 3—Connolly v. Hofheimer. 4—Kenney v. Kenney. 5—Matter of Fablow, (Sadek.) 6—City of N Y v. Grossman. 7—Moller v. Sommer. 8—Neptune Bathing Co v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 9—Loewenthal v. Burger. 10—Willis v. Hanover Nat Bank. 11—Atkinson v. Alexander. 12—People ex rel Kenehan v. Higgins. 13—Drovers Deposit Natl Bank v. Grand. 14—People ex rel Wilkinson v. Frothingham. 15—D'Amore v. Acme Metal Casting Co. 16—Ziegler v. Foschner. 17—Epstein v. Freedenberg. 18—People ex rel Hurley v. Darlington. 19—People ex rel Stanton v. Sala. 20—Salzman v. Salzman. 21—Simpson v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 22—Sloan v. Sloan. 23—Frankel v. Phoenix Underwear Co. 24—People v. Streicker. 25—Same v. Tobilnsky. 26—Nicola v. Bethany Baptist Church. 27—Doelger v. Hamilton. 28—Bonheur v. Int R T Co. 29—Everall v. Stevens. 30—Schwarz v. Schwarz. 31—Griffin v. Cunard S S Co. 32—Biddle v. Biddle. 33—People ex rel La Chicotte v. O'Keefe. 34—Dean v. Dean. 35—Matter of Lenahan. (Prendergast.) 36—Ernst v. Terminal Clearing House. 37—Same v. Gotham Clearing House. 38—Bellows v. Hawley. 39—Woods Co. v. Geyer. 40—Salzman v. City of N Y. 41—McCarthy v. Smith. 42—Solomon v. Smith. 43—Passamenti v. City of N Y. 44—Matter of Von Spiegel. 45—Same v. same. 46—Kommel. 46—Lindman v. Ludlam. 47—Hill v. London Guar & Accident Co. 48—Same v. same. 49—Israel v. Connecticut Cab Co. 50—Same v. same. 51—People ex rel Hermstadt v. same. 52—Moynihan v. Moynihan. 53—Simplex Automobile Co v. Kannweiler. 54—Ludlam v. Ludlam. 55—United Dressed Beef Co v. Dietrich. 56—Schanz v. Orchestra Club. 58—Clark. 58—Matter of Eggers, (Waldo.) 59—Drucker v. Singler. 60—Beggs v Realty Market Exch. 61—Hoyt v. Hoyt. 62—City of N Y v. Broadboard Cont Co. 63—Rubsamen v. Schultz. 64—Bequenet v. Gerard. 65—Ball v. same. 66—De Brunoff v. American Bank Note Co. 67—De Gratresse v. De Gratresse. 68—Ludlam v. Ludlam. 69—De Alzugaray v. Alzugaray. 70—Reynolds v. Reynolds. 71—Blanchi v. Leon. 72—Same v. same. 73—Matter of Case, (English.) 74—Marshall v. Gibson. 75—O'Connor v. Peter W. Mahon Co. 76—Matter of Mannino. 77—Biondi v. Biondi. 78—Fitchett v. Burns. 79—Imperatori v. Peckard. 80—Horovitz v. Horovitz. 81—Metropolitan Savings Bank v. Mollmann. 82—McCurdy v. Mollmann. 83—Rehn v. Schnitzer. 84—Nichols v. Nichols. 85—Small v. Small. 86—Riddick v. Riddick. 87—Bair v. Reilly. 88—People v. Silverstein. 89—Well v. Natl Bituminous Coal & Iron Co. 90—Steinthal v. Harlem Water Stable Co. 91—Natl Bank of N A v. Palmeter. 92—Capaldo v. Langello. 93—Gruber v. Davis. 94—Jones v. Donnelly. 95—Ettlinger v. Kramer. 96—Jackson v. Kendrick & Co. 97—Lynn v. Smith. 98—Loughney v. Smith. 99—Mudgett v. Browning. 100—Trowbridge v. Townsend. 101—Reinle v. Fritz. 102—Matter of Rosenblatt.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Gerard, J.—Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Greenbaum, J. Motions. Undefended divorces. 3—Stefel v. Stefel. 4—Same v. same. 5077—Rich v. Rich. 5076—Lawson v. Lawson. 5077—Winnik v. Winnik. 5078—Bloom v. Bloom. 5079—Maier v. Maier. 5080—Davidson v. Davidson. 5081—Hurwitz v. Hurwitz. 5082—Ehrlich v. Ehrlich. 5083—Kraemer v. Kraemer. 5084—Taverman v. Taverman. 5085—Levy v. Levy. 5086—Lublang v. Lublang. 5087—Spaulding v. Spaulding. 5088—Armstrong v. Armstrong. 5089—Ward v. Ward. 5090—Lobovits v. Lobovits. 5091—Gombos v. Gombos. 5092—Cowles v. Cowles. 5093—Ripp v. Ripp. 5094—Lewis v. Lewis. 5095—Stanton v. Stanton. 5096—Moran v. Moran. 5097—Braun v. Braun. 5098—Grifling v. Griffing. 5099—Del Noce v. Del Noce. 5100—Ackenhell v. Ackenhell. 5101—Schaub v. Schaub. 5102—Goodman v. Goodman. 5103—Maresco v. Maresco. 5104—Simmons v. Simmons. 5105—Smazal v. Smazal. 5106—Weinreb v. Weinreb. 5107—Silverstein v. Silverstein. 5108—Holzbauer v. Holzbauer. 5109—Raftis v. Raftis. 5110—Roberts v. Roberts. 5111—Weinberger v. Weinberger. 5112—Putz v. Putz. 5113—Cohen v. Cohen. 5114—Wendruff v. Wendruff. 5115—Campbell v. Campbell. 5116—Davies v. Davies. 5117—White v. White. 5118—Orlob v. Orlob. 5119—Stoddard v. Stoddard. 5120—Miller v. Miller. 5121—Mothner v. Mothner. 5122—Pearl v. Pearl. 5123—Awtry v. Awtry. 5124—Mago v. Mago. 5125—Wilson v. Wilson. 5126—Green v. Green. 5127—Fryxell v. Fryxell. 5128—Tinkey v. Tinkey. 5129—Schott v. Schott. 5130—Gramm v. Gramm. 5131—Newman v. Newman. 5132—Schwartz v. Schwartz. 5133—Heller v. Heller. 5134—Wainwright v. Wainwright. 5135—Drummond v. Drummond. 5136—Swinnerton v. Swinnerton. 5137—Reichenthal v. Reichenthal. 5138—Mestemake v. Mestemake. 5139—Dobry v. Dobry. 5140—Cohen v. Cohen. 5141—Schaffer v. Schaffer. 5142—Gibbons v. Gibbons. 5143—Bean v. Bean. 5144—Kunstlich v. Kuntzlich. 5145—Smith v. Smith. 5146—D'Alessandro v. D'Alessandro. 5147—Bobish v. Bobish. 5148—Lenthner v. Lentchner. 5149—Sherson v. Sherson. 3150—Zoia v. Zoia. 3151—Cleland v. Cleland. 3152—Lutz v. Lutz. 3153—Roth v. Roth. 3154—Ribner v. Ribner. 3155—Revell v. Revell. 3156—Strachan v. Strachan. 3157—Ryan v. Ryan. 3158—Lahna v. Lahna. 3159—Frecendese v. Frecendese. 3160—Wallace v. Wallace. 3161—Lentzel v. Lyral. 3162—Arvay v. Arvay. 3163—Osborn v. Osborn. 3164—Domovik v. Domovik. 3165—Pitt v. Pitt. 3166—Krausz v. Krausz. 3167—St Onge v. St Onge. 3168—Thompson v. Thompson. 3169—Sullivan v. Sullivan. 3170—Marterstelg v. Marterstelg. 3171—Nickelson v. Nickelson. 3172—Jaffe v. Jaffe. 3173—Egener v. Egener. 3174—Dupuy v. Dupuy. 3175—Rodriguez v. Rodriguez. 3176—Nassauer v. Nassauer. 3177—Weiss v. Weiss. 3178—Holden v. Holden, Jr. 3179—MacCanlis v. MacCanlis. 3180—Goldberg v. Goldberg. 3181—Briggs v. Briggs. 2899—Milkman v. Milkman. 1555—Stangel v. Stangel. 2671—Usher v. Usher. 2883—Domschitz v. Domschitz. 2437—Hertzberg v. Hertzberg. 3184—Lindenbaum v. Lindenbaum. 2805—Reiter v. Reiter. Preferred causes: 2809—U S Trust Co v. Rogers. 2737—Frankel v. Agid. 3182—Farley v. Ranzweiler. 3183—Farley v. Morningside Hotel Co. 3184—Same v. Clements. 3185—Same v. Jackson. 3186—Same v. King. 3187—Same v. Kalman. General calendar: 2769—Moskowitz v. Terr. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part IV., no day calendar; Part V., case on; Part VI., case on: Part VII., no day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part VIII.—Blanchard, J. 2358—Doyno v. Doyno. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Goff, J. Criminal term. Motion. 1—Louis Marichelm. Trial calendar. 2—Peter Duffy. (6.—Herman Merson et al. 5—Morris H Shamroff. 4—Joseph Sparak. 5—James Pollard. 6—Isaac Green. 7—Isaac Lieberman. 8—John Panzarella. 9—Charles Nierabeer.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Davis, J. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Dugro, J. 3001—Harrison v. Farrell. 300—Geller v. City of N Y. 1037—H. Schwedock v. Edward. 1038—Rubin v. same. 943—S Schwedock v. same. 3185—Meyerstein v. Daniels. Lawyers Title Insurance & Trust Co. Whitridge. 3878—Mencke v. Volence. 3879—Griffin v. Henry W Boettger Silk Finishing Co. 3886—Whitnack v. Holzwasser & Co. 3904—Romer v. N Y C & H R R R. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Amend J. 456—Lillienthal v. W A Taylor Co. 3737—Gramm v. Central Park, & R. R. 3736—Rolnik v. Ocean S S Co. 2960—M Gold v. B H R R. 2905—T Gold v. same. 1914—Internatl Trust Co v. Gow. 782—Dahlmann v. Globe Storage, &c, Co. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part V.—Pendleton, J. Motions. 1—Hirschstein v. City of N Y. 3480—Kenarik v. City of N Y. 3896—McGill v. City of N Y. 2084—Ullman v. Meher. 900—Howlett v. Am Mfg Co. 3660—Abler v. City of N Y. 3665—Cumbra v. City of N Y. 3680—Frankl v. City of N Y. 3908—Bonheur v. Interborough R T Co. 3912—Sebring v. Estey Piano Co. 3914—Strong v. Yellow Taxicab Co. 3902—Strong v. Yellow Taxicab Co. 3476—Totten v. Michaelis. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VI.—Ford, J. 2864—Matteo v. Conboy. 2848—People ex rel Illustr Postal Card & Nov Co. 829—Lynch v. Landsman. 217—J Spennello v. N Y Transp Co. 218—C Spennello v. N Y Transp Co. 2477—Solomon Star Co. 2939—English v. Bates. 5401—Healy v. Richmond Light & R R Co. 2792—Herwig v. Shepard. 207—Deady v. Neal. 373—Raymond Co v. Thacher. 375—Fey v. N Y Dock Co. 379—Terranova v. City of N Y. 287—Salowich v. National Lead Co. 350—Bake v. U S Metal Co.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Scudder, J. Litigated motions. 1—Matter of Juniper Av. (Johnson.) 2—Herman v. Erde. 3—Tragitrovsky v. H Batterman Co. 4—Zorn v. Plaut. 5—People ex rel Olifiers v. Brouwers. 6—Strongin v. Perlman. 7—Willis, Lillie, v. Willis, John. 8—Hendriksen v. Morris & Cummings Dredging Co. 9—Doyle, Anna, v. Doyle, Frank. 10—Matter of Benson Av, (Bucher.) 11—Lamb, Margaret, v. Lamb, David. 12—Alfieri v. Lalance & Grosjean. 13—Cohen v. Zeitlin et al. 14—Gujda v. Winelander et al. 15—Ulber v. Interborough Brewing Co. Inc. 16—Nichols, Emily, v. Nichols, Alexander. 17—Walz v. Humrich. 18—Riche v. Greenwich Bank of N Y. 19—Flower and another v. Town of Oyster Bay et al. 20—Lawyers Title Ins & Trust Co v. Karl et al. 21—Mitchell v. McNierney et al. 22—Meserole v. Williams. 23—Macey v. Brown. 24—Langeheinekeen v. Langeheinekeen. 25—Wheeler v. Zitinsky et al. 26—Werner, Frances, v. Werner, John. 27—Martin-Evans v. Barnum. 28—Weiss v. Blanck et al. 29—Budris v. Pittsburgh Coal Co. 30—Hartiszauckas v. Pittsburgh Coal Co. 31—Matter of Linden St (Hauck.) 32—Page, Lottie, v. Page, Phillip. 33—Matter of Nicholas Av. (Elm Park Realty Co.)

SUPREME COURT—Special Term Trials—Manning, J. 3097—Bonyon v. Donlon. 3219—Cuomo v. Murray. 3222—Adams v. Adams. 3089—Stoll & Co. v. Ide Asso. 3213—Victoransky v. Ferber. 3275—Van Wagoner v. Driscol. 3274—Rockaway Point Co v. McRoberts, ex., &c. 3281—Driver v. Driver. 3270—Barrow v. Barrow. 3285—Johnson v. Ryan. 2991—Sanford v. Sanford. 3255—N E R R Co v. Prendergast. 3264—Stehlin-Miller-Hence Co v. City of N Y. 3118—Sage Bros, Inc, v. Silkwood. 3154—London v. N Y & C T R R Co. 44—Tipaldo v. Bay State Realty Co. 3512—Zingaro v. Caponigri. 3095—Garavanta v. Small. 3096—Saviner v. Saviner. 3102—Brooks v. Brooks. 3105—Fernschnober v. Silver. 3109—Annable v. F W Dodge Co. 3110—Lawton v. Lawton. 3111—Menist v. Menist. 3112—Stapleton v. Stapleton. 3114—Carnelli v. Bonner. 3116—Franz v. Freudenberger. 3117—Smith v. Smith.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I. Aspinall, J.; Part II., Clark, J.; Part III., Kelly, J.; Part IV., Benedict, J.; Part V., Kapper, J. 2455—Knauss v. Webber Const Co. 7452—Schiller v. Annenberg. 7381—Roth v. Hirshfeld. 7604—Mason v. Honik. 850—Freedman v. Lawyers Title Ins Co. 5226—Wally v. Gantz et al. 5711—Green v. Richmond Landing. 1154—Coccione v. Vassallo R R. 6088—Bengard v. Thompson-Starrett Co. 6581—Barbera v. Whipple Security Co. 6897—Wilderstine v. Walls. 7156—Hacket v. Keen. 7594—St. Nicholas Bldg Co. v. Hoppenstein. 7595—Bloch v. Nassau R R. 7336—Watson & Sons v. Essex Foundry. 7513—Newton v. Robbins. 7194, 7195, 7196, 7197—Kelly v. Tucker. 7197—Johnson v. Jackson. 7229—Page v. Braboff. 7845—Shary v. McManus. 7772—Young v. City of New York. 7778—Delaney v. City of New York. 4786—International Heater Co. v. Slocum. 7856—Wood v. City of New York et al. 7888—Malone v. City of New York et al. 9546—Beresow v. Kraus. 1512—Walls v. B H R R.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this calls: 1610—Dempsey v. B H R R. 7292—Stoebel v. McManus. 10356—Hall v. Grefe et al. 10597—Morrison v. McAdam. 6847—Gottlieb v. Kobre. 2030, 2031—Tengstrom & Koskinen v. Rodgers & Hagerty. 2501—Anderson v. Rodgers & Hagerty. 6838—Silverstein v. So Brooklyn By Co. 1067—Charles v. Leonard. 3548—Moore v. Standard Oil Co. 10850—Halil v. Smith. 10244—Fallert Bwg Co v. Prendergast et al. 4537—Asley v. Erie R R. 10685—Casey v. N Y Skirt Co. 3726—Weaver v. Bklyn Warehouse & S Co. 4896—Gilmore v. Nassau R R. 7015—McKay v. Benecke. 7417—Schiff v. Fosner & Sloat et al. 6659—Johnson v. B H R R. 7884—Talman v. City of N Y et al. 9497—Link v. Brooklyn Union El R R. 8815—Criscuoli v. Criscuoli. 1188—Pugliese v. Nassau R R. 1590—Gillespie v. Brady. 1211—Seigman v. B H R R. 1233—Eaton v. Sasso. 6111—Poel v. Hills. 611—Same v. same. 615—Same v. same. 1567—Morrell, adm'x, &c., v. Kline. 2415—Little v. Williston. 980—Stewart v. Shubert. 1436—Kraus Bum Co v. Lichtenstein, Clear. SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IX.—Brady, J. 1650—Greenberg v. Levy. 660—Bauman v. Hess. 2264—Brener v. Lachman. 2284½—Newbold v. Fish. 2288—West End Investment Company v. Rothschild. 358—Messmer v. Henry W Boettger Silk Finishing Company. 2277—Davis v. Edelstein. 2284—Bates v. Lee McLachlan Typewriter Co. 2666—Well v. Getzoff. 1626—Edgerton v. Dawson. 2701—Libbey v. Hyde Park Terrace Co. 2706—Dudley, Jr, v. Midland & Textile Ins Co, Ltd. 2092—Presburger v. Columbia Trust Bank, Ltd. 2702—Gellis v. Kaufman. 139—Alexander v. Cambridge File Mfg Co. 1081—Gottlieb v. Wallace Wall Paper Co. 2221—Schlacht v. Kulka. 1025—Skaw v. Brown. 1595—Guile, Jr, v. United States Worsted Co. 2641—Lowenstein-Weiller Co v. Gosnold Silk Mills. 2106—Am Locomotive Co v. Gabriel Bros Co. Case on.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Cohalan, S. Wills for probate: William J Wells, Peter Diehl, Christina Keewin, Margaret Gilligan, Michael H. Cassey, Carrie Mohrad, Abraham Ulman, Mary R. Warner, Louis F. George, Samuel Lyttell, John H. Evans.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Fowler, S. Contested will: 3012—John C. Martin.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Schmuck, J. 2719—Stackell v. Pizer. 3177—Katz v. Blum. 2145—Schmidt v. Rodenbach. 3188—Schoenberg v. Henry W Solfleisch Co. 1252—Autolite Mfg Co v. Van Bultzinslower. 2420—Henry v. Linch. 2407—Kreitman v. Rassabona. 7504½—Goldman v. Farmers Feed Co. 2866—McNulty v. Kuser. 3133-3134—Schaffler v. Knick Ice Co. 2487—Kaplan v. Linch. 1063—Met Printing Co v. Belasco. 2046—Edeni v. Torrassa. 1460—Balish v. Schott. 2951—Harris v. Alexander. 3141—Papkin v. Berman. 3053—O'Connor v. Loeb. 2481—Lenox Mfg Co v. Roh. 2870—Finkelstein v. Goldstein. 2788—Natl Fire Ins Co v. Frey. 2769½—Peoples v. Lemporapulas. 2592½—Schrank v. Cent Park, &c, R R. 3194—Curd v. Casey. 3198—McDermott v. Int R T Co. 2920—Goldberg v. Bulgatsky. 3207—Donogh v. N Y Rwys. 3213—Finkel v. Columbia Bank. 3215—Dorfman v. Johnson. 3216—Ostransky v. Kennedy. 3217—Elsman v. Meisel. 3220—Fruchtrandler v. Althouse. 3223—Howd v. West End Realty Service Co. 3226—Fisher v. Gottlieb. 3227—Burke v. Am Tobacco Co. 3233—Klein v. Barnett. 3237—Thompson v. Casserley. 3238—Kennedy v. Int R T Co. 3240—Hayes v. N Y Rwys. 3241—Coary v. same. 3246—Rock Island Butter Co v. Freeman. 3247—Viltor v. Gladstone. 3249—Zentkousky v. Koch Hair Co. 3250—Goletz v. Singer. Case on.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Smith, J. Case on. Part IV.—O'Dwyer, C. J. Case on. Part V.—Lynch, J. Case on. Part VII.—La Fetra, J. Clear. Part VIII.—Delehanty, J. Clear.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—McAvoy, J. 5843—Martindale v. B. F. Cummins Co. 5890—Kerby v. Birnberg. 5894—Patterson v. Bowes. 1554—Bauer v. Fuchs. 5918—Meinken v. H. Pomeroy Co. 5903—West v. Jarmulowsky. 5854—Unger v. Ringling. 5914—Lord & Taylor v. Reilly. 5888—Beechem, Jr, v. Chamberlain. 5878—Brown v. Monaton R and I Co. 5915—Universal Discount Co v. Corn Exch Bank. 5922—Malone v. Becker. 5846—Weinstock v. Isaacson. 5905—Ulsher Realty Co v. Hawkes. 5816—Oberle v. Meier & Allhof Co. 5907—McDermott v. Walsh. 5919—Peggs v. Hardesty. 5912—Siegrist v. Key. 5802—Shaffer v. Taylor, Jr. 5867—Greenbaum v. Famous Co. 5900—Weschler v. McCarthy. 5902—Reunich v. Hermani. 5859—Feldman v. I O A I. 5923—Fina v. Jodice. 5700—Steinstein v. Goldstein. 5925—Whaler v. Mech Rubber Tire Co. 5926—Mortimer v. Estates Mtge and Sec Co. 5927—Treadwell v. Baker. 5929—Shapiro v. Wilmore Realty Co. 5933—Jacoby v. Mobel. 5935—Little G & S Co v. Meyer. 5936—Feldman v. Blank. 5937—Shechievich v. Roos. 5939—Vandewegh v. Schwartz. 5941—Wechsler v. Bauman. 5952—Rosenberg v. Progress T Co. 5957—Pancer v. Castivas. 5960—Marx v. Kartfinkle. 5945—Bernstein v. Kaufman Dept Stores. 5950—Kleenhaus v. Progressive Tailoring Co. 5959—Standard Scale, &c, Co, Co v. Outwater. 5887—Mechanic & Radiath. 5947—Lawrence v. Sugarman. 5951—Wiederman v. Wendover Bronx Co. 5953—Cobe v. Cobe. 5956—Rosenthal v. Turner. 3958—Fantel v. Skaperdas. 5964—Buckley v. Collyer. Case on.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Gerard, J. Storm v. Siegel—Joseph P. Bourke, Singer v. Dougherty—Samuel Stark. Farrell v. Liggan—Warren Leslie.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J. Maloney v. Johnson—Ellsworth J. Healy. Matter of De Voe (Sedgwick Av)—Phoenix Ingraham. Matter of Greenfield—Algernon S. Norton. Fidelity Trust Co v. Reiss—Edward L. Dowling. Kohlman v. Karrenberg—Joseph D. Fackenthal. Kahn v. Blumberg—Lester Lazarus. McGuire v. Lewis—Edward L. Parris. Taller v. O'Gorman—Lawrence J. Sullivan.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Gerard, J. Helborn v. Evelyn H. White—Thomas D. McCarthy. Albert Van Wyck v. George Sosenheimer—Thomas D. McCarthy. Paul Armitage v. Wade Greene—Thomas D. McCarthy.

SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J. Constantin Pourakes v. Nicholas Samoras—Louis Rose.

Kings County.

APPELLATE DIVISION—SUPREME COURT—Second Judicial Department. Assignment: Justice Morschauser to hold King's County Trial Term, Part VI., of the Supreme Court, Commencing June 9, in place of Justice Kapper.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Kelby, J. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part V.—Kapper, J. 14078—People v. William Mayer. 15137—People v. Yetta Green, Esther Bogel. 19636—Isaac Wasserman. 14509—Ralph S. Ryerson. 14226—Jacob Meyers. 14237—Paul Van Rapp. 14068—Olof Nilsson & Son.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Second Judicial Department—Jenks, P. J.; Burr, Thomas, Carr, Putnam, JJ. Enumerated motions calendar. 190—R. Q. Co & Sub R R v. Steers. 351—Lewis v. N Y C & H R R R. 360—Siebrecht v. Siebrecht. 391—MacDougall v. Heffelfinger. 387—Sundberg v. Yonkers Realty. 312—Brockhausser v. N Y C & H R R R. 356—Delabarre v. Seeg. 291—Manhattan Bridge v. B H R R. 367—Matter of Lindenberger. 378—Cannon v. Fargo. 240—Jacobs v. Jacobs. 248—People v. Shears. 344—People v. Cuccia. 345—People v. Firth. 346—People v. Laydon. 347—People v. Romano & Exposito. 349—People v. De Falco. 350—People v. Munger. 243—Malloy v. Briarcliff Manor. 355—Whalen v. City of N Y. 360—Richie v. Greenwood Cemetery. 361—Same v. same. 362—Same v. same. 363—Same v. same. 364—Same v. same. 365—Same v. same. 366—Same v. same. 367—Same v. same. 368—Same v. same. 369—Same v. same. 370—Same v. same. 371—Same v. same. 372—Same v. same. 373—Same v. same. 374—Same v. same. 375—Same v. same. 376—Same v. same. 377—Same v. same. 378—Same v. same. 379—Same v. same. 380—Same v. same. 381—Same v. same. 382—Same v. same. 383—Same v. same. 384—Same v. same. 385—Same v. same. 386—Same v. same. 387—Same v. same. 388—Same v. same. 389—Same v. same. 390—Same v. same. 391—Same v. same. 392—Same v. same. 393—Same v. same. 394—Same v. same. 395—Same v. same. 396—Same v. same. 397—Same v. same. 398—Same v. same. 399—Same v. same. 400—Same v. same. 401—Same v. same. 402—Same v. same. 403—Same v. same. 404—Same v. same. 405—Same v. same. 406—Same v. same. 407—Same v. same. 408—Same v. same. 409—Same v. same. 410—Same v. same. 411—Same v. same. 412—Same v. same. 413—Same v. same. 414—Same v. same. 415—Same 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June 2, demand, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Bernstein & Q., Mount Vernon, N. Y.....$2,500
RYER AV, w s, 144 ft s of 183d St, 56.6x73.4; Louis Eickwort to Christine A. Sanger, 402 West 153d St, Feb. 1, 1 year, 6 p. c.....$5,400
RYER AV, e s, 59.7 ft s of 180th St, 25.1x—; August Knippenberg to Bronx Savings Bank, 429 Tremont Av, June 3, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, William B. Aitken, 165 Broadway $5,000
RYER AV, e s, 34.5 ft s of 180th St, 25.1x—; August Knippenberg to Bronx Savings Bank, 429 Tremont Av, June 3, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, William B. Aitken, 165 Broadway $5,000
WEBSTER AV, s e corner of 176th St, 52.7x106.10; Advance Fireproof Storage Co. to Joseph S. Ward and another, 1,820 Harrison Av, June 2, prior mtg $12,500, due as per bond; attorney, E. D. Dowling, 280 Broadway $800
WEBSTER AV, n e corner of 175th St, 99.1x31.1x99.2x31.1; Herman J. Wurth and another to Dollar Savings Bank, 2,808 3d Av, June 2, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway. $10,000
WOODYCREST AV, w s, 296.7 ft s of 168th St, 75x50.11x76.5x74.10; Anna A. Ditchett to Rosalie C. Bodine, 101 West 109th St, June 2, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway. $1,500
148TH ST, 440 East, s s, 25x irregular; John Herrmann to German Savings Bank, 151 4th Av, June 2, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway. $12,000
176TH ST, s s, 32.7 ft e of Webster Av, — x 107, Advance Fireproof Storage Co. to James S. Ward and another, 1,820 Harrison Av, prior mtg $12,500, June 2, due as per bond; attorney, E. D. Dowling, 280 Broadway.$525
178TH ST, 712 East, s s, 25x122.11x25x123.1; Sophie Rietmann to Frieda Wacker, 96 West 169th St, prior mtg $4,500, May 29, 3 years; attorney, Charles A. Furthman, 3d Av and 148th St.....$500

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

AVENUE A, 105th and 104th Sts and Harlem River, all; Mary A. Ketcham and others to Mary J. Wright and others, Rockville Centre, L. I., 10 years, from May 1, 1913; attorney, F. M. Tichenor, 38 Park Row. $11,000
AVENUE B, 133, stoop floor and first floor; Nathan Buchholtz to Simon D. Ehrlich, 133 Avenue B, 2 years, from Aug. 1, 1913....$840
EUCKMAN ST, 102, store; John V. Fitzpatrick to David Adelman, 960 Tinton Av, 5 years, from Aug. 1, 1913; attorney, E. Chambers, 119 Nassau St.....$840
FRONT ST, 92, all; Pauline K. Schreiberseu to Samuel S. Beard & Co., 92 Front St, 5 years, from May 1, 1913.....$2,750
JEROME AV, 1,000, corner store; Lillian E. Herrmann to Louis H. Hercovits, 440 East 152d St, 5 years, from June 1, 1913; attorney, A. Grossman, 165 Broadway.....$1,500
2D AV, 23 to 27, all; William Rosenberg to Elias Mayer and another, 537 Willoughby Av, Brooklyn, 10 years, from Aug. 15, 1913; attorney, Morris B. Bohrar, 2 Avenue D. $6,500
2D AV, 1,834, south store floor; Jacob C. Louis to Julius Ulrich, 1,834 2d Av, 5½ years, from Nov. 1, 1913; attorney, Peter Klein, 253 East 72d St.....$420
5TH AV, 2,155, store; Jacob L. Isaac to Jacob Gelman, 2,155 5th Av, 1 year, from Feb. 1, 1913.....$360
6TH AV, 98, basement store; Leon Migdalsky to Samuel Farasche and another, 78 East 113th St, 4 11-12 years, from June 1, 1913; attorney, J. J. Mayer, 117 West 10th St.$480
11TH AV, 774, store, &c.; Frederick W. Saltzsieder to Valentine Laforge, 34 Garden St, Brooklyn, 4 years, from Jan. 1, 1913; attorney, S. Liebmann's Sons B. Co., 36 Forrest St, Brooklyn.....$1,200
109TH ST, 334 East, east store and basement; Thomas Belvedere to Michele Chestaro, 332 East 109th St, 3 years, from May 1, 1913; attorneys, Bernstein & Q., Mount Vernon, N. Y.....$216

MECHANICS' LIENS.

PLYMOUTH AV, n s, 50 ft w of Zulette Av, 21x36; Harry Benline against Albert Kneeller, owner and contractor.....$36
6TH AV, n w corner of 25th St, 19.9x50; Raphael J. Welkenstein against Pauline and Josephine Kuhlke, owner and contractor; Alfred Kuhlke, contractor.....$75
57TH ST, 218 East; Paul S. Bolger against Theodore Keeen, owner and contractor; Caroline S. Stetler, contractor $175
98TH ST bulkhead on North River, 60x100; Calumet Iron Works against Curtis-Blaisdell Co. and Burns Brothers, lessees; Maine Electric Co., contractor $3,994

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

115TH ST, 70 and 72 East; H. Greenberg's Sons against Sarah Schlemovitz and others, Feb. 27, 1913 .....$125
121ST ST, 414 West; William C. Lahey against Ralph A. Martin Co. and others, July 5, 1912, (by bond).....$145
130TH ST, 617 West; William S. Finberg against Louis Strauss and others, Feb. 5, 1913 .....$300

LIS PENDENS.

BROOME ST, s e corner of Lewis St, 150x125.10; Pelham Operating Co. against Wagner Realty Co. and others, (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorneys, Phillips & Avery.
DUANE ST, 194; Jessie E. Safford against Adeline M. S. Balfe and others, (partition;) attorneys, Hastings & Gleason.
LYMAN PLACE, n e corner of Stebbins Av, 85.8x111.1; Paul Armitage against Wade Greene and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, A. Douglas.
MADISON AV, 1,181; Leopold Mayer against Miriam King and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Myers & Schwerzenski.
TAYLOR ST, w s, 450 ft s of Columbus Av, 33.4x95, two actions; Elizabeth K. Dooling against Angela K. Fitzgerald and others, (foreclosure of two mortgages;) attorneys, Knox & Dooling.
TAYLOR ST, w s, 483.4 ft s of Columbus Av, 16.8x95; Marie V. V. Huntington against Angela K. Fitzgerald and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Knox & Dooling.
24TH ST, n s, 200.6 ft e of 6th Av, 62x98.9; William H. Birkmire against Resdorf Co. and others, (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorney, C. Milliken.
57TH ST, 244 WEST; Christian Moller against Rudolph A. Rodel and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. T. Fenlon.
64TH ST, 35 and 37 West; Max M. Warburg against Paul B. Pugh & Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Stroock & Stroock.
81ST ST, 7 West; Washington Trust Co. of the City of New York against Maud B. Barclay and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. M. Powell.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Bryan L. Kennelly, Auct'r,
will sell at auction
Wednesday, June 11,
at 12 o'clock noon, at the Exchange Salesroom, 14-16 Vesey Street,
to close the
Estate of William Denyse, Dec'd,
13 Frankfort St.,
Near Park Row.
The 4 story and basement brick business building front and 4 story brick business building rear. Size of lot 28.8x104.8x32.8x103.2.
COOMBS & WILSON, Attorneys,
200 Broadway, Brooklyn.
Maps and full particulars from attorneys or Auctioneer's Offices, 156 Broadway.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

See the Easy Housekeeping Homes We Have Just Completed at Jamaica

Built on pure Colonial lines, these houses are three blocks from Jamaica's new R. R. station.

These houses contain modern laundry, kitchen, butler's pantry, dining room, living room, 5 bedrooms and bath; have steam heat, open hearths, 17-foot front lawns and 35-foot back yard, 20-foot driveway in rear for automobiles, tradesmen, etc. Streets, sidewalks, water, gas and electricity, all in and paid for.

See representative at house on Colonial Ave., between Fulton St. and Hillside Drive, or the undersigned.

To obtain possession, only a small deposit required, and monthly payments on a total price of $6,750 is necessary.

Title free and guaranteed by the Title Guarantee & Trust Company. Booklet sent on request.

Realty Associates
162 Remsen Street, Brooklyn.
Builders of Easy Housekeeping Homes.

Business Men, Attention!

Beautiful home overlooking L. I. Sound; every modern improvement; highly restricted neighborhood; 8 minutes' walk to station and beautiful sandy bathing beach; only 23 minutes from Herald Square; must have $500 cash at once; balance easy terms. Address Shore Front, 297 Times Downtown.

JAMAICA AND VICINITY
Real Estate.
For sale, rent and exchange.
H. B. PEARSALL, JR.,
276 Fulton St., Jamaica, N. Y.

Bulletin, June 4 h

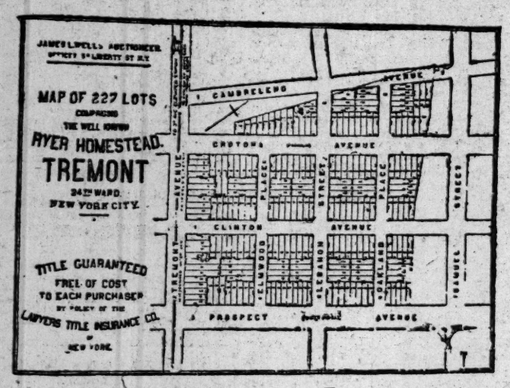
Morris Park Race Track Auction Sale

Authorized by State of New York Banking Department

Yesterday up to 9 p. m.

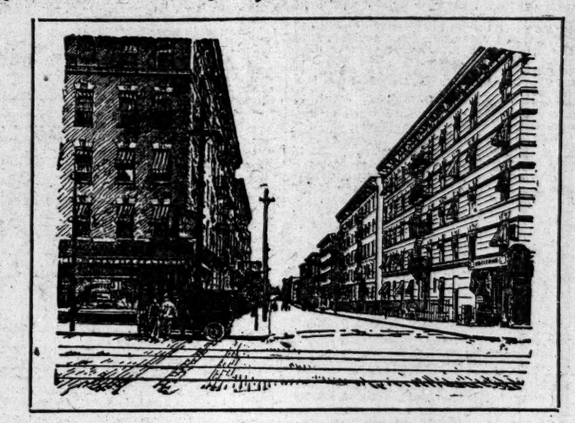
954 Lots Were Sold at an Average of $1,126 per Lot

The Prices Ranged From $700 to $1,500 per Lot



Ryer Homestead Property

At the above sale, the lots sold for $700 to $1,500 each—Same as Yesterday at Morris Park



Ryer Homestead Neighborhood Today
Value of Lots $5,000 to $15,000 each

$500 invested at the Ryer Homestead Sale after paying all charges, produced $4,375 in 13 years, or at the rate of 59 6/10% per annum

At the present range of prices, $500 invested in the lots now being sold at Morris Park must show much better results as the subway is coming within 2 years

To Home Seekers:

This is a fine opportunity for you to buy a lot and build your own home. In a few years the increase in the value of your lot will pay for your house. The streets have been ceded to the city and the assessment paid for the trunk sewer.

The remainder of assessments will be light owing to the streets being practically on grade, and can be paid **in ten annual installments.** In two years you will have a five-cent fare to any part of Greater New York.

The increase in values should be as large as it was in the lower Bronx when the Subway started running there, which was about 300% in four months.

Your children will have the benefit of the magnificent Parks and Parkways and plenty of space to play in. Many of the streets are fully improved with sidewalks, water, gas, etc.

Go Today! Every Buyer Is Making Money!

11:00 A. M. Sale Commences. | 7:30 P. M. Eve'g Session Begins.
6:30 P. M. Recess for Dinner. | 10:00 P. M. Sale Ends for the Day.

Today's Offering Will Include Lots on

Morris Park Ave., the Esplanade, Paulding Ave., Williamsbridge Road and other streets and avenues in the following blocks:

No. 7, No. 17, No. 28, No. 37, No. 41, No. 44, No. 59, No. 66

In All Sections of the Park

70 per cent. can remain on mortgage. **Titles insured free by Lawyers' Title Ins. & Trust Co.**

Savings Bank Books Will Be Taken as Deposit on the Purchase of Lots

To Get to Morris Park Race Track Take:

The Subway (West Farms Trains) to 177th Street or 180th Street station. At 177th Street take Morris Park trolley car direct to the property. At 180th Street go to 180th Street station of the New York, Westchester and Boston Railroad, and thence to the property.

The Second or Third Avenue Elevated Railroad to 129th Street, thence by New York, Westchester and Boston Railroad or Morris Park Trolley car to the property. Or via New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad.

All Crosstown Bronx Cars connect with all Elevated and Subway lines either at 129th, 135th or 145th Street and transfer to Morris Park car.

Send for maps and particulars to

J. Clarence Davies, 149th St. and 3d Ave., New York City **Joseph P. Day, 31 Nassau St., New York City**
Agents and Auctioneers

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

LOTS FOR BUILDERS

near "L" station, in a fine neighborhood, for small apartments; prices and terms attractive.

Apply to
SLAWSON & HOBBS
162 WEST 72D ST.

Wm. A. White & Sons
62 Cedar Street
Management—Sales—Rentals
REAL ESTATE

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42D STREET BUILDING,
S. W. Cor. Madison Avenue, N. Y.
TEL. MURRAY HILL—1116.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

West Side.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.
218 West 78th St.
Four story and basement brownstone dwelling; attractive interior arrangement; exceptionally convenient to Subway and street cars; price $22,000; mortgage to suit; caretaker on premises. PEASE & ELLIMAN.
165 West 72d St. Tel., 8300—Col.

East Side.

SOUTHEAST CORNER
93D ST. & 1ST AVE.
5-story triple flats, all improvements, with stores.
Price $30,000 FREE AND CLEAR.
JOSEPH T. MULLIGAN, 135 BROADWAY

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

COME OUT TO HARTSDALE ANY SUNDAY.

No agents to bother you. Our literature, maps and prices may be procured at the Greenacres Tea House on the property. Good trains leaving Grand Central Station 11:35 A. M., 12:45, 1:40 and 2:30 P. M., returning 2:14, 3:09, 4:06 and 5:03 P. M.

Literature on request in advance.

SCARSDALE ESTATES,
Room 2625 Grand Central Terminal, N. Y. City, and White Plains, N. Y.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

Health and Happiness Await You at Beautiful
Philipse Manor
ON-THE-HUDSON
A fine community with every advantage that heart may wish.
Close to the City. One Mile Frontage on the Tappan Zee—the widest part of the Hudson.
Solid Improvements — SEWERS, etc. All facilities for out-door recreation at their best.

Opportunity for the Home Seeker.
In order to double the population of Philipse Manor this year, great concessions from old prices and terms on houses and building plots are now being made.

Proposition "B" will give you the particulars. Let us mail it to you. Our 'Phone number is Murray Hill 5682.

Bramwell Davis, Sales Manager,
331 Madison Avenue, New York.

NEW STUCCO HOUSE
New Rochelle. Fine restricted section; 9 rooms, 2 baths, hot-water heat, gas, electricity, hardwood floors; large plot.
Price $8750—easy terms.
O'CONNOR & McCANN
221 Huguenot St. Tel. 594—New Rochelle, N. Y.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

RESIDENTIALLY RESTRICTED
Shore Fronts
Private Docks, Excellent Anchorage, Exclusive Bathing Beach.
Southfield Point
One mile water frontage, Stamford, Conn.
50 minutes to New York City. A most desirable location. Beautiful trees, parked roadways, and other improvements.
Plots and houses for sale to approved purchasers.
BADGLEY, JONES & GOOD
505 Fifth Ave., at 42d St., New York.
Telephone 710—Murray Hill.

I MUST SELL
12-room hollow tile residence; 4 minutes' walk to Hartsdale Station, 20 miles from Grand Central Terminal; hollow tile garage for 2 cars; grounds beautifully planted; house has 3 baths, steam heat, fine hardwood finish. Might possibly rent to good tenant if interested in buying. For photographs and details address Room 2629, Grand Central Terminal, N. Y. City.

ABSOLUTE DISSOLUTION SALE

Wednesday, June 18,
at 12 o'clock noon, at the Exchange Salesroom, 14-16 Vesey St.
By Order of Brady Realty Co.

191 CHOICE LOTS AT AUCTION

On Baychester Av., the "34th St." of the Bronx Boston Road, the "Broadway" of the Bronx. East 222d St. and adjoining streets.

Finest Property IN THE East Bronx

Right at the Baychester Av. Station of New York, Westchester & Boston R. R.
Which Will Be Connected with Present Subway at 180th St.
ASSESSMENTS PAID for the opening of Baychester Av. and 222d Street and the widening of Boston Road.

70% May Remain on Mortgage at 5%

WESSELMAN & KRAUS, Attorneys, 55 Liberty St. **TERMS LIBERAL** CARL & CRAWFORD, Attorneys, 99 Nassau St.
BOOK MAPS AND FURTHER PARTICULARS FROM ATTORNEYS OR AT
BRYAN L. KENNELLY, Real Estate Auctioneer,
156 Broadway (Telephone Cortlandt 1547), New York.

Increase Your Income

by selling real estate in your leisure time. You can earn large commissions without interfering with your regular business. No experience necessary. If you have friends and acquaintances among people of means who are looking for an especially beautiful suburban residence property, artistically developed and carefully restricted, we have it. It is one of the show places on the north shore of Long Island, within 26 minutes of Herald Square. It has only to be seen to attract and charm. You can sell this property if you will show it. We will help you in every possible way. Write for details. Address LEISURE, Box P 13 Times.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE
Beautiful Seashore Cottage

This is an opportunity to secure one of the most picturesque, well-built cottages in this section.

Four bedrooms, living room, kitchen and 2 bathrooms.

Price $7,650—Terms to Suit.

Neponsit, L. I., is situated right on the ocean at the most highly restricted part of Rockaway Peninsula. 40 minutes from New York—100 trains a day.

Write to-day for photograph and floor plans. Address,

Neponsit Realty Company,
No. 1 West 34th St., Room 301.
Brooklyn Office, 162 Remsen St.

Apartments, Houses and Bungalows
In the ROCKAWAYS
Furnished rooms and apartments for light housekeeping, 3-4-room Apartments.
2-3-5-room Bungalows.
Furnished if desired.
7-11-room Houses.
Located in restricted section at Elderthurst Park, convenient to ocean and bay. For further particulars call at property office, at Hammels Station on L. I. R. R., or address
Eldert Ranck Construction Co.,
577 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Opp. L. I. R. R. Depot. 'Phone 6850 Main.

Home Bargains at Hollis Court
Six new houses of guaranteed highest quality at greatly reduced prices ranging from 7 rooms and bath at $6,500, to 10 rooms, 2 baths, on large corner plot, at $11,000. Special designs, parquet floors, large living rooms with open fireplaces, gas, electricity, and all improvements. Best value in any high grade restricted American neighborhood. Easy terms to suit responsible parties. Thirty minutes from Manhattan on Main Line L. I. R. R.; Tennis Courts; Churches; Stores; Schools; three minutes to station. Standard Home Construction Co., 1 West 34th St. Tel. Greeley 6546.

House Sacrifice
For sale or rent; beautiful new suburban house; all modern improvements; 26 minutes from Broadway; excellent surroundings; fine finish; easy terms; any reasonable offer accepted. Must be sold. Owner, Room 403, 384 Fifth Avenue. Phone 8425 Madison Square.

GARDEN CITY
Houses to rent, furnished and unfurnished, $50 to $300. For sale, $8,000 up. Terms to suit.
Gage E. Tarbell, 320 Fifth Avenue.

COUNTRY PROPERTY Rent or Sale.
Long Island, Westchester, Connecticut, &c. Lists of everything worthy of note.
S. Osgood Pell & Co
Tel. Bryant 5610. 542 5th Av., cor. 45th St.

Cheapest Place on Long Island.
House of ten rooms, 1½ acres ground, large road front; house in fair condition; ¼ mile from Port Jefferson depot, ¾ mile from harbor, ¼ mile from school, churches and stores. Price $2,500.
J. F. Schipper, 25 West 42d St., New York. Telephone 1741 Bryant.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—Furnished.

AT SEABRIGHT, N. J.
Finely appointed Summer house at Seabright, New Jersey; directly on the ocean; completely furnished; in perfect repair and order; garage for two or more cars, with bodeskeeping accommodations for chauffeur's family; in house; kitchen, laundry, and servants' dining room, five master's rooms on second floor and three baths. On third floor, six rooms, two of them master's rooms. Rent $1,700. H. L. MOXLEY & CO., Agts., 320 Broadway.

AT MT. VERNON, N. Y.
To Rent, Furnished, on Chester Hill, Mt. Vernon, large house, all improvements, veranda, spacious grounds, shade and fruit trees; stable; rent $500 for season. References exchanged.
W. A. McLAUGHLIN, 304 5th Ave., N. Y.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

BRONXVILLE, LAWRENCE PARK, SCARSDALE, HARTSDALE, WHITE PLAINS and other desirable sections of **WESTCHESTER COUNTY** for sale or rent.
Hyde & Marvin 537 Fifth Ave., N. Y., and Bronxville.

SHORE FRONT ESTATE.
Rare opportunity to purchase 30-acre estate, 900 feet of white, sandy beach; entrancing water views; old homestead containing 12 rooms, all modern improvements; tenant house, stable, and garage; many fine, large trees; commuting distance; positively a bargain. Theodore S. Hall, 47 West 34th St.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Suburban Home in nearby Jersey Hills.
Wonderful value; built day's work; ideally located, large plot; fine shade; fruit; attractive plan; 8 rooms; tiled bathroom; dressing room having running water; maid's bath; oak floor throughout; hardwood trim; fireplace; cement floor porches; beamed ceiling; craftsman's windows; built-in china closet; quality heating, plumbing; superior finish; near Lackawanna express station; easy commuting; elevation 400 feet; quick sale, $6,200; terms; challenges comparison in price, quality; photo.
ALLABOUGH & SON, 150 Nassau St. New York.

Here is your **Opportunity.**
200-acre commuting farm and estate; between Bernardsville, Far Hills, Somerville; 2½ miles station; macadam; join high-class owners; two beautiful streams; one pushes out on property; can make lake and park; no finer nature endowed stock farm in State; 40 acres rich upland, permanent pastirage; old Colonial house, spacious rooms; large barns, capacity 40 cows; less than $100 per acre; will throw in free 6 horses and mules; valuable herd, thoroughbred and grade Guernsey and Holstein cattle; nearly new machinery, implements; reasonable terms.
ALLABOUGH & SON, 150 Nassau St. New York.

GREAT SACRIFICE—$10,000 Home $7,000.
ON LARGE LAKE; a big, roomy, year-round home of 10 rooms; built to endure; on beautiful plot 100x200; high in healthy mountains; established community, select country homes; charming views of mountains and lakes; cool and free from fog and mosquitoes; has every modern improvement and city convenience; hardwood trim, parquet floors, electric light, huge fireplaces, beamed ceilings; 3 minutes to station, less than hour to City Hall, N. Y. C.; superb commuting by Lackawanna R. R.; this house alone cannot be built for price entire property is offered at will sell on easy terms if desired. OWNER, P. O., Box 578.

Nutley, N. J. 2 new houses, one stucco, one frame, will be ready July 1. Tiled roofs, tiled bath and vestibules, parquet floors; tapestry, 17th century; open fireplace, artistic craftsman hardwood finish; modern open plumbing, steam heat, large porch and sleeping porch; fine neighborhood; 3 minutes from Erie station; big oak trees; large plot; 6 rooms and 7 rooms, attic; $6,500, $5,500; liberal terms. Other properties for sale. William Meyerholz, Real Estate and Builder, corner Centre St. and Union Av., Nutley, N. J.

Cranford—"Venice of Jersey."
Houses on 1-3-acre plots, $2,500 up, with sewer, heat; every improvement, near station; commutation 10½c; ready for occupancy and built to order; $100 cash, balance as rent; vacant lots $75 up; river front lots, with fine shade trees, $200; easy terms; houses for rent; vacant lots taken as part payment. Owner, Shaheen, Cranford, N. J.

GREAT LAKE BARGAIN.
20 feet deep; full of fish. Under 40 miles. Can commute. Rarely beautiful. Own all land around it. Large, good house, seven bedrooms, bathroom. On bargain counter. Make offer. Photos.
ALLABOUGH & SON, 150 Nassau St., New York.

Netherwood by the Mountains
Five new houses and a beautiful building lot for sale, near R. R. station. Call or address Owner, 1,206 Radcliffe Place, Netherwood, N. J.

MONMOUTH BEACH.
Rumson Road—Seabright.
Furnished houses for rent. Estates for sale.
D. B. KEELER, JR.
10 Wall St., New York.

REAL ESTATE—OUT OF CITY.

A SWISS CHALET
The House Economic
designed to fit your individual needs and condition, is the ideal solution for your Suburban Home. Ask for "Folder K."
THE SWISS CHALET SPECIALISTS, INC.,
Architects.
200 5th Ave., New York City.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

LIGHT LOFTS.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
WITH OR WITHOUT POWER.
VERY LOW RENTALS
GREAT SAVING—COMPARE
534-550 West 58th St.
MAYAL REALTY CO., (OWNERS.)
2 Rector St. Brokers Protected.

Desk Room, in Fine Suite of Engineering Offices.
Telephone and receiving room; everything first-class; modern building; best service; low rent. Suite 1,000, No. 2 Rector St.

STORES TO LET,
17-19 WEST 31ST STREET.
(Life Building), one store, 20x40; other over 5,000 square feet, including mezzanine floor; very desirable neighborhood; rents very low.

Real Estate

Manhattan—For Sale.

West Side.

To close an estate the following lots will be sold very cheap, $1,000 down, balance on mortgage at 4½%, 3 or 5 years; privilege of paying part off at any time; 207th St., 3 lots, each 25x100; Post Av., 3 lots, each 25x150; Sherman Av., 2 lots, each 25x150; corner Dyckman St. and Sherman Av., 4 lots, each 25x100; Seaman Av., 3 lots each 25x203. Frederick G. Potter, Trustee, 30 East 42d St.

Brooklyn—For Sale or to Let.

For sale, 14 lots, 115-140 feet deep; ripe for building, on line of Subway; will double in price in two years; small amount of cash required. Fred Kuhls, 23d St. and 3d Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Bronx—For Sale or to Let.

Near Bronx Park—Four-story apartment house; 4 families, floor; all improvements; electric light; renting easy; price $31,000; bank mortgage. Graf, 331 3d Av.

75x100 ON TIEBOUT AV., 24 ft. south of Ford St.; sell or exchange. Steinmetz, 1,005 East 180th St.

Queens—For Sale or to Let.

Corona.—Corner Sycamore Av. and Vine St., 91x100, two houses, one five, one seven rooms; near all cars, railroad, and elevated station; five-cent fare; good location; fine shade; must sacrifice; look this over; will divide; brokers protected. Owner, 107 Vine St.

Richmond Borough—For Sale or to Let.

Three-room furnished bungalows at Oakwood Beach, S. I., adjoining aeroplane field, with use of boats; commutation from Battery, $5.25. Address E. R. Fox, Oakwood, or 205 East 9th St., Manhattan. 'Phone Orchard 3767.

Westchester—For Sale or to Let.

Attractive homes and building plots for sale and houses and apartments for rent at Bronxville, 28 minutes from Grand Central. Gramatan Realty and Construction Co., Gramatan Bank Building, Bronxville, N. Y.

South Broadway, Yonkers—Desire to sell immediately 6 lots, near Lowerre Station; easy terms. J. Romaine Brown, 506 South Broadway, Yonkers.

Scarsdale.—Attractive house at reduced rental; eight rooms, bath; plot 50x160; excellent location. Angell, 507 5th Av.

Farms.—Westchester, Putnam, Dutchess, Columbia, Orange Counties. Bliss Realty, 5 East 42d.

New Jersey—For Sale or to Let.

ARE YOU GOING TO BE A RENTER AS LONG AS YOU LIVE?

Are you going to bring your children up in congested New York? No, we don't believe you would pay another month's rent if you knew our plan of selling. We want you to see the house we have nearly completed. It has 7 large rooms and bath, and is built on the most modern plan. Stands on plot, 40x110; all City improvements; 5 minutes' walk to 2 railroads; 3 minutes to trolley; commutation $4.85. A beautiful view, good neighborhood, fine surroundings; all one could ask for as a place for a home. We are going to sell this house for $4,800, and we will leave it to your judgment if it isn't more house for the money than you have ever seen. Compare this house with what others are asking $6,000 for.
CHAMPLIN & BEIRNE, 510 Times Building, 42d Street and Broadway. Telephone Bryant—4321.

Rutherford.—Beautiful Montrose Heights modern houses to rent, $25, $30, $40, $45; elegantly furnished houses for Summer, $50 a month; a few exceptional new houses completed, every improvement, $5,000 to $6,000; easy terms; the price and quality sell these quickly, so if you want the best for the least money, do not delay. Van Mater, Shafer Building, Rutherford, N. J.

Unusually attractive new house on most attractive street; 8 rooms; sun porch, sleeping porch, large side porch; 2 baths; old-fashioned fireplace; all improvements; splendid shade trees; lot 52x150; 6 minutes' walk to Lackawanna station; 30 minutes to N. Y.; $10,500. Call Hoover, owner, 18 Douglas Road, Glen Ridge, N. J.

Elegant 8-room house; plot 40x200; tile bath, parquet floors; combination range; panel dining room, beam ceiling, fireplace, mirror doors; hot water heat; restricted; 7 minutes from two railroads; $300 cash and monthly payments. Herman Niehaus, 112 Hobart St., Ridgefield Park, N. J.

Beautiful seven-room semi-bungalow, hardwood finish; all city improvements; on large plot, surrounded by trees; near station at Fanwood, N. J. Sold on easy monthly payments. Write us for particulars. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Bldg.

Large plot, suitable for little chicken and vegetable farm, size 100x400, for $10 cash first payment, balance monthly; fine location, near station and trolley, at Fanwood, New Jersey. Write or call for particulars. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Bldg.

To obtain tenant in 1 of my 3 new houses, willing to sell virtually at rental price, attractive 6-room house, ideally situated on shady hill in nearby suburb; 3 minutes from station, block from school. Builder, M 215 Times Downtown.

Gentleman's small farm for rent; five acres; southeast slope; beautiful views; charming modern house; eight rooms and bath; one mile from station; nineteen from Manhattan; stable and small chicken plant; no mosquitos; reasonable. A. Chapin, 15 Wall St.

ASTONISHING BARGAIN.—Charming bungalow with rustic porch, beautiful shade, $545; fascinating mountain scenery and river; good fishing, boating, bathing; commutation 13c, 35 minutes out. Lackawanna, 53 Times Downtown.

COMMUTER'S FARM HOME.
Hour out, D., L. & W., near station; new Colonial house, eight rooms; tiled bath; steam heat, electric light, phone; 2½ acres; 80 fruit trees. E. E. Slocum, 141 B'way.

Seven acres; new eight-room house overlooking Summit; 1½ miles to station; stores and churches near; will divide land; high ground; fine views. H. R. Maccaffil, Summit, N. J.

SACRIFICE FINE SHADED $1,500 PLOT, 50x135, sell $625; terms; select neighborhood. W. Orange; 300 ft. elev.; 38 min. to N. Y. Room 804, 41 Park Row, New York.

ASBURY PARK, ALLENHURST, DEAL.—Furnished cottages for rent and sale. W. C. Burroughs, Asbury Park, N. J.

Dwellings, farms, lakes for sale or rent. Edward J. Cahill, Boonton, N. J.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Will exchange a handsome four-story brownstone high stoop house, near Central Park, for near-by country place and cash. Potter & Brother, 30 East 42d St.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Will take flats, apartments, and tenements on lease; cash security and good references given. Principals, send details or call.
HUTTER-WEISS 118 NASSAU STREET, N.Y.
Telephone 3515 Beekman.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

NEW ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
234 W. 21st St.
HUNTINGTON.
All improvements; elevator service; Apartments 4-5 rooms; $540-$600.
Apply on premises, or CUSHMAN, 240 W. 23d St.

INVERNESS
200-210 WEST 57TH ST., COR. 7TH AV.
Handsome, extra large, light corner apartments of seven and eight rooms and bath, with all modern improvements; rents reasonable; immediate possession.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 B'way.

THE AYLSMERE,
60 West 76th St.
7 and 8 large, light rooms, bath, butler's pantry, 2 elevators night and day, passenger and service; steam dryers; convenient to all traction lines; $1,000-$1,300. Superintendent on premises.

WASHINGTON & JEFFERSON
318-328 West 51st Street.
Attractive apartments, six, seven, and eight large, light rooms and bath; elevator; all improvements. Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

West Side.
Above 110th St. and Washington Heights
New Elevator Apartments,
122d St. & St. Nicholas Av.
2, 3, 4 & 5 Rooms.
Large rooms; extraordinary closet space.
Kitchens and Kitchenettes.

BRONX.

KEMP-JONES APARTMENTS
960-972 Anderson Av. at 162d.
2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 rooms, $22-$40.
HIGH-CLASS; EVERY IMPROVEMENT.
Office, 949 Ogden Av., corner 162d.
Telephone 37 Melrose.

Hunt's Point Section.
3-ROOM FLAT, GARDEN, PORCH, HEAT, $25.
918 BRYANT AV., (163D ST.)

A Model

This advertisement, which appeared in The New York Times last Sunday, is a model advertisement — explicit and attractive:

SMALL private family, no children, Hastings-on-Hudson; perfect residence park; panoramic view of Hudson and Palisades; excellent commutation; 40 minutes from Grand Central Station; also large, beautiful house and grounds; every modern convenience; sleeping porches; tennis, golf, and boat clubs near by; very best table; use of fine large living room; references; $15 per week, board and room. Box N 71 Times.

Send your advertisement before 8 P. M. Saturday to insure insertion in Sunday edition. Telephone 1000 Bryant.

Real Estate

Long Island—For Sale or to Let.

FOR SALE NEAR HICKSVILLE.

To close estate, small farm, 244 feet front and 133 feet rear; price, $900; first payment, $20, and $10 per month; only 14 minutes' walk from station; 50 minutes from New York and Flatbush station; high and clear; first-class place for a home, farming, and chicken raising. Kennedy, 86 Times.

Bargain, elegant 12-room stucco residence and garage, within 40 minutes from Manhattan, Far Rockaway section; restricted neighborhood, 10 minutes from ocean. All modern improvements; can be purchased at a sacrifice price. X, Box M, 323 Times Downtown.

Will sell or rent, furnished or unfurnished, my new seven-room house; every improvement; newly decorated; 32 minutes out; close to station; excellent neighborhood; outside city limits. Address A 55 Times.

Woodmere, L. I.—Nine-room house, thoroughly modern; furnished, except linen, silver; two baths; garage accommodations; 6 minutes station; $950 for season. Telephone 8389 Madison Square.

FARMS AT BARGAIN PRICES.

Several first-class farms at very low prices; acreages from 5 acres up; worth investigating; easy terms. L. B. Gildersleeve, East Northport, L. I.

Bungalow at a bargain, 7 rooms; improvements; overlooks water. 2 bath houses; large plot, suitable for garden and fruit; easy terms. L. B. Gildersleeve, Northport.

Port Washington.—New year-round bungalow, stucco, tile roof; 8 rooms; bargain, $5,950; easy terms; plan, photo. Frind, 47 W. 34th St.

Long Beach.—Broadway, near Long Beach Boulevard, 100x100; facing ocean; easy terms. Edward Freedberg, 115 B'way, N. Y.

North Shore of L. I.—Country seats, farms, water fronts; several unusual bargains; sale or rent. Archibald Foss, 341 Madison Av.

New England—For Sale or to Let.

Farm of 185 acres near best bass lake in Connecticut; old Colonial house; fine views, shade, orchard; only $2,500. E. E. Slocum, 141 B'way.

Bargains, Connecticut farms; 300 acres; stock, tools, $5,500; many others. Hull, South Norwalk, Conn.

Real Estate Wanted.

Agency and management of apartments wanted by experienced, responsible party; economical management; vacancies filled; try us. William Bettman, 1,122 Madison Av. 'Phone 1941 Lenox.

Wanted — A gentleman's handsome country estate, free and clear, in exchange for a valuable piece of downtown real estate. Apply William St. Potter & Brother, 30 East 42d.

Wanted—Acre or half-acre plot of lake property; wild country; within 100 miles of New York. A. G. KLEIN, 421 West 118th.

To Let for Business Purposes.

DESIRABLE LIGHT OFFICE

in new building fronting Madison Square; exceptional elevator service; sublet for two years from May 1; substantial concessions given. Apply 122 East 25th St.

Parlor floor; active business district; private millinery, dressmaking; house exclusive, immaculate; occupancy July; references exchanged; Lexington Av., near 57th. Address F. F., 164 East 53d.

Corner 207th St. and 10th Av., Subway station; Union Railway Trolley line passes the property; will lease for a long term of years plot 50x100. Frederick G. Potter, Trustee, 30 East 42d St.

Five-story loft and store building to let, 30x115, 3,489 3d Av, near 166th St, Bronx; rent $2250 per month. Inquire agent C. Heidelberger, 1,239 Franklin Av., near 168th St., Bronx.

$15 Up Month, 109 Broad St.—Exceptionally light and cheerful OFFICES in modern fireproof building.

Country Houses to Let—Furnished.

MOUNT POCONO, PENN.

To rent furnished, desirable housekeeping cottage; suite, two rooms, with bath; private porch; private entrance with good table board; within two minutes walk; also large bungalow lots for sale. H. A. Chase, Mount Pocono, Penn.

AT SUMMIT.

Furnished house for rent, thirteen rooms, baths; all improvements; outside breakfast room, and sleeping porch, garage, acre and half attractive grounds; reasonable rental for the Summer season. H 132 Times.

For Rent.—A furnished six-room cottage for the month or season, overlooking the Hudson; all conveniences; five minutes' walk from station; stable. Address No. 42 Ferry St., Fishkill-on-Hudson.

Well-furnished house for July and August; Reasonable rent to right party. 248 Summit Av., Mount Vernon. Phone 612 R.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av.
NO. 2 AND 3 ROOMS.

Private bath, kitchenette; furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway; references; special rate on lease.

Must sublet at once; gem of an apartment; five large, light rooms, exquisitely and completely furnished; special price concession to desirable party; stone's throw from Subway station. 445 West 153d. 'Phone Audubon 1097.

VAN DYCK & SEVERN,
Broadway, at 72d St.

Six rooms and two baths; newly decorated and furnished; possession immediately. Apply to manager on premises. Telephone Columbus 8547.

To sublet, cool, charming, yet simply furnished apartment 4 rooms; bath, elevator; southern, northern, and eastern exposure; every room light; appreciated if seen. Inquire Superintendent, 84 West 12th St.

A seven-room furnished apartment to rent until Sept. 15 for less than rent; all exposure; maids' toilet; modern elevator house; night service. 823 West End Av., sixth floor west.

On Riverside Drive, a beautiful eight room apartment, completely furnished; rent $100 per month; a great bargain. Address Box 100, Hotel Chestnuts, Riverdale on Hudson.

The Robert Fulton, 230 Riverside Drive, corner 95th.—Four light, outside rooms, bath, and shower; nicely furnished; player-piano; all conveniences; cosy, homelike; moderate.

On West End Av.—A 7-room apartment, elegantly furnished; rent $100 per month; a bargain. Address Box 100, Hotel Chestnuts, Riverdale-on-Hudson.

THE SEVILLIA APARTMENT HOTEL.
117 West 58th St.; very desirable furnished apartments; 2 rooms and bath; also one of one-room and bath; for Summer months.

To sublet for the Summer, references required, two rooms and bath, furnished; full hotel service; $50; a rare opportunity. Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St.

Three large, cheerful rooms, kitchenette; elevator apartment; southern exposure; beautifully furnished; moderate rent. Apt. 8, 435 West 119th.

119th St., 419 West.—Sublet 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, furnished; apartment first class. Call for Mrs. Wilson, Telephone 7700 Morningside.

Attractive Broadway corner, (61st, Pasadena.)—Three rooms; shower bath; kitchenette; overlooking Park; exceptional. SHONESSY.

94th, 203 West, (Corner Broadway.)—A suite of cool rooms, handsomely furnished; Summer rates; bath, piano, electricity, elevator. Redden.

Cambria, 247 West 55th St., (Apartment 3 I.) —One room; three windows; bath, kitchenette; all improvements; June to October; $35, $40.

Special low Summer rates for 1, 2, and 3 rooms; handsomely furnished; with hotel service; excellent neighborhood. 15-19 East 11th St.

West Side.

95th, 319 West, (corner Riverside Drive.)—Well furnished, five rooms and bath; overlooking river; electricity; phone; elevator. Cloak.

112th, 511 West.—Unusually attractive six rooms; elevator; June, September; $48. Snider.

Charmingly furnished seven large, light, outside rooms; between Broadway-Riverside; $70. Myles Standish. Phone 2141 Morning.

For three or four months, nine-room apartment, on Riverside Drive; exceptionally pleasant. 7B, 151 Riverside Drive, cor. 85th.

Beautifully furnished 6-room apartment; living room 18x25; will rent up to Sept. 26; near West End Av. 294 West 92d St. Norris.

$80.—Six rooms, cool, accessible, attractive; Colonial mahogany furniture; June-October. Apartment 24, 622 West 114th St.

High class, two rooms, bath, kitchenette; artistically furnished; bargain, Summer. Riverside, 193. Apartment 61.

Manhattan Av., 540, (Corner 123d St.)—Three rooms, kitchenette, bath; elevator. Apartment 6M. Phone 5770 Morning.

Pleasant 5-room apartment; attractively furnished; Summer rates. Apartment 3, 418 West 118th St.

140 Wadsworth Av.—Three rooms, bath, handsomely furnished, to Sept. 15. Apply Apartment 36.

Broadway corner—Six rooms, two baths; $100 monthly until Oct. 225 West 80th. Superintendent.

Overlooking Riverside.—Six rooms, bath, delightful, airy; elevator; references. 336 W. 95th St.

Handsomely furnished 3 rooms and bath; housekeeping; fully equipped. 47 West 72d St.

Completely furnished 4 or 6 rooms; elevator, telephone; a great sacrifice. 5 W. 104th St.

Sublet to October, two rooms and bath. Hotel Marlton, 3 West 8th St., near 5th Av.

Artist's Studio.—Fine north light; bath; extra room; easels, &c. E., 65 West 55th.

84th, 115 West.—Five attractively furnished rooms until October, $30. Okell.

East Side.

For two or three months, seven rooms, with every convenience and beautiful furniture, in old-fashioned but comfortable apartment house at 78 East 55th St., rent, $90; references required and given. Apply Superintendent, between 10 and 12 or 4 and 7.

THE HAMPTON,
22 EAST 31ST.

Apartment of two, three, or four rooms, bath, furnished; attractive Summer rates.

Beautiful apartment of 5 rooms, 3 bathrooms, all very light, in Hotel Savoy Annex, 5 East 58th St.; $5,400 down. Inquire office of hotel, corner 5th Av. and 59th St.

14 East 60th St.—To sublet, one, two and three rooms, handsomely furnished, at special Summer rates.

56th St., 109 East.—Apartment, sublet, two rooms, bath; furnished; maid service; bargain.

Furnished, one large room and bath, 173 Madison Av.

Furnished Apartments Wanted.

Furnished apartment, two to four rooms and bath, in refined neighborhood, between 10th and 34th Sts. Address, stating price, &c. P 15 Times.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

West Side.

The Earl's Court and The Norfolk.—306-308 West 94th St.—Six and eight extra large, splendid rooms; 2 baths; elevator service day and night; every modern comfort; elegant, quiet location; near Riverside Drive and Subway express station; moderate rents.

36 CENTRAL PARK SOUTH

New 14-story, high-class, fireproof apartment houses; finest location on the Park; a few remaining attractive apartments; $1,200 up; concessions for immediate occupancy.

801 WEST END AV., COR. 99TH ST.

Beautiful apartment, six rooms two baths; lease given; liberal reduction Summer months; near Riverside Drive. Mrs. Royle.

Clinton Av., 2,149, (181st St.)—Latest scientific improvements; children's playgrounds; hot water, steam, gas, electricity, 3-4 rooms, $16-$20. Clinton Model Apartments.

Attractive 6-room apartment; large room, living room 18x25; immediate possession; exceptional opportunity. 294 West 92d, near West End Av. Norris.

East Side.

Apartments to Let, Unfurnished Only—Housekeeping, two small rooms and bath, opening on airshaft, $14; two rooms and bath, $20; large room and bath, opening front, $28; two large rooms and bath, opening front, $30; excellent meals served in handsome dining room if preferred; one-dollar dinners for 50c. The Hillhurst, 154-160 E. 91st St.

5th Av., N. E. corner 58th St., (Apartment on north side of building.)—9 rooms, 2 bathrooms and one servant's bathroom; rent $5,200.00; will be re-decorated. Inquire on premises.

Business Opportunities

A.—Where and how to best employ capital with safety. Our Universal Bureau offers ideal conditions for money seeking investment, for it is governed by a man of National reputation, associated with a Board of Directors of well-known, successful business men. No schemes, but only HIGH-CLASS propositions considered. Call; it will pay you to investigate this modern method of capital to investigate the modern method. NORTH EASTERN AGENCY CO., Candler Building, Times Square, 220 West 42d St., New York.

New line of cash business; wonderful success; no competition; overcrowded; must enlarge and establish branch; invites investment $5,000 to $25,000; partnership or will incorporate; safety combined with large profits; closest investigation solicited. Answer Petry, 61 Schermerhorn Road, Brooklyn, N. Y.

FOR LEGITIMATE MFG. BUSINESS.

Will invest $2,000 or $3,000, with services, if necessary, and will supply also 1 or 2 lofts. Attention paid to those who give full particulars only. T. J., 216 Times Downtown.

Crockery, housefurnishing goods, toys, &c.; established 40 years; reason for selling retiring from business; no reasonable offer refused. E. L. Bagnall, 380 Pacific Av., Jersey City, N. J.

Wanted to buy an established and profitable public stenographer-typewriting business. To receive consideration answers should give particulars as to income. Address W. F., X 105 Times.

Reputable, established firm, about to open branch office, seeks young man with capital to take charge and purchase interest; legitimate. N 155 Times.

Great opportunity awaits party who will finance for model and patents, "transmission"; will revolutionize automobile business. P 11 Times.

Mechanical engineer, holding several patents, desires partner who is already established, having repairing and machine shop. N 149 Times.

Want to interest capable party in amphitheatrical production, all constructed; running expenses very low. H 122 Times.

Exceptional opportunity; established business; capable young man; take financial interest. N 168 Times.

Responsible firm seeks additional capital; will employ investor. Write H 129 Times.

Financial backing wanted for selling agency; have office, accounts, experience. P 4 Times.

Business Notices.

Multigraph letters. Largest capacity in city; deliveries when promised and quality satisfactory to you guaranteed; filling names, addressing, mailing; samples submitted; representative calls. Telephone 1332 Cortlandt. William Gray, 93 Nassau St.

For Sale—Miscellaneous.

TYPEWRITERS FOR RENT.—Remington No. 6 or 7, Smith Premier No. 2 or 4; three months for $5; first-class condition; REMINGTON, SMITH PREMIER, and MONARCH VISIBLES, $4 per month; $15 for six months; prompt delivery.
REMINGTON TYPEWRITER COMPANY, (Incorporated,)
5060 Worth. 327 Broadway.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED
4 months for $5 and upward.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., Inc.,
345 Broadway, at Leonard St. | Tel. 5408
50 Nassau Street | Franklin.
256 Broadway, at 23d St.
10 Barclay St. Tel. 6353 Cortlandt.

RENT A VICTOR TYPEWRITER for that extra work; guaranteed new machine; standard; $100; visible model. Broadway, at 23d St.
VICTOR TYPEWRITER CO.

Slightly used office furniture, safes, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, filing cabinets, neostyles, partitions. Nathan's, 102 Worth, near Broadway.

Carlo Bergonzi violin, magnificent; museum specimen to be seen this week. Hermitage Hotel. Gilfillan.

Second-hand furniture exchange. 781 8th Av.; buy, sell, furniture, carpets. Bryant 1,288.

Storage.

American Storage Co.—Store your furniture, $3; moving, $8 van-load; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-608 West 48th. Telephone 2667—Bryant.

Pianos and Organs.

$55—Good mahogany upright piano; standard maker; stool. Anguera, 316 West 42d St.

Lost

LOST—Decoration Day, 5:30 P. M., Palisade Park, or Coytesville, beaded bag, containing three solitaire rings, diamond and opal ring, pearl sunburst pin, (heirloom,) diamond and pearl pendant, eyeglasses, two theatre tickets, one key; very liberal reward. A. W. Abel, Arlington, N. J.

LOST—During month of March, out of handbag, two small glass bottles with silver tops, monogram "L. S. D."; one leather tuff case, one small mirror; liberal reward. Dodd, Mead & Co., 4th Av. and 30th St.

LOST.—Going from Hotel Latham to Brooklyn, diamond and emerald horseshoe pin, attached to black taffeta bow; liberal reward and no questions asked if returned to manager's office, Hotel Latham.

LOST.—At Cafe Moquin or 6th Av. surface car, small leather purse, with diamond and sapphire pendant, wedding ring, $20 bill and change; liberal reward for return. R. Dore, 606 West 116th St.

LOST—On Sunday, June 1, on Amsterdam Av., between 120th and 121st Sts., or thereabouts, one bunch of white aigrettes; reward. Return to M. Dunn, 202 West 105th St.

LOST—June 1, one diamond bar pin, 8 stones, platinum top, gold back, stamped inside "E1736" and "J. E. C. & Co."; liberal reward. Notify Monroe Paris & Co., 462 5th Av.

LOST—Reward for return of bunch of keys, between Sands Point, L. I., and West 67th St., New York City; tag No. 9096. Autographic Register Co., Hoboken, N. J.

LOST.—Monday, Jerome Av. car, gold enameled Atlantic Yacht Club emblem, engraved reverse side. $5, if returned J. N. J., 257 West St., Manhattan.

$150 REWARD

FOR LADY'S SMALL GOLD WATCH SET WITH EMERALDS AND DIAMOND; LOST MAY 26TH IN VICINITY CLARK ST. AND BELLEVILLE AV., NEWARK, OR IN CAR TO P. R. R. STATION.
TIFFANY & CO.,
5TH AV. AND 37TH ST., NEW YORK.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, Ave. A and 24th St., or to the receiving station at 37 East 135th St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Automobile Exchange

A SACRIFICE SALE.
USED AUTOMOBILES.
Largest salesroom in the United States.
EASY TERMS ARRANGED.
DEAL WITH THE OWNER DIRECT.
We sell on 5 per cent. commission. Whether buying or selling, consult us first.
Every car guaranteed. Demonstrations given.

RUNABOUTS	$100 to $1,000
TOURING CARS, 5 and 7 pas.	$250 to $1,500
COMMERCIAL CARS	$150 to $1,000
BODIES $25 UP TO $650.	

CALL OR WRITE. TEL. BRYANT 1873.
GREEN'S, 48TH ST. AND BROADWAY.

Peerless, 1912, six-cylinder touring; Stutz 1913, six-cylinder roadster; National touring, 1912, like new; Herreshoff roadster, 1912, new; Packard, 1912, limousine and touring. POERTNER, MOTOR CAR CO., 1,822 B'way.

MERCEDES Limousine, 45 h. p.; Price $800.
ST. REGIS GARAGE, 58th St. and Park Av.

Chalmers 1912 7-passenger automobile, $700. A widow will sacrifice on account of death of her husband; can be seen at Munnich Garage, 133d St., Alexander Av. See chauffeur in garage. Melrose 1558.

Automobiles for Sale.—Two Dayton trucks, two ton and five ton capacity; in service less than year; both in first-class order. The Fleischmann Co., 701 Washington St.

Chance of a Lifetime.—Must sell quickly my $2,200 5-passenger touring car very cheap; excellent condition. Mrs. Goldsmith, 144 Brown Place, Bronx. 3930 Melrose.

For Sale—Palmer-Singer 6-60 1911 model; seen up to 9:30 A. M. or by appointment. R. T. Donovan, 136 Ocean Parkway, Brooklyn. Telephone Flatbush 4610.

BARGAIN; 1912-35 H. P. Fiat Touring Car; perfect condition; overhauled and painted. Fiat Motor Sales Company, Broadway and 57th Street.

Town Car, Fiat 1912—20 H. P. Limousine; guaranteed by manufactures. Can be seen at Fiat Motor Sales Company, Broadway and 57th Street.

Fiat 1912—35 H. P. Runabout, fully equipped; let overhauled; in condition. Fiat Motor Sales Company, Broadway and 57th Street.

Mercer raceabout; perfect order; electric light; full equipment; reasonable. Homan, 239 West 56th St. Phone 8987 Columbus.

Apperson seven-passenger touring car; 60 horse power; bargain. Call 109 Remsen St., Long Island City. Tel. 406 Astoria.

Mercer, five-passenger, 1912; perfect condition. Bargain. Fiat Motor Sales Company, Broadway and 57th Street.

Stearns 30-60; 1910; perfect condition; seven-passenger. Fiat Motor Sales Company, Broadway and 57th Street.

Cadillac Landaulet, 1911—Fully equipped; excellent condition; reasonable. Owner, 336 West 72d St.

Reo Fifth, 1912; centre control; equipped like new; bargain. Reo Co., 19 West 62d.

Premier six-cylinder; ran less than 1,000; equipped; bargain. Reo Co., 19 West 62d.

Reo roadster; torpedo body; centre control; 1912; equipped; bargain. Reo, 19 W. 62d.

Maxwell touring car; fully equipped; five-passenger; $350. Owen Co., 19 West 62d.

Ford roadster, 1912; fully equipped; bargain. Reo Co., 19 West 62d.

Reo limousine; equipped; like new; exceptional bargain; $650. Owen Co., 19 W. 62d.

Automobiles for Rent.

PACKARD 1910 FOR RENT.

Touring car, 7 passengers; elegantly equipped with Westinghouse air springs; fore and rear; recently overhauled completely; with chauffeur from June to October at very reasonable cost. H. Kenyon, 1,547 Broadway.

UP-TO-DATE SERVICE ONLY.

New Packard, seven-passenger cars, for rent; $4 per hour. Why pay more? Tel. 8486 Bryant. Hess, 1,531 Broadway.

For Hire.—Elegant seven-passenger landaulet and touring cars by the hour, day, or month; very reasonable. Christy. Telephone 9780 Columbus.

For Hire.—Seven-passenger 1911 Mercedes touring car, hour, day, or week; rates reasonable. Frank Azar, 149 West 49th. Tel. 6470 Columbus.

Packard touring cars for hire; best service and most reasonable prices in the city. Fred Smith, 102 West 46th. Phone Bryan 5424.

For hire, Chalmers 5-passenger touring car, $375 monthly, including entire up-keep of car; owner drives. Norwood, 1078W, Flatbush.

Beautiful private Packard automobile for rent by hour, day, week, month; owner drives himself. Hoffman, 105 West 89th St. Riverside 8688.

For hire, 1913 Packard touring cars, $3.50 and $4 per hour; prompt service. Drubin Renting Co. Morningside 2088.

PIERCE-ARROW touring car, by hour, day, week, or month. S. F. STAIVER, 731 7th Av. Telephone 5192 Bryant.

For Hire, 1913 Packard touring cars; $3.50 and $4 per hour; prompt service. Drubin Renting Co. Morningside 2088.

Want to rent 1911 Packard to responsible people for a term of months; rent reasonable. Phone 9029-J Morningside.

For Rent.—Five seven-passenger Packard touring cars, hour, day, month. Phone Riverside 1603.

For hire, elegant Packard touring, monthly; owner drives. Verlangieri, 532 West 122d. 7070 Morningside.

Brand new 7-passenger Premier touring; expert driver; reasonable rates; private. Tel. 3843 Audubon.

For Hire—Packard 7-passenger; day, week, month; newly painted, Arthur. Phone 8320 Bryant.

1913 Apperson touring; beautiful car; reasonable rates; private. Tel. 3843 Audubon.

Motorcycles and Bicycles.

Pope motor cycles, New York Distributors. Also agent for Indian and Excelsior. Amos Shirley, 935 8th Av., near 55th St.

Boats, Engines & Accessories.

For Hire—48-ft. cabin launch; hour, day, week, or month; ideal for picnic party from 20 to 30 people; reasonable rates. Jobson Float, 108th St. and Hudson River. Telephone 2355 Riverside.

Horses and Carriages.

AT STABLES, 508 EAST 72D ST.

A truckman must dispose of plant, consisting of 21 young horses, among them matched teams; also two good driving horses; $35 upward; carriages, express wagons, trucks; single and double harness; trial allowed. Call 508 East 72d.

Lady wishes to care safe horse; all Summer; 20 acres grass, shade, springs; best care; exchange for use. Write Lidgerwood, Prince George Hotel.

Public Notices

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—Take notice that I will not be responsible for debts contracted in my name by any one.
June 4, 1913. CARSON MINTZ.

Purchase and Exchange.

I pay the highest cash prices for furniture, bric-a-brac, paintings, rugs, pianos. Myers, 115 University Place. 2296 Stuyvesant.

Country Board.

Westchester County.

PRIVATE FAMILY can accommodate couple, gentlemen; choice location; ten minutes' walk from station; four minutes from Sound. 108 Liberty Av., New Rochelle. Telephone 544W.

Long Island.

Rockaway Park, (46 Second Av.)—Desirable cool rooms; $125 until October; balconies overlooking ocean; excellent board; reasonable.

New York State.

IN THE COUNTRY—
IN NEW YORK CITY.

It's an ideal spot, 300 feet above the Hudson; eight-acre park; attractive, rambling hotel, accommodating 50 guests; modern conveniences; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; accessible by train or Subway; 30 to 45 minutes. Address for booklet, THE CHESTNUTS, Riverdale-on-Hudson, (in New York City.) Tel. Kingsbridge 135.

FOR CHILDREN.

Will accommodate twelve children at my Summer school in country along Hudson; one-half-hour ride from Grand Central; country vacation in city; rates moderate. Phone or write Mrs. Friedrich, Riverdale-on-Hudson, New York City. Phone 867 Kingsbridge.

New Jersey.

YOU WILL GO ONLY 35 MINUTES FROM BROADWAY ! ! !

$18 PER WEEK AND UP FOR TWO PEOPLE INCLUDES ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ELECTRIC-LIGHTED ROOM, WITH PRIVATE TILED BATHROOM AND SUPERB HOTEL MEALS AT THE ELMWOOD, 4 SOUTH WALNUT ST., EAST ORANGE, N. J. Billiard room, palm room, smoking room, vacuum cleaned; electric candles on dining room tables give a fairyland effect; five minutes from Lackawanna Station.

Take McAdoo tube, from Broadway and Cortlandt St., or Broadway and 33d St.

THE HILLSIDE—"House in the Woods," Caldwell, New Jersey, high altitude, near Erie Station, fifty minutes New York. Ideal place; modest rates. M. Jacobus.

South Orange, N. J., 117 Scotland Road; private family; beautiful house and location; near Lackawanna; one or two rooms; bath and good table; reference.

For men or business women, comfortable home, excellent table, near train and trolley. 27 South Walnut St., East Orange, N. J.

Country Board Wanted

DESIRABLE COUPLE, select family, easy commuting distance from New York. M 321 Times Downtown.

MOTHER and young lady, daughter, desire board with private family; Long Beach preferred. P 114 Times.

JAPANESE gentleman desires board, select private family; New Rochelle preferred. N 151 Times.

Boarders Wanted

East Side.

5TH AV., 47.—Unusual accommodations; rooms, with bath; table board; references.

11TH ST., 15-19 EAST.—Hotel service; splendidly furnished rooms, with or without, private bath, $5-$10 per week; with meals, $12-$17 per week.

11TH, 29 EAST, (near 5th Av.)—Desirable rooms; excellent table; references; telephone.

28TH ST., 109 EAST.—Large, cool rooms, suitable one, two gentlemen; reasonable; telephone; Subway.

53D ST., 37 EAST.—Room, with board; table board; references.

Attractive room, suitable two, adjoining 5th Av.; splendid table. 26 East 11th.

LEXINGTON AV., 104, (between 27th and 28.)—First-class board; Swedish home cooking; luncheon, 35 cents; dinner, 40 cents.

MADISON AV., 71.—Large and small rooms with or without board; telephone; references.

MADISON AV., 108, (Near 30th St.)—Room and board; unexcelled table; location convenient to all cars; Summer rates.

MADISON AV., 1,037, (79th St.)—Handsomely furnished room; table unexcelled; exclusive neighborhood; references desired.

West Side.

7TH AV., 2,053, (122d.)—Opportunity secure airy rooms, best board, moderate; references.

11TH, 122 WEST.—Rooms with balconies, lawns; excellent location; superior board; telephone.

16TH, 20-22-33 WEST.—Large and small rooms; unexcelled board; telephone.

44TH, 238-260 WEST, (Alliance Hotel.)—Quiet place for quiet people, home comforts, in the heart of New York City; single and double rooms; also suites with private baths; steam heat, elevator, telephone service; rooms and board optional; references required. Phone 6068 Bryant.

53D, 57 WEST.—Attractive, large, small rooms; excellent table; Summer rates; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Single and double rooms; first class.

56TH, 332 WEST.—Desirable rooms; excellent board; home cooking; table guests; references.

57TH, 411 WEST, (La Grange.—Summer rates; double, $10; single, $7; excellent table.

57th ST., 351 WEST.—Newly decorated large, small rooms; private bath; reference; telephone.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—First-class rooms; excellent table; all conveniences; prices moderate.

68TH, 56 WEST.—Beautifully furnished room; private bath; electricity; Southern cooking; attentive service; also smaller room; bath adjoining.

68TH, 72 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; all conveniences; Subway; ample table; Summer rates.

70TH ST., 300 WEST.—Rooms, suite, separate; every convenience; board; best location; select.

73D ST., 112 WEST.—Desirable rooms; table board; near Subway and "L" express; references.

73D, 154 WEST.—Large and small rooms with board. References.

73D, 155 WEST.—Double, single rooms; every convenience; excellent table; Summer rates.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—18th year. Large, small rooms; excellent table; references.

79TH, 114 AND 132 WEST.
Norece Hall and The Bonheur, residential hotels; attractive, homelike, unusual; Southern cookery; white maid service; telephone in all rooms; out-of-town guests accommodated. Write for booklet.

80TH ST., 108 WEST.—Business party or couple; large room; private bath; second floor; residence; spacious single room; refinement.

80TH ST., 124 WEST.—Desirable large room; electricity; telephone; generous table; home environment; reference.

82D, 52 WEST.—Comfortable, airy rooms; private bath; excellent table. 'Phone Schuyler 8897.

88D, 11 WEST.—Cool, airy rooms; near Central Park; special Summer rates.

85TH, 125 WEST.—Large rooms; private bath; parlor dining room; all conveniences.

93D, 157 WEST.—Large room; running water; plenty closets; reference; Summer prices.

94TH, 16 WEST.—Large and small rooms; with board. Telephone 7442 Riverside.

103D ST., (West End Av., 879.)—Bright single room; splendid cuisine; table guests.

105TH ST., 309 WEST.—Beautifully equipped new dwelling overlooking Hudson, Riverside; extra large connecting room, private bath, electricity, parquet floor; absolutely superior to boarding house life; terms moderate.

110TH ST., 141 WEST.—Exceptional accommodations for gentleman, couple, or two friends desiring refined, comfortable home; reasonable; handsome apartment.

118TH ST., 625 WEST.—Large, cool, front rooms, with board. Telephone Morningside 8136.

113TH ST., 625 WEST.—Large, cool front rooms, with board. Telephone Morningside 8136.

118TH ST., 544 WEST.—Large and small rooms; table guests; home cooking.

115TH, 606 WEST.—Newly furnished, cheerful rooms; Southern cooking; one block Subway express; comforts, conveniences. Apartment 4 West.

118TH ST., 421 WEST.—Private Parisian family offers room, board refined business gentleman; $10; references.

140TH ST., 455 WEST.—Desirable Summer location; large rooms; electricity; adjoining bath; references.

144TH ST., 530 WEST.—Large room, running water; telephone; private family. Apartment 1.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE WEST, 106, (Apartments 74, 75, and 76.)—James's Court, overlooking Morningside Park; small and medium-sized rooms; excellent chef and service; separate tables; moderate Summer rates. Telephone 8318 Morningside.

THE EVELYN LODGE.

Ocean traffic passing windows; 20 minutes Manhattan; charming residence; elegant sunny rooms, suites; every luxurious convenience; superb dining room; excellent chef and service; separate tables; rates moderate. 71 Central Av., Tompkinsville, S. I.

Boarders Wanted

West Side.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 855.—The Woodbury country house, two blocks north 157th St. Subway; large grounds; chickens, vegetables. Audubon 4412.

WEST END AV., 916.—Large, sunny, newly decorated rooms; bath adjoining; excellent table; private residence. Telephone 5262 Riverside.

WAVERLY PLACE, 101. (Overlooking Washington Square.)—Fresh fruits, vegetables; large, cool, airy house; transients.

WEST END AV., 113TH ST.—Small single room; splendid cuisine; Summer rates.

Brooklyn.

CONVENIENT Borough Hall, Subway; rooms; 76 Pierrepont St.; bath; excellent table. Main 1159W. Mrs. Henry.

Bureaus.

KEEP YOUR HOUSE
FULL THIS SUMMER.

Call and furnish us details of your accommodations without delay.
INTERNATIONAL RESIDENTIAL BUREAU
501 5TH AV. 5775 MURRAY HILL.

Furnished Rooms

East Side.

30TH ST., 119 EAST.—Large, newly furnished room; modern conveniences; private house. McGrath.

31ST ST., 44 EAST.—Large, airy rooms; private bath; electricity; reception rooms; valet service.

34TH, 56 EAST.—Large, handsomely, furnished, clean room with bath; one flight; reasonable.

45TH, 18 EAST.—Sunny square room; running water; single room; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

45TH ST., 25 EAST.—Rooms, with or without bath; reasonable; gentlemen.

49TH, 19 EAST.—Newly furnished double, single; private baths, kitchenette; $3, $10.

55TH ST., 33 EAST.—Private house; large, airy rooms; all conveniences; telephone; references.

57TH, 23-25 EAST.—Elegantly furnished, large, comfortable rooms; private bath; telephone; electricity; $35, $40, $45, $50 monthly.

IN PRIVATE HOUSE, suite of two rooms and bath for gentleman, near 5th Av. and 55th St. Phone Plaza 6533.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Large, small rooms; private bath; board optional. Gramercy 1878.

MADISON AV., 527.—Large room, electricity, telephone, with or without private bath.

West Side.

9TH, 17 WEST.—Private residence; charming suite for bachelors; modern conveniences; telephone; references.

9TH ST., 37 WEST.—Attractive large room; private bath; quiet, refined surroundings; moderate; also single.

9TH, 41 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large, medium; private baths; modern conveniences; telephone.

12TH ST., 111 WEST.—Large, airy room; hot, cold water; private residence; telephone.

12TH ST., 146 WEST.—Two single rooms; private house.

23D ST., 439 WEST.—Large, cool room with bath; references.

46TH ST., 28 WEST.—Large and small rooms, with or without bath; conveniences.

47TH ST., 41 WEST.—Large, elegantly furnished room; select house; telephone.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Rooms, large, small, private baths; references, 4589 Bryant.

48TH ST., 43 WEST.—Parlor floor, three large rooms, private bath; electricity; steam heated; straight lease; physicians or bachelors.

48TH ST., 43 WEST.—Suites and single rooms, private baths; residential block.

49TH ST., 235 WEST.—Comfortable single rooms, double with running water; $2 up.

53D ST., 62 WEST.—Large room, with private bath; also medium and small rooms.

57TH ST., 328 WEST.—Cool, attractive rooms; modern improvements; convenient Subway, elevated; references.

60TH ST., 22 WEST, (the New York.)—Single rooms, $4 per week and up; double rooms, $5 per week and up; room and bath, $8 per week and up; phone, electric light, running hot and cold water in every room; restaurant; Subway and "L" one block. Phone 9851 Col.

69TH, 74 WEST.—NEWLY FURNISHED rooms; running water; refined neighborhood; reasonable. McEWAN.

69TH, 65 WEST.—Large front room; private bath; another, bathroom floor.

72D ST., 302 WEST.—Nicely furnished large front room containing piano; bath adjoining; smaller room; scrupulously clean; ideal Summer location.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Rooms, suitable one or two; private baths; Summer rates; references.

76TH ST., 57 WEST.—Single room; conveniences; attractive neighborhood. Phone 8124 Schuyler.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room; refined Teighborhood; breakfast; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 244 WEST.—Attractive rooms; single or en suite; private house; references.

76TH ST., 100 WEST.—Luxuriously furnished large and small rooms; elevator apartment; $3-$5 weekly. Hilton.

77TH, 102 WEST.—Large, airy, front room; bathroom; also smaller room; private family.

78TH, 142 WEST.—Attractive northern and southern exposed rooms; Summer rate; every convenience.

79TH ST., 148 WEST.—Double and single rooms, light, clean, and well furnished; hot and cold running water; bath on each floor; reasonable; convenient to Subway and elevated.

79TH, 213 WEST.—Two delightful, cool, connecting rooms; private bath; singly, en suite; small room; references; Subway; Summer rates.

79TH ST., 225 West.—Parlor floor, double or single; private bath optional; small room.

80TH ST., 110 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large, small rooms; private bath; Summer rates.

81ST, 135 WEST.—Large, small rooms; northern, southern exposure; "L"; telephone; references.

82D ST., 55 WEST.—Medium, single rooms; adjoining baths; private family; board optional.

84TH, 20 WEST.—Large, cool, outside room; apartment; refined family; reference. Ochs.

85TH, 128 WEST.—Attractively furnished large front room; also room with bath.

85TH ST., 140 WEST.—Elegantly furnished rooms; suitable two; small rooms; private; telephone.

86TH, 306 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large, airy rooms; located in most exclusive section, near Riverside

DANGLES BY AN ARM SEVEN STORIES UP

Painter on Falling Scaffold Grabs the Broken Rope While Comrade Falls.

IS LASSOED FROM ABOVE

Both Were Painting the Alpha Delta Phi Club Wall—Lambs Club Extension Saves One from Death.

For fifteen minutes yesterday, while a crowd of fully 1,500 persons in the street below gaped up at him, momentarily expecting to see him fall, Leo Kraft, a painter, of 417 East Sixty-fifth Street, hung by a raveling strand of rope seven stories above the street, swaying in the wind against the east wall of the Alpha Delta Phi Clubhouse, at 136 West Forty-fourth Street, while his fellow-workman was lying in a heap and breathing his last four stories below.

Kraft and his foreman, Gus Trolin of 983 Summit Avenue, the Bronx, had been painting that wall, when, without any warning, the thick rope that held up the heavy painter's scaffold at Trolin's end snapped. Trolin shot down, head foremost, toward the street, but landed on his shoulders near the very edge of the roof of the Lambs' addition, a three-story building, between the Lambs Club and the Alpha Delta Phi Clubhouse. His paint bucket and Kraft's came down as he lay there, and a moment later the heavy scaffold itself crashed down, rebounded from the edge of the cornice, and fell across his body, rendering him unconscious.

Kraft was near the middle of the scaffold when the rope at Trolin's side of it parted, and the heavy ladder sagged at that end. He managed to rush up an incline on the sagging scaffold toward the other end, but had not quite reached that when, snapped by the falling weight, the rope there too parted and the ladder lurched from under him, to fall upon his more unfortunate fellow workman on the roof below.

Somehow Kraft contrived by a great leap to catch with one hand at the swiftly receding rope end and to cling to it.

Then, as the ladder shot downward, he pulled himself with mighty and painful labors slowly upward, dangling there against the wall of the clubhouse, and succeeded, with a final wrench, in thrusting one arm through an iron brace that had held the treacherous loop of rope on which the scaffold had rested.

Warned by the cries of the quickly gathered crowd in the street outside that something was amiss, several members of the Alpha Delta Phi Club had thrust their heads out of windows and followed the gaze of the crowd. Two of the club members climbed through fourth floor windows of the clubhouse to the roof of the Lambs' addition building, and there found Trolin, beneath the fallen scaffold, and covered with the spilled paint. Ignorant of the fact that another besides Trolin had figured in the accident, and that Kraft was still dangling perilously at the end of his rope above them, the two men lifted Trolin across the roof and into the window of the clubhouse, and then took him downstairs, where a call was sent in for an ambulance.

Only then, apprised by the cries of the crowd outside, did the club members discover that Kraft, too, had figured in the accident. He was still hanging with his arm thrust through the iron brace, swaying slowly to and fro within a few inches of the clubhouse wall, level with the seventh floor of the building. It seemed that he might be forced at any moment to relinquish his hold and be hurled to the street below.

Fellow workmen who had been painting elsewhere in the building went up to the roof, about twenty feet above where Kraft hung, and lowered another rope with a running noose. In this they caught him and held him fast, and then only did they dare to pull up the broken painters' rope to which he clung. Just as they rescued him firemen appeared in a buggy from Headquarters, where a call had been sent for ladders.

Trolin was removed in an ambulance to the Flower Hospital, where he died. Kraft had dislocated his shoulder and was badly bruised. He was taken home in a taxicab.

ROSE WINS IN LOS ANGELES.

Candidate, Largely Backed by the Socialists, Is Elected Mayor.

LOS ANGELES, June 3.—Incomplete returns from 365 precincts indicate that to-day's municipal election resulted in a victory for Harry H. Rose, Independent candidate for the Mayoralty over John W. Shenk, the "Municipal Conference" nominee, by about 5,000 majority. These precincts gave Rose 29,862; Shenk, 25,551.

Rose was heavily supported by Socialists.

COAL TAX BILL IS PASSED.

Pennsylvania Will Take Two and a Half Per Cent. at Mines.

HARRISBURG, Penn., June 3.—The State Senate passed finally to-day the House bill taxing anthracite coal 2½ per cent. on the value of each ton at the mines, or approximately 5 cents a ton. It is estimated that if the bill becomes a law the revenue derived will be about $5,000,000, of which half will go to the nine anthracite counties in which the tax is levied and the other half will go into the general fund of the State.

KILLS HER SON-IN-LAW.

Woman Shoots After He Breaks Two Doors to Reach Her.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW LONDON, June 3.—Thomas Coatchelly, a candy and ice cream merchant, who until recently had a store in Bank Street, was shot dead by his mother-in-law, Mrs. Lillian M. Perkins, at 5 o'clock this afternoon. The tragedy occurred on a farm owned by Mrs. Perkins in Gales Ferry, a mile north of the Yale crews' training quarters. The victim was 33 years old. He married Mrs. Perkins's daughter, Ida, three years ago.

Mrs. Perkins formed a dislike for her son-in-law soon after the marriage, and a few months ago a legal battle between them over $500 Coatchelly had advanced for furniture led to hostilities. The son-in-law went to San Antonio, leaving his wife and her mother on the farm. He returned from Texas recently, and, meeting his wife in New London to-day, informed her that he was going to visit the farm and see his baby, which was born in December when he was in the Southwest. Coatchelly's wife warned him that her mother would shoot him. He placed his hand on his hip pocket and replied: "Two can play at that game."

Admittance to the farmhouse was denied to the man. Mrs. Perkins shook her fist at him behind a window. He broke down the outer and inner doors and was met inside the house with a double-barreled shotgun in the hands of his mother-in-law, who pulled the triggers. Coatchelly fell across the hall, his heart riddled with buckshot.

Mrs. Perkins immediately telephoned to the Sheriff in Norwich that she had killed her son-in-law, and Patrolman Brown was sent for her. She was released on a five-thousand-dollar bond.

SUIT OVER TRAIN'S SUCTION.

Damages of $100,000 Asked from P. R. R. for Lewis C. Green's Death.

Based on the contention that Lewis C. Green, a banker oqf Norwalk, Conn., lost his life by the suction resulting from a swiftly moving train, Lucius M. Green, an executor of the estate of the banker, brought suit yesterday against the Pennsylvania Railroad Company before Judge Adams in the Supreme Court Circuit in Newark for $100,000.

Green was killed on the platform of the Elizabeth station of the railroad June 1, 1911. He had attended a wedding party in Elizabeth and was waiting for the arrival of his train for New York on his way home.

George W. Glaze of the New York bar, who is conducting the case of the plaintiff, declared in his opening address that evidence would be introduced to prove that as the Federal express, one of the fastest trains on the road, passed the station at a rate of at least sixty miles an hour, the decedent was caught in the suction swirl and thrown heavily to the platform floor.

Reading Elects Directors.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 3.—The Reading Company elected these Directors today: George F. Baer, Henry A. du Pont, Henry P. McKean, Samuel Dickson, Edward T. Stotesbury, Henry C. Frick, George F. Baker, Peter A. B. Widener, and Daniel Willard. After the election the stockholders adjourned to meet again on Oct. 13 for the purpose of hearing the annual report for the fiscal year ending June 30.

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As usual, we have the unusual.

Not but that you may find Pencil Stripe Suits otherwhere—

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Single breasted or double; patch pockets or regular:—

Profusion just when the big demand of popularity meets poverty of supply,—and consequent higher prices,—in most Shops.

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2 x2 yd. $2.75, 3.00, 3.50, 4.00, 4.50 and up.
2 x2½ yd. 3.00, 3.50, 4.00, 4.50, 5.00, 5.50 and up.
2 x3 yd. 4.00, 4.25, 4.50, 5.00, 5.50, 6.00 and up.
2¼x2¼ yd. 4.50, 5.00, 5.50, 6.00, 7.00 and up.
2½x2½ yd. 5.00, 5.50, 6.00, 6.50, 7.00, 8.00 and up.

Napkins (dozen)

Breakfast size, $2.25, 2.50, 2.75, 3.00, 3.25, 3.50 up.
Dinner Size, $3.25, 3.50, 3.75, 4.25, 4.50, 5.00, 6.00 up.

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PRESS HERE

It's a Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pen

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Madison Square Garden. Sat. Ev., June 7, 8:30. PATERSON STRIKE PAGEANT. Performed by 1,000 Strikers Themselves. Seats Now on Sale at Box Office, Mad. Sq. Garden. Prices $1.50-$1-50c-25c Boxes $10-$20

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NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

EMPIRE B'way, 40 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:30. LAST 4 NIGHTS—LAST 2 MATS. MISS BILLIE BURKE in the Amazing "THE AMAZONS" LAST NIGHT NEXT SATURDAY

KNICKERBOCKER, Broadway & 38th St. Evs. 8 sharp. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2. JULIA SANDERSON in THE SUNSHINE GIRL. JOSEPH CAWTHORN

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:15. Last Mat. To-day&Sat. 2:15. 25th Week—Last 4 Nights—Last 2 Mats. Robert Hilliard in "THE ARGYLE CASE"

HUDSON W. 44th St., nr. B'way. Ev. 8:20. Matinees To-day & Sat. 2:20. THE POOR LITTLE RICH GIRL

FULTON 46th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees To-day & Sat. 2:30. LAST WEEK THIS SEASON. Richard Bennett & CO-WORKERS present Damaged Goods

THE MASTER MIND Popular Mat. To-m'w 2:30. HARRIS, W. 42d St. Evenings at 8:20.

LIBERTY West 42d St. Evs. 8:10 sharp. Popular Price Mats. To-day 2:10. "The Biggest Musical Success of the Season." THE PURPLE ROAD

GLOBE, B'way, 46 St. Evs. 8:20. Mat. Sat. only. FRITZI SCHEFF in her great Success, MLLE. MODISTE

WINTER GARDEN Evenings at 8. Mat. To-m'w, 50c-$1.50. 2ND EDITION HONEYMOON EXPRESS Grace La Rue—AL JOLSON—Ina Claire

44th ST. Roof Garden Just W. of B'way. Seats on Sale. OPENS TO-MORROW EVENING. LEW FIELDS in "ALL ABOARD"

CASINO B'way and 39th St. Evgs. 8:15. $1.50 Matinee To-day 2:15. Gilbert-Sullivan Company in IOLANTHE. Special "Iolanthe" Matinee To-morrow BENEFIT PUBLIC LIBRARY FUND

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Thea., 39th, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. Mat. To-day, $1.50. ROMANCE

PRINCESS 39th, bet. B'way & 6th Ave. Evs. 8:45. Mats. To-day&Sat. 2:45. 4 ONE-ACT PLAYS THAT MADE THE GRAND GUIGNOL IN PARIS FAMOUS.

LYRIC Afts. 2:30 Evs. 8:30 Twice Daily, 25c, 50c. CAPT. SCOTT'S ADVENTURES AT SOUTH POLE

MANHATTAN Op'a Hse. Ev. 8:15. STOCK CO. Mats. To-day, Thurs., Fri., Sat. 10, 20, 30c. THE GIRL OF THE GOLDEN WEST.

F. F. PROCTOR'S N. Y. THEATRES 5th AVE. B'way 28th St. Mat. 25c. Ev. 25c., 50. 23D ST., nr. 6th Av. 58TH ST., nr. 3d Av. 125TH ST., nr. Lex. Av. MARIE McFARLAND & MADAME Francis McGinn & Co., Sam & Kitty Morton and 8 other Big Features. A unique blending of classy vaudeville, kinemacolor and black and white photo plays. Continuous from 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Modest prices. Bills Changed Mon. & Thurs.

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BELASCO W. 44th St. Mat. Thurs. & Sat. 2:20 TIME TO-NIGHT AT 8:30. LAST 4 NIGHTS—LAST 2 MATINEES. Years of Discretion

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